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Clue said found in Tokyo attack

TOKYO (R) — Japanese police have found a secret underground bunker and chemical fingerprints that could link a doomsday cult with last Monday's attack on the Tokyo subway system using a with last Monday's attack on the Tokyo subway system using a poison gas able to kill millions. The Japanese news agency Kyodo, quoting police sources, reported on Saturday that the bunker was discovered beneath a building in the Aum Shinni Kyo (Supreme Truth Sect) complex in the village of Kamiku Issiki at the foot of Mount Fuji, 100 kilometres west of Tokyo. Kyodo said the chemical evidence was obtained from samples found at the complex. They matched samples taken from the subway and another unresolved incident last July involving the lethal gas sarin. A total of 10 people were killed and thousands were injured in Monday's attack on five rush-boar subray trains. No suspects Monday's attack on five rush-hour subway trains. No suspects have yet been detained in the case. Police plan another search at the sect's complex on Sunday using power shovels and excavators to drill holes through concrete to search the secret bunker. The underground facilities could be a prison for keeping sect followers who wished to leave the group, or a secret warehouse, Kyodo said.

An independent Arab political daily published by the ordan Press Foundation جوردان تايمز يومية سياسية تصدر بالإنجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية ،الراي،

JD 15m EIB loan to help water sector

AMMAN (J.T.) — The European Investment Bank (EIB) has agreed to extend a loan worth JD 18 million European currency units (JD 15 million) to Jordan to finance seven water and sewerage networks projects. The loan is the largest extended by the bank to Jordan to finance projects carried out by the Water Authority of Jordan (WAJ). WAJ Secretary General Qusai Quishat said the loan will be used to set up waste-water treatment plants at Al Fuheis and Mahes and to replace Mafraq city's water network, and other sewerage networks in Amman, Zarqa and Irbid. The EJB, the monetary arm of the European Union, granted Jordan 12 million ECUs, \$14.6 million in September 1994 to help improve its water sector. The grant was part of an overall donation of \$36.6 million aimed at cementing Jordan's economic reform programme. The EU is linked to Jurdan by a four-year protocol under which it will provide the Kingdom with 126 million ECU's (\$150 million).

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PNA, israel differ on time

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) — The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and Israel, mired in a dispute over implementing their peace deal, have set different dates for summer time. The Palestinian National Authority (PNA) announced after its weekly meeting in Jericho on Seturday that is would put clocks forward an hour on April 7 and back again on Sept. 15. The Israeli interior ministry said snmmer daylight-saving time will begin in Israel at midnight on March 30 and end on Aug.

At least 1 dead in Hizboliah attack

MARJAYOUN (AFP) -The Iranian-backed Hizbollah claimed an explosion in Sonth Lebanon Saturday which it said killed four pro-Israeli militiamen, but which the militia said left one civilian dead. The Islamic Resistance, Hizhollah's armed wing, said it detonated an explosive device near Beit-Lif in Israel's self-declared "security zone" as a convoy of South Lehanon Army (SLA) militiamen passed. The blast killed four including an SLA intelligence services officer, Ali Khalil, and wounded three others, the group said in a statement. An SLA spokesman confirmed the attack but said it targeted civilians with no links to Israel's proxy militia. A 20year-old man, Hilmi Mustapha, was killed and two other people wnunded, the spokesman said.

Iran warns U.S.

TEHRAN (AFP) — Iran bas warned U.S. leaders against taking any military action in the Gulf and said their presence in the region was "aggressive," according to press reports Saturday. American leaders must be in no doubt that they will be held responsible for the consequences of any action in the said Mohammadregion." Javad Laridjani, a leading member of the National Security Council. Iran's highest decision-making authority. "The American presence in the region is illegal and aggressive whatever the reason behind it," said Mr. Laridjani, qnoted by the press. "The Persian Gulf is our garden and maintaining its security is extremely vital for Iran." U.S. Defence Secretary William Perry repeatedly stressed the "danger" posed by Iran to Gulf Arab states during a tour of the region which ended

U.S. navy plane ditches in Arabian Sea

MANAMA (AP) — A U.S. Navy plane plunged Saturday in shark-infested waters off Oman, hut all 11 pesonnel on board were swiftly rescued by an Omani air force helicop-ter. U.S. navy spokesman T. McCreary said the plane, a P-3C Orion, was eight kilometres off the Omani coast when engine problems forced it to ditch in the Arabian Sea at about 1.30 p.m. (0930 GMT). Omani boats also rushed to the scene, but the helicopter got to there first and was able to plack the victims out of the water within about 10 minutes, he said.

S. Arabla to allow 69,000 Iran Haills

JEDDAH (AP) - The kingdom bas agreed to permit entry to 69,000 Iranians this year to perform the annual pilgrimage to Mecca, an Iranian official said Saturday. The egreement marks the second year running that Iran forgoes demands for an exemption to the maximum number of Muslims it may send on the Haj. Sultani Shirazi, head of the Iranian Hai mission in Jeddah, said the "final number" is in line with an agreement oy the world's Muslim countries on a quota of one pilgrim for each thousand inhabitants.

King receives awards in Los Angeles, expresses hope for comprehensive peace

LOS ANGELES (Agencies)

— His Majesty King Hussein
has expressed hope that full
peace in the Middle East will be achieved nn all tracks.

In a speech he delivered after receiving a peace prize from the Simon Wiesenthal Centre, the King said that although there were some forces that oppose peace, the majority of the people yearn for peace and support all efforts to achieve it.

King Hussein said Jordan will exert all necessary efforts to secure a dignified and better life for the coming generations. He said that tolerance and understanding among all faiths should be possible and repetition of past tragedies

The King, in the United

President Bill Clinton and senior administration offieials, toured the Simon Wiesenthal Centre with Her Majesty Queen Noor and their three sons on the first official stop of his North American tour

After visiting the centre's renowned Museum of Tolerance - the first time an Arah head of state has toured the centre's holocaust exhibit the King was presented with the centre's peace award - a silver Ram's horn - for his efforts in furthering Middle East peace.

"We are here today to honour the heroie and historic stand for peace taken by His Majesty" said the centre's Gary Winnick. King Hussein accepted the

States primarily for talks with award "in the name of all

those in the Middle East whn stood and sacrificed in the quest for peace.'

"I look forward with confidence to a time when the words Arah and Israeli no Innger evnke images nf strife," he said.

The King is scheduled to meet with President Clinton on March 27 in Washington. The two leaders last met during the peace treaty signing on the Jordanian-Israeli border on Oct. 26.

American Vice President Al Gore last week promised Jordan that Washington will write off all of the Kingdom's official debt to the United States this year, despite domestic opposition. "I hope our friends con-

(Continued on page 7)



Former U.S. First Lady Nancy Reagan applauds His Majesty King Hussein after presenting him with the Ronald

Reagan Freedom Award on Friday at the Reagan Presiden-tial Library in Simi Valley, California (AFP photo)

300 Algerian militants killed in huge operation — report

ALGIERS (Agencies) — Security forces Saturday were hunting down bundreds of armed Islamic extremists west of the capital after killing mnre than 300 of them in what was believed to be the government's biggest opera-tion to date against the militants, the daily Al Watan

The report, not immediately confirmed by officials, said it was the army's biggest operation in more than three years against fundamentalist extremists whose insurrection aimed at ousting the militarybacked government bas killed some 30,000 people, according to U.S. State Department estimates.

The paper said the army on Monday ambusbed a convoy of more than 400 men on Monday in the 'Ain Defla reginn, 150 kilometres west of the capital, after being alerted hy residents in the area, a stronghold of fundamentalist guerrillas.

By the end of Tuesday, 150 of the extremists had been killed and hy Friday the toll stood at more than 300, the paper said, adding that on Saturday forces were tracking down survivors in the thick forest of the mountainous re-

Evewitnesses were quoted as saying the army used heavy weapons in the opera-tion which was backed hy region, near the Ouarsenis

tremists were travelling in 30 trucks from Mascara, 350 kilometres southwest of Algiers, tn the Algerian capital, planning to "give some strong support to ter-rorist cells weakened by security services," the newspaper said. Terrorist is the official

word used to describe the armed Islamic groups who launched a guerrilla war against the secular, army-backed regime in early 1992 after the cancellation of elections the now-banned Islamic Salvatinn Front was poised to

The report gave no details nn any losses by security

Al Watan did not say if the ennyoy belonged to the Armed Islamie Group nr its rival, the Islamic Salvation Army, whose leader Madani Merzak recently said he had "temporarily" taken over the leadership of the hanned Islamie Salvation Front.

On Friday, the Arab daily Al Awsat reported fierce clashes between the army and some 450 armed Islamic extremists in the Medea region 70 kilometres sonth of.

When attacked, the ex-That report qunted what it called authoritative sources but made no mention of the date. It said "various sorts of arms" were used.

Security forces have stepped up attacks on Islamic militants in recent months. President Liamine Zeroual said on Oct. 30 that attempts to negotiate with the opposition had failed and pledged to

pursue the eradication of

terrorism." He also announced presidential elections would be held at the end of this year. Security forces then launched several major nffensives against armed Islamic groups which, observers here said, aimed to prevent them dis-

rupting the future election. However, the fun-damentalists hit back with spectacular attacks, notably a carbomh which exploded at a downtown Algiers police station Jan. 30, killing 42 people

and wounding 286. In the past two weeks, attacks have specifically targeted families of police and women. A carbomb at a police housing unit on March 10 wounded 63 people. At least 10 women have

been assassinated since then. Al Watan, as is usual now in Algeria's rigorously controlled press, did not mentinn

(Continued on page 7)

Detained Americans produced in Iraqi court

BAGHDAD (AP) - Despite U.S. appeals for leniency, two Americans went on trial Saturday in Iraq on charges they entered the

country illegally.
Sources close to the case, who spoke on condition of anonymity, said the Americans were represented by an Iraqi lawyer appointed by the state. They said two Polish no repre interests in Baghdad Were present as observers.

The head of the U.S. interest section was not taking phone calls, an aide said.

The two men strayed across the horder from Kuwait on March 13 when they apparently took a wrong turn while trying to visit a friend with the U.N. fnrce that monitors the frontier. They have been identified

as David Daliberti and Bill Barloon. Both were employees of U.S. defence contractors in Kuwait.

The press was nnt informed in advance of the hearing, and the state-run Iraqi News Agency carried no reports about it.

Trials in Iraq are conducted before a judge but without a jury. Hearings tend to be spaced several weeks apart. The maximum sentence for violating the Iraqi border is 20 years in jail. The case could further

strain relatious between Iraq and the United States, which have been at loggerheads over U.N. sanctions that were imposed on Iraq after its 1990 invasion of Kuwait. Iraq wants the crippling sanctions lifted, insisting it

laid down in the 1991 Gulf war ceasefire. But the United States. which has led a campaign to keep the sanctions in place, maintains Iraq is still hiding information about its

has complied with resolutions

weaponry. The hearing came two days after Iraq allowed Western diplomats to visit the Americans for the first time. That meeting took place at the Iraqi Foreign Ministry,

sources said. The diplomats said the men were in good condition. The United States, which has not had diplomatic relations with Iraq since the 1990-91 Gulf crisis, has been making contacts about the fate of the men through third parties, including the International Committee of the Red

Cross. On Friday, U.S. Defence Secretary William Perry had predicted that the men would be tried for what he termed a "simple, innocent blunder."

White House spokesman Mike McCurry termed the men's predicament "the re-

Turkish army bids to trap Kurdish rebels in north Iraq was an action of "legitimate

self-defence" that would be

"crowned with success."
She said that Turkey could

no longer tolerate attacks on

its territory by Turkish Kurds

based in northern Iraq. But

she repeated previous

forces would pull out upon completion of the "limited"

In other developments:

- Turkish military officials

ZAKHO (Agencies) — Tur-kish forces on Saturday pursued their drive to trap Kurdisb rebels inside a 40kilometre deep swathe of northern Iraq, as aid workers accelerated efforts to pull refugees out of the line of fire. About 35,000 troops, backed by armour, artillery and air power, pursued a hammer-and-anvil strategy designed to root out separat-

ist Kurdish Labour Party (PKK) fighters from border camps used as springboards for attacks inside Turkey. The army said the guerrillas, whom they estimate at

2,500, would soon find themselves caught between the main battle force and commandos inserted further south. Fresh air sorties were being prepared.

Colonel Dogu Silahcioglu, spokesman for the general staff, said further bombing raids were expected. "The air operation has not yet begun today, but it will start any time.

Prime Minister Tansu Ciller defended the Turkish drive into northern Iraq as a legitimate defence operation against Kurdish guerrillas. In a televised address to the nation, Ms. Ciller said

Turkey's "Operation Steel"

said PKK leader Abdullah Ocalan has ordered his forces in Turkey to launch diversionary attacks to undermine Ankara's incursion into

northern Iraq.
"You must continuously carry out actions to distract the Turkish soldiers (in north Iraq)," one official qunted Mr. Ocalan as saying in a radio message intercepted by

the Turkish army.

— International aid organisations accused Turkish troops of stopping convoys of food and other aid for Kurdish civilians in northern

Iraqi Kurds added there were severe food shortages and rising gasoline prices since cross-border trade stopped last Monday when Turkey launched its offensive.

workers would contact a Turkish foreign ministry official being sent Saturday tn the Turkish Red Crescent nffice in the northern Iraqi city of Dohuk to bear their com-

German Labour Minis. ter Norbert Bluem accused Turkey of treating Kurds worse than animals.

Mr. Bluem, a member of Chancellor Helmut Kohl's Christian Democratic Union, said in a newspaper article that he had worked in Turkey in his youth and felt at ease there, until an incident in April 1991.

He said he witnessed Turkish troops barring the way a' Turkey's border with Iraq, when he said Kurdish refugees from the mountains trying to go down to the plains were dying of hunger and cold.

"Since that date, I know that the Turks treat the Kurds as we wouldn't have the right to treat animals." he

Germany is cheeking whether Turkey, contrary tn its assertings, is using German-supplied weapons in its campaign against the PKK, foreign Minister Klaus A U.N. official said aid Kinkel said.

PLO says self-rule talks with Israel remain stalled

JERICHO (Agencies) -Senior Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) officials will meet in Gaza on Tuesday to discuss how to break a deadlock in talks over an Israeli troop redeployment in the West Bank, a Palestinian official said on Saturday.

Yasser Abed Rahbo, who bulds the information portfolin in the Palestinian National Authority (PNA), said he would head the meeting of the higher negotiations committee.

"The halt in the peace talks does not cover only redeployment but other issues as well such as transferring customs powers in the West Bank to Palestinians," he said,

Mr. Abed Rabbo spoke to reporters after a weekly meeting of the PNA, which met in Jericho on Saturday for only the second time since the PLO took control of the West Bank town and the Gaza Strip last July under its peace deal with Israel.

Palestinians accuse Israel of delaying implementation of the second phase of selfrule in the West Bank, which includes an Israeli troop redeployment ahead of Palestinian elections, now nine months behind schedule.

Saeb Erakat, a PNA member, said Israel and the PLO will meet in Cairo on Tuessult of an innocent mistake." | day to resume negotiations on bolding Palestinian elec-

Dr. Erakat and Yoel Singer, legal advisor at the Israeli foreign ministry, would take part in the negotiations, Dr. Erakat told journalists.

Dr. Erakat said he would meet Mr. Singer in Jericho on Sunday to prepare for more talks in Cairo. The PLO and Israel set a July 1 deadline to agree on expansion of Palestinian authority to the West Bank.

Israel halted progress on interim arrangements in the West Bank following a series of armed attacks against Israelis by militant groups opposed to peace.

Îsraeb Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin said on Thursday that the July 1 deadline hinged on the PNA's ability to curb attacks against Israelis.

Mr. Abed Rabbo said: "It seems for the Israeli prime minister the whole peace process is not sacred. The peace process is halted now because Israelis are using violence as a pretext to justify delaying implementation of the interim accord."

He said the PNA also discussed on Saturday Israel's proposal for physically separating Palestinians and Israelis. The plan, aimed at stopping guerrilla attacks in Israel, is due to be put to the Israeli government next yes."

Mr. Arafat said meanwhile he has asked U.S. President Bill Clinton to exert pressure on Israel and push for a speedy Israeli troop withdrawal from West Bank towns. He spoke after the

PNA meeting here. Mr. Arafat said he complained about the delays when he met Friday with U.S. Vice President Al Gore in Jericho.

"We discussed with Al Gore all the obstacles that are delaying the implementation... and we asked him and Mr. Clinton tn put pressure on Israel to speed the implementation of the agreement," Mr. Arafat told reporters.

Arafat spokesman Marwan Kanafani said the Americans apparently shared some of the Palestinian concerns.

"We got the impression from Mr. Gore that the Americans are worried about the peace process and the fate of the Israeli-Palestinian negotiations," Mr. Kanafani

Israel and the PLO reportedly have been negotiating quietly in the past few weeks, but Mr. Kanafani said the difficulties remained.

"We are not close to an agreement," be told reporters. "I wished we could say

warfare programme. The issue could determine

Ekeus presses Iraq on data; paper rejects U.S.-backed oil plan BAGHDAD (Agencies) —

The Medea area, also

wooded and mnuntainous

U.N. disarmament chief Rolf Ekeus held talks Saturday with Iraqi military officials as part of a make-or-break mission to dig up more data on Baghdad's germ warfare programme.

Mr. Ekens said his talks with General Amer Rashid, head of Iraq's Military Industrialisation Organisation, were "serious and business-

He told reporters be was to hold further discussions with the general later Saturday to "focus specifically on technical aspects," and may meet **Deputy Prime Minister Tareq** Aziz Saturday or Sunday. Mr. Ekeus, head of the

U.N. special committee on disarming Iraq (UNSCOM), said on arrival in Baghdad Friday that his mission was aimed at filling the gaps in information on Iraq's germ

whether the United Nations embargo imposed on Iraq when it invaded Kuwait in August 1990 will be eased. Mr. Ekeus, a Swedish di-plomat, said Friday: "The

solved... But it depends on Under the U.N. Security

issues are possible to be

Council's Gulf war ceasefire Resolution 687, Baghdad must eliminate its weapons of mass destruction and submit to long-term monitoring before the oil emhargo is lifted. On arrival on Friday Mr. Ekeus rejected U.S. claims

that Iraq was attempting to revive the infrastructure of its hanned weapons industry. He also said his commission would recommend to the council to lift the embargo on Iraq's exports, including its lifeblood oil once he is satisfied that Iraq has done all

that is required from it under the related ceasefire terms. Mr. Ekeus said after a visit to Baghdad last month that the Iraqis had failed to give a convincing explanation for the disappearance of between 20 and 30 tonnes of culture for growing bacteria, imported before 1990.

Baghdad said its past biological weapons programme was defensive, but the U.N. says it has proof it was offensive and is demanding full data on its scale, technical capabilities and production sources both in Iraq and

As Mr. Ekeus embarked on his latest mission the United States revealed a draft U.N. resolution that would allow traq to resume limited

humanitarian needs. An official Iraqi newspaper described Washington's bid to revise terms of humanitarian partial oil sales as the kick of a hull in its death

throes. "Its latest attempts and empty claims are but the kick of a dying bull," Al Qadissiya It said Iraq was determined

to enter "the decisive round

with all patience. We shall

strip the ugly American even of the mulberry leaf." There was no Iraqi government comment on the detailed proposal in the Security Council that would allow Iraq to get \$2 billion in oil to buy food and medicine (see

page 2). But Iraqi Trade Minister Mohammad Mebdi Saleb has rejected any revision, describing it as "a dubious political show as Iraq is close to the lifting of the ban on oil

The new scheme would re-

place one drafted by the

Security Council in 1991

allowing export of \$1.6 billion of oil over six months but which Iraq has repeatedly rejected as leaving it with too little money and violating its

Nations in September 1993

that it was no longer in-

terested in continuing talks to

finalise arrangements for the

Under the new proposal

Iraq would be allowed to sell

\$1,000 million worth of oil

every 90 days provided that it

continues to comply with the

conditions of the resolution,

a U.S. official said. "This is

the key — if everything works at the end of 180 days

it's renewable.... If the sys-

tem works, Iraq could get up

to \$4,000 million a year."
Iraq had complained that

under the earlier plan the oil

would be allowed to go

through the Tarkish pipeline,

which they thought was un-

acceptable. The current re-

solution stipulates that the

bulk of the oil should go through that pipeline but the

remainder can go through the Mina Al Bakr oil terminal

near Basra, the official said.
"On the issue of intrusive-

ness of monitoring, we've changed from distribution monitoring... to impact monitoring, which is less intrusive," the official said.

"We are still insisting that

the goods go to the people who need (them), not to the

regime; but in the interest of

making the system less intru-

sive the resolution would ask

the secretary general to

establish a means to measure the impact of these deliver-ies," the official explained.

"In other words, rather than

the U.N. or some NGO (non-

governmental organisation) buying and distributing the

supplies, the Iraqis get to do it, but the United Nations

measures the impact to en-

sure that the goods are in-deed going to those who need

As with the previous oil sale resolution, the council is

expected to act without seek-

ing any reaction from Bagh-dad. Following a decision hy

the council, Iraq would have to decide whether to accept

"All this boils down to is

the political will in Baghdad.

If they want to earn hard

currency to pay for food,

medicine and needed sup-

plies for their people, they

the new U.N. terms.

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U.S. backs proposal for \$4 b Iraqi oil sales

UNITED NATIONS (Agencies) - Facing growing pressure to ease sanctions against Iraq, the United States is hacking a proposal that would allow Baghdad to sell \$4 billion of oil a year to pay for food and medicine, a U.S.

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Although Iraq has repe-atedly complained that the U.N. economie sanctions have lead to widespread suffering, it was unclear if Baghdad would agree to the conditions in the proposal, which the Security Council is to discuss next week.

Under the proposal, Iraq could spend half the money from the oil sales on food and medicine, the U.S. official said, speaking on condition of anonymity. But 30 per cent would be used to compensate Gulf war victims and 20 per cent to aid U.N. humanitarian operations in largely Kurdish northern Iraq.
Further, to ensure that the

money is used for humanitarian supplies and not to support the government, a momtoring system would be establisbed, the U.S. official said. Iraqi officials were not immediately available for com-

The sanctions, including the oil embargo, were imposed after Iraq's August 1990 invasion of Kuwait.

The United Nations previously authorised a one-time Iraci oil sale of \$1.6 billion. but Iraq refused the offer. saying the strict U.N. supervision would infringe on its sovereignty.

The Security Council renewed its sanctions against Iraq earlier this month. But Russia and France, eager to pursue lucrative contracts with Iraq, have been urging the council to ease the oil emhargo if Iraq complies with U.N. weapons inspectors. A report from the officials is expected in mid-April.

The United States and Britain are demanding that the sanctions not be eased until Iraq improves its human rights record and accounts for missing Kuwaiti equipment. Iraqi Deputy Prime Minister Tareq Aziz was quoted on

Friday as saying that Amer-

ican policies towards Iraq "The current United States policy towards Iraq is an ele-ment which threatens the stability of the Gulf region and is creating a more dangerous situation than the one which existed before the war," Mr. Aziz was quoted as telling Vatican radio.

Mr. Aziz met Pope John Paul last week and asked the Vatican to put pressure on the international community to ease the sanctions.

When asked to elaborate on the risks to security in the region, Mr. Aziz said: First of all there is the

Iranian threat. Then the general sense of frustration across almost all the region which many international newspapers covering the situation have noted. Then there is the con-

tinual growth of extremism, which you call Islamic fundamentalism, but which I prefer to call extremism and which I believe has more to do with the political and social situation than religion."

Mr. Aziz said Iraq could play an important role in furthering peace in the Gulf, as one of the most populous states and second largest oil producer among the Arab

But first, he said, the United Nations needed to lift

According to the Iraqi oil sales plan proposed by gov-ernments of the U.S., Argentina and Britain, in the form of a resolution, Iraq would be allowed to sell np to \$1,000 million worth of oil every 90 days. The money from the sales would go into an escrow account to be dishursed as follows: \$300 million to the U.N. Compensation Fund to pay for Iraq's war debts, \$200 million to U.N. and private agencies for humanitarian supplies for the Kurds in northern Iraq, and the re-maining \$500 million to Iraq to be used for the purchase and distribution of food, medicine and other huma-

The original plan, specified in resolutions 706 and 712 in 1991, provided for a one-time - to be strictly monitored by the U.N. - of \$1,600 million worth of oil over a six-month peirod. After sporadic negotiations be- and take 'yes' for an answer, tween U.N. and Iraqi offi- the U.S. official said.

nitarian supplies, the official

Cyprus displays Exocets on Oct. 11 to Cyprus, where

NICOSIA (Agencies) - Cyprus on Saturday put on display Exocet missiles at a military parade here to refute allegations by a French weekly that the weapons had been trasnferred to Iran.

Five MM-40 Exocet missiles were shown at the Greek Independence Day parade, out of 24 delivered between April and December 1994. A government spokesman said all of them could not be exhibited for security

"The appearance of the sophisticated missiles in the parade ended allegations by the French weekly L'Express that advanced Exocet shoreto-sea missiles flown to Cyprus last October were secretly shipped on to Iran," the offi-cial Cyprus New Agency reported.

Four of the missiles were mounted vertically on two vehicles and the fifth was in its casing on the back of a

L'Express said a plane from Algeria picked np missiles in France and flew them

they were transferred to Iran. It said Paris sought through the delivery of the weapons to pacify the Tehran govern-

ment ahead of the trial in France of three Iranians charged with the 1991 assassinatison of Shahpour Bakhtiar, the Iranian monarchy's last prime minister.

France denied the report. Conservative Premier Edouard Balladur said that MM-40 rockets were delivered to Cyprus under an agreement signed by the pre-

Mr. Balladur said the shipment "had a strict clause against-reexport," leaving open the possibility the missiles could have been diverted to Iran in some other

The report was denied by both the French government and Iran, which said in a statement from the Iranian embassy in Paris that the allegations were "totally without foundation."

soulides said Cyprus had "always honoured its past contracts with France and condemned the fact that "Cyprus's name has been implicated" in the matter.

But "in case anybody wants to try to count them the authorities could not display all 24 without endangering the defence of the divided island, he said.

Inspectors from France were welcome to visit the island to check the Cypriot assurances, he added. The appearance of the mis-

siles was greeted with loud applause, marking the high point of the parade, which also featured other French arms, including AMX-30 tanks and Milan anti-tank rockets.

Cypriot President Glafcos Clerides was present, flanked by Greek Defence Minister Gerasimos Arsenis and his Cypriot counterpart Costas

Greece and Cyprus are working on the second phase of a joint defence plan.

Cypriot government Somali refugees return from Kenya to nothing

HARGEISA JEREY, Somalia (R) - Somali refugees have been forced to hit the road for home as camps are closed down in neighbouring Kenya - but they are returning to a wasteland of disease

Four people, including a 12-year-old boy, have died from cholera in a small settlement of Hargeisa Jerey in southern Somalia over the last week and dozens more are afflicted with bilharzia

and malaria.
"There is hardly any medical support here. People are likely to die from any illnesses," said a nurse at the settlement.

Rains have began in southern Somalia hut this settlement in the fertile Jubba Valley still has no seeds to plant and so must hope for handonts from foreign relief agencies after the next harvest

"Many of us decided to move because the Kenyan government was closing down refugee camps. Ultimately, you decide that home is hetter than anywhere mosquito nets, plastic sheets

said 56-year-old Ahmad Hassan.

Mr. Hassan said Hargeisa Jerey had grown to 600 fami-lies (about 2,400 peole) in the last three months from just about a dozen families pre-

People are flocking back to other settlements such as Gadudey, Marcre and Magac Der, said International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) field delegate Boris

Mr. Hassan said there were many refugees returning from Kenya. Most were trapped at the Somalia border town of Doble, where they had stayed months without transport to move inland while others waited for fresh food rations.

Hargeisa Jerey is 60 kilometres from Somalia's coastal city of Kismaya. It is a collection of 60 to 70 new houses — structures built with sticks and roofed with plastic sheet-ing provided by Mr. Michel's ICRC field team.

On Friday, the ICRC flew

and fishing nets to returnees to help them settle in.

These are basic items the returnees need to settle in. This place has been completely empty of any assist-ance. People get back having nothing to start with. The only thing they have is hope," said Mr. Michel.

A youth trying to coordinate a school programme there said he had 'no chalk, no blackboard, no books, no-

thing...". The Kenyan government has in the last two years closed down most of the camps dotting its coastal strip and the north, which once teamed with close to 500,000 refugees.

Relief workers say refugees have felt more obliged to leave after the Kenyan government this month said it wanted the U.N. refugee agency to repatriate all refugees still in the nation.

"It is good to struggle on

your own... so many Somalis are now on the move back home." said Mr. Hassan, dignified in his tattered clothes.

The sale of the troop

carriers would contribute to

U.S. security interests "by

helping Lebanon enhance

its capability to provide for

their own security and de-

fence," according to the

It said no private com-pany is involved as the car-

riers would be sold from

excess U.S. military stocks

buy an estimated \$690 mil-

tion worth of weapons in-

cluding 130 turret guns for light armoured vehicles and

195,000 rounds of ammuni-

tion to modernise its

National Guards, the Pen-

It said the primary sup-pliers would be Cockerill

Mechanical Industries of

Belginm and General

Kuwait wants to buy

1,015 Tow-2b anti-tank mis-

siles for its Apache helicop-ters at an estimated cost of

\$32 million, it said. The

Motors of Canada.

Saudi Arabia wants to

der security.

Pentagon.

in Europe.

tagon said.

NEWS IN BRIEF

50 wounded in soccer violence in Egypt

CAIRO (AFP) - Fifty people were injured when two villages in northern Egypt fought with knives, axes and gas-bottles over a shared football pitch, the daily Al Wafd reported Friday. Twenty homes and stables were also destroyed as inhabitants from San Saft and Abu Dand battled to get their youngsters a game on the field, which is situated mid-way between the two villages. The violence crupted Thursday just after a match between youngsters from Abu Daud in the province of Menufiya, 80 kilometres north of Cairo. Amid the uproar crops were uprooted over an area of four hectares. Police broke up the clashes and sealed off the villages. Al Wafd said.

Triumphai comeback for Iranian singer

LONDON (AFP) - Iran's best-known songstress Marzieh made a triumphal comeback here on Friday after a break of 15 years imposed by the Iranian Islamic regime which bans women from singing in public. Wearing a traditional long gown, Marzieh, 70, was given a long ovation at the end of her performance by an audience largely made up of Iranian exiles. Of around 20 songs which she sang accompanied by the London Festival Orchestra and by traditional Iranian musicians, many were in praise of freedom, human rights and the oppressed women of her homeland. She left Iran last September for France after living for years as a recluse outside Tehran. She is a vocal supporter of the armed opposition Mujahedeen fighting the theocratic regime of the mullahs. After her triumph in London, Marzieh plans a series of concerts elsewhere in Europe and in the United

U.S. will block Libyan move to Security Council

UNITED NATIONS (AP) - The United States will block Libya from gaining a seat on the U.N. Security Council, a U.S. official said Friday. Libya apparently has been pushing for membership on the 15-nation council, which makes key U.N. decisions and is responsible for peacekeeping. "We think it would be particularly in-appropriate to have Libya on the Security Council and we intend to take all necessary steps... to see that this does not happen," said James P. Rubin, spokesman for the U.S. mission. Libya is under U.N. economie and political sanctions for refusing to turn over for trial in Britain or the United States two Lihyans charged with the 1988 bombing. of Pan Am Flight 103. The council has five permanent members - the United States, Russia, China, France and Britain — and 10 members chosen from regional groups on a rotating basis. Those seats are held for two years.

Divorce parties a disgrace, imam says

CAIRO (AFP) — A religious leader has condemned parties thrown by the stars of Egyptian cinema to celebrate their divorces, the daily Al Missaa reported Friday. The parties usually take place in Cairo's gradest hotels where the recently divorced stars receive the congratulations of their colleagues accompanied by the ululation of women traditionally chanted on a wedding day. But the imam of Al Hussein mosque in Cairo, Sheikh Ahmad Farahat, said: These acts are regrettable and shameful" describing the stars who hold such parties as "devils." The paper did not give the names of the actresses having organised such

Thousands turn out for Algerian funeral

ALGIERS (AFP) - Government ministers and many of modern Algeria's founding fathers led thousands of mour-ners attending the funeral Friday of an independence war hero's son assassinated by suspected Islamic extremists. Four ministers and several former leaders of the war of independence against France were among the crowd mourning at the funeral of Abdulhouahab Ben Boulaid, 50, eldest son of war hero Moustapha Ben Boulaid. Ben Boulaid, an economics professor at Algiers University, was killed along with his friend Mohammad Benkaouha, 77, as he was on his way to attend a ceremony commemorating the 39th anniversary of his father's death late Wednesday. His father, one of the nine "historic" heroes of Algeria's war for independence, was killed in 1956 by a bomb hidden in a radio parachuted by the French into nationalistcontrolled territory. Veterans of the 1954-1962 war of independence and their relatives are among the foremost targets of Islamie extremists fighting to oust the militarybacked government for the past three years. Last year 122 of them were assassinated, according to official figures.

French defence minister to visit Kuwalt

KUWAIT CITY (AFP) - French Defence Minister Francois Leotard will arrive in Kuwait Monday for a one-day visit to sign a deal to supply gunboats to the emirate, a Kuwaiti defence official told AFP Saturday. Kuwaiti Foreign Minister Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmad Al Sabah announced during a visit to France last month that Knwait had agreed to huy eight gunboats from France in a deal worth 2.3 billion francs (\$460 million). The gunboats, equipped with missiles, are to be huilt by the French manufacturer Construction Mecaniques de Normandie

Mandela to tour Gulf states

ABU DHABI (AFP) - Sonth African President Nelson Mandela will tour several Gulf countries from April 9 to 12, the South African emhassy said here saturday. Earlier a presidential spokesman in Cape Town said Mr. Mandela would visit Kuwait and several other Gulf states from March 26 to April 2. The embassy here said Mr. Mandela would visit Kuwait and Bahrain, but did not say how long he would stay in each country. It will be Mr. Mandela's first visit to the region.

Iran overshadows arms show despite its absence

ABU DHABI (Agencies) - Iran, although absent from a major international arms show here, was the week's higgest star as buyers and sellers alike used the Islamic Republic to hack arguments in the ehase for million-dollar deals.

Officials from the United Arah Emirates (UAE) said their country had decided to punish Germany for appearing too close to Iran by awarding major contracts elsewhere.

Meanwhile sellers such as the United States had no hesitation in playing up the threat they believe Iran poses to the Gulf region and above all to the shipping in the vital Hormuz

Iran did take part in the last exhibition of its kind in Ahu Dhabi in 1993, and its absence this year from the ranks of more than 600 exhibitors from 40 countries was officially explained by a late application for a place. But the UAE is also in dispute with Iran over the sovereignty of three islands

in the straits through which a fifth of the world's crude oil is shipped.

The most disappointed contractors were the German shipbuilders Lurssen which saw U.S. rival Newport News Shipbnilding walk away with contracts to refit six patrol boats which the German company itself had huilt for the Emirates.

political decision," a Lurssen official said. UAE officials, asking for anonymity, said Germany could not count on winning any contracts while it re mains one of Iran's main trading partners.

however, went all out to

The same U.S. company

several months ago snatched a contract to build port facilities in Abu Dhabi. Lurssen has complained at the methods used by the

Americans in the contracts battle and the lack of support from the German government even though Secretary of State for Defence Joerg Schoenbohm took part in the exhibition.
"If we lose the next contract, it will be due to a

win the war, wheeling in the big guns in the shape of Defence Secretary William Perry, whose tour of the Gulf coincided with the arms show.

At every opportunity Mr. Perry voiced U.S. concerns at the threat posed by Iran in the Gulf region and for the first time accused Tehran of deploying chemical weapons.

He also said Tehran had moved 6,000 troops to is-lands in the mouth of the Gulf and concentrated antishipping and anti-aircraft siles in the region, threatening the shipping.
U.S. Vice-President Al

Gore called on Gulf states to work with Washington to counter the threat posed by Iran and Iraq.
Iran hit back angrily at Mr. Perry's accusations dismissing them as "a sales

pitch" to win military con-And for German and French businessmen at the five-day exhibition which ended on Thursday the The United States, American declarations

were a means to advertise U.S. frigates. Newport News and Lurs-

sen are once more in the play-off for a contract this time to supply two frigates to the UAE in a deal worth an estimated billion dollars. Their other competitors

include Britain's Vosper Thornycroft, Direction des Constructions Navales-International of France and Royal Shelde of the Nether-However, despite allega-

tions Thursday in the French magazine L'Express that France had delivered six Exocet missiles to Iran in October, the largest deal announced during the show went to Eurocopter, a joint Franco-German venture.

It beat off competition from the U.S. Sikorsky and Britain's Westland to supply the UAE with seven Panther anti-suhmarine helicopters, the army said Thursday.

The deal, worth around \$235 million, also includes npgrading the UAE's French Super-Puma helicopters for anti-submarine

warfare to enable the country to counter the threat from two Russian-huilt Kiloelass snhmarines bought by Iran.

But to secure the sale Eurocopter had had to drop its price from the initial \$251 million in hasty lastminute talks. The press statement had been prepared in advance, but the price was written in by

The French government has denied the L'Express allegations saying the Exocet missiles were delivered to Cyprus.

U.S. arms sales

In Washington, the Defence Department informed Congress on Friday that Lebanon, Saudi Arabia and Kuwait have requested purchases of U.S. military hardware.

It said Lebanon wants to huy 225 U.S. M-113 armonred personnel carriers at a cost of \$37 million for troop mobility and pro-tection of internal and bor-

prime contractor would be JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia In-ternational Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be veri-

ARRIVALS

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Usrages	ÖT
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5 Doha, Bahrain,	}~~
New York, Amsterdam	2
15 British Damesons	
15 Brussels, Damascus 20 Paris	2
55 London	87
19 Madrid, Geneva	87
4 Athens	2

Frankfurt, Paris (RJ) Cairo (RI) 02:20 Other Flights (Terminal 2) Cairo (MS Beirut (ME) Istanbul (TK) Amsterdam (KL) DEPARTURES

Royal Jordanian (RJ) **Filants** (Terminal 1) Aqaba (RJ)
Beirut (RJ)
Frankfurt (RJ) 89:30

erdam, New York (RJ) New Delhi () . Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ

HIJAZ RAILWAY TRAIN Dep. Ameters ... 8:00 a.m. every Monday Arr. Damaseus 5:00 p.m. every Monday Dep. Damaseus 7:30 a.m. every Sanday Arr. Ammer 5:00 p.m. every Sunday MARKET PRICES Upper/lower price in fils per kg. 700/ 500 100 / 50 190/ 120 1200/800 320 / 300 140 / 80 220/ 140 350/ 250 530/370 500/ 400 380 / 280 300 / 200 320/ 150 Pepper (hot) ..

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME TWO

.... Le Prince La Sirene Pyramide News In French
Ushuaia
The Bold and the Beautiful Almost Home The Album Shor Feature film: "The Lians Club" 23:59 The Hidden Room

PRAYER TIMES

. (Sunrise) Duha Dhuhr . Maghrob Isha 19:12 CHURCHES

Swelfieb, Tel. 810740 Assemblies of God Church, Tel. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation Tel. De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrasancia Church Tel: 622366

St. Mary of Nazareth Church

Church of the Annunciation Tel. 623541. Anglican Church Tel. 630851, Tel. 628543. Catholic Church Tel. 771331. ian Orthodox Church Tel. 775261. St. Ephrains Church Tel. 771751. Ametan International Church Tel. 652526 Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel: 824328. German-speaking Evangelical Con-gregation Tel. 684195 The Latter-Day Saists Tel. 654932 Church of Nazarene Tel.675691. The Evangelical Local Church in Aurona

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteorology.

Cold weather conditions will continues to prevail with scattered showers expected at intervals and skies partly cloudy. Weather is expected to become stable in the nermoon and winds northwesterly oderate to active. In Agaba, skies will be partly cloudy with a chance of scattered showers. Winds will be nontherly active and seas choppy.

Min./Max. temp.

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 7. Aqaba 21 Humidity readings: Amman 98 per cent, Aqaba 32 per cent.

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS NIGHT DUTY

AMMAN:	
Dr. Ghalib Zawaidch	736011
Dr. Walid Al Masri	675485
Or. Hisham Kan'an	701/196
Dr. Jamal Joarah	847351
Fites pharmacy	541017
Fordows pharmacy	779336
Al Asems pharmacy	617055
Nairoukh pharmacy	677677
Al Salam pharmacy	494470
Yarrack sharman	644845
Yacoub pharmacy	044340
Shineisani pharmacy	03/000
Nairoujh pharmacy	0230/2
tanito burturies.	B4 /632

Dr. Fayez Al Qadi 248743

ZARQA: Dr. Khaiil Abu Hussein 985000 Khaiifeh pharmacy 985417 **EMERGENCIES** Food Control Centre 637111 Civil Defence Department 661111 Civil Defence Immediate

630345 Civil Defence Emergency 199
Rescue Police 192, 621111, 637777 Public Security Department
Hotel Complaints
Price Complaints
Water and Sewerage
Complaints . 605800 Complaints mean Municipality 897467 Complaints

Telephone Information
(directory assistance)

Overseas Calk 787111 Central Amman Telephone . 774111 Water Authority ordes Electricity Authority 815615 Electric Power

KJ Flight Information 08-53200 Queen Alia Intl. Airport 08-53200 HOSPITALS AMMAN: Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Aran 644281/6

Abileh Maternity, J. Ann. 642441/2 Jabal Amman Maternity 642362 Shmeisani Hospital
University Hospital
Al-Muasher Hospital
The Islamic, Abdali 666127/37 Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh 775111/26 Army, Marka 891611/15 Oucen Alia Hospital 602240/50 ZARQA: Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323 Zarqa National Hospital (09)900560 Ibn Sina Hospital (09)986732 Al Hikma Moders Hospital (09)99090 KED: Princes Bases Hospital (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)27275 Iba Al Nafets Hospital (02)247(00 AQABA: Princess Hays Hospital (03)314111

FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL **AIRPORT**

Royal Jordanian (RJ) (Te

21:25 . Singapore, Jakarta (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2)



REGENT VISITS MAYOR: His Royal Prince Abdullah was briefed by Dr. Highness Prince Abdullah Ben Al Hus- Abbadi on the municipality's current sein, the Regent, Saturday visits the projects, including one to establish the Greater Amman Municipality where he is Amman Plaza in the Ras Al 'Ain area, received by Amman Mayor Mamdouh and future plans (Petra photo) Abbadi and senior municipality officials.

Parliamentary team heads for Madrid IPU conference

AMMAN (J.T.) - A parliamentary delegation headed by Lower House of Parliament Speaker Saad Havel Srour Saturday left Amman for Madrid to take part in the International Parliamentary Union's (IPU) 93rd conference which will open on March 27.

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WEST PRICE

The delegation includes Senator Salem Masaadeh, deputies Mobammad Al Zaben and Abdullah Ensour, Parliament Secretary Hakem Kheir, and Fayez Shawabkeh of the parliament's General Secretariat,

Another parliamentary delegation is scheduled to start a European tour March 26. The tour, at the invitation of the Konrad Adenauer Foundation and in cooperation with Urden Al Jadid Centre, will include Ger-

many, Belgium and France.

The delegation consists of nine members of the Lower House office, the director of the office of the Speaker of the Lower House, and five

pobtical researchers. The group will be joined at the end of the journey hy the speaker of the Lower House and the Secretary General of the Parliament.

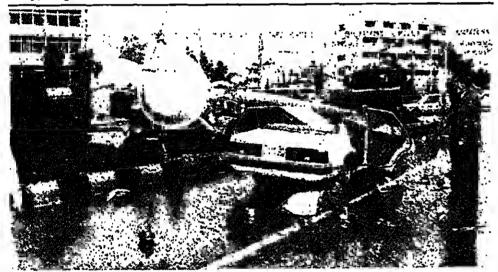
The first week is designed to acquaint the delegation with the working methods of the German Bundestag (and its committees) and to have exchanges on political issues with members of the German Federal Parliament and highranking officials at the ministries of foreign affairs and of economie development cooperation. The delegates will be received by Professor Rita Suessmuth, president of the

Bundestag. At the end of the first week, the delegation will pay a visit to the District Council of Easkirchen.

At the beginning of second week, political talks are scheduled at the European Commission in Brussels.

After a short stay in Stuttgart, where parliamentary work at the level of the Federate State of Baden-Wuerttemberg will be on the programme, the delegation will proceed to Strasbourg for the last part of the visit.

Information about the working methods of the European Parliament and political talks with its members are scheduled as well as the visit to the European Commission of Human Rights, and the Council of Europe. The president of the European Parliament will receive the Jordanian delega-



people were injured Saturday near the Ministry of Industry and Trade. The accident took place when the driver of a diesel tanker heading from the Prince Abdullah Ben Al Hussein Circle to Jamal Abdul Nasser Circle lost control of his vehicle because he was speeding and

Scene of a road accident in which five slammed into a taxi which in turn hit an electricity pole on the street divider. The pole fell on a car on the other side of the divider. The injured were listed in good condition except for a 10-year-old who was reported to have lost an eye (Petra

Seminar participants call for national road safety council

AMMAN (Petra) - Participants at a seminar on road accidents which concluded in Amman Saturday recommended the establishment of a national council for road safety which will coordinate among all departments and institutions concerned to draw up plans for road safety measures and systems.

The participants also called for adopting a comprehensive national plan to educate the public on traffic rules and stem accidents by cooperat-

ing with the media.
They also stressed the need to amend the ohligatory in-

surance system. They called for an educational strategy to introduce traffic education as a subject in schools and organising field visits for students to get on-site traffic education.

In addition, they stressed the need to tackle the problem of traffic congestion.

government and private institutions participated in the seminar which was organised by the Arah Youth Forum at Al Hussein Youth City's

Palace of Culture. These institutions were the Amman Municipality, the Traffic Department, the Ministry of Public Works and Housing, the Insurance Companies Federation and the National Society for the Prevention of Road Accidents.

Terez Bisharat of the Amman Municipality presented a working paper in which she said road accidents in the Kingdom rose from 1,838 in 1970 to 15,734 in 1994.

She attributed the increase to the rise in living standards. Arfan Gharghar of the Ministry of Public Works presented a working paper on road designs and their effects on accidents. Mr. Gharghar,

opening roads. Captain Wajih Shajrawi of the Traffic Department presented another paper in which he said children were the main victims of car accidents, accounting for 69 per cent of the total number of

He said 300,000 people are killed annually in car accidents worldwide.

Captain Shajrawi said the new traffic law which is awaiting approval by the Lower House of Parliament is more developed than the present law, noting that the Traffic Department is preparing comprehensive plans aiming to spread awareness of traffic rules in cooperation

with Ministry of Information. Another working paper was presented by Majdiddin Khairi on the effect of social behaviour on road accidents.

WHAT'S GOING ON

an engineer, focused on the

FILM

☆ Film entitled "Lean on Me" at the Amer- ☆ Exhibition of oil paintings by Hamond ican Center at 5:00 p.m.

** Lecture (in Arabic) entitled "The Legal Sides on the Right of Return for Palestinian Deportees and Those Who Lost Return Permits" by Ahmad Al Ruwaidi at Abdul Hamid Shoman Foundation at 6:00

Chantout at the Balqa' Art Gallery,

A. Exhibition of oil paintings by Yousef Baddawi at Alia Art Gallery.

Exhibition of art by Ahmad Al Babili and Mohammad Ali at the Phoenix Gallery for Culture and Art.

Islamic subjects at Instituto Cervantes (the Spanish Cultural Centre.

JPA chief, visiting Algerian parliamentarians discuss stopping violence against journalists

AMMAN (Petra) — Jordan Press Association (JPA) President Suleiman Qudah, who is also president of the International Jonrnalists Association (UO) Saturday met with the head of a visiting Algerian parliamentary delegation, Hussein Haidar, and discussed the problem of attacks against Algerian journalists and writers in that country.

Mr. Qudah expressed the Jordanian, Arab and world journalists' solidarity with tbeir Algerian colleagues who are being targeted by

Islamist groups.

More than 29 Algerian ournalists have been killed so far in the conflict between the Algerian government and

Islamist militant groups. Mr. Qudah issued an appeal to all government and popular forces in Algeria to support journalists and protect them, to enable them to carry out their national and humanitarian duty freely within the context of a national dialogue.

The head of the delegation, which arrived in Amman Wednesday, expressed the solidarity of the Algerian National Transitional Council with journalists and its rejection of violence, stressing that his country's official and private institutions were working diligently to stop violence and assassinations

DAM BUILDING: Minister of Water and Irrigation Saleh Irsheidat Saturday signs an agreement with representatives of a consortium of local and foreign consultancy firms to build Al Adasiyeh Dam which will be used to divert water from the Yarmouk River to the King Abdullah Canal in the Jordan Valley. Under the JD 435,000-agreement, the consortium will offer consultancy services and prepare the designs for the dam whose capacity will be one million cubic metres. The dam will also be used to divert

the Algerian society, namely journalists and writers.

He stressed that a responsihle national dialogue would be the only means to rid Algeria of its problems.

Mr. Haidar called on the Jordanian and Arab press to support such a movement.

The UO recently set up a committee to investigate the attacks and assassinations in Algeria against journalists. It has also granted its annual 1994 award to one of the Algerian journalists killed in the conflict.

Also Saturday, the delegation was received by rapporteur of the Lower House of Parliament Foreign Affairs Committee, Hammad Ahn Jamous.

Mr. Ahu Jamous said Jordanians were following with concern incidents in Algeria, voicing hope that the Algerian people will re-solve the conflict through serious national dialogue which will involve all the concerned

The meeting was attended by Minister of State for Parliamentary Affairs Abdul Majid Azzam and several memhers of the Foreign Affairs Committee.

Also Saturday, Deputy Prime Minister and Information Minister Khaled Karaki met with the delegation and stressed the keenness of His

Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of General Navef Maula. Saturday receives Information Khaled Karaki, accompa- an Algerian parliamentary delegation nied by Ministry of Information Secretary headed by Hussein Haidar (Petra photo)

Majesty King Hussein that Algeria find stability and

security.
Dr. Karaki said he hoped that Algeria will be able to

overcome its current crisis through dialogue. The information minister briefed the delegation on Jor-dan's democratisation pro-

cess and its drive to promote pluralism and human rights. Mr. Haidar lauded King Hussein's stands on pan-Arah issues and voiced

Algeria's appreciation of the Jordanian leadership's pursuit to mend Arah fences.

He also voiced his country's appreciation of Jordan's stands supporting Algeria in the past and at present, lauding the democratisation process and saying it can be a good example to the Algerian

Dr. Karaki and Mr. Haidar discussed bilateral relations and means of enhancing

Dr. Karaki welcomed opening an office for the Algerian news agency in Am-

The meeting was attended by Ministry of Information Secretary General Nayef Maula, Director General of the Radio and Television Corporation Ihsan Ramzi, Director General of the Jordan News Agency Abduliah Utoum and Algerian Ambassador in Amman Hashemi

More rain, clouds expected through mid-day

AMMAN (J.T.) - Intermittent rains and cloudy weather are expected to continue today until mid-day, and there will be a possibility of light snow in high mountain areas, meteorologist Qassem Tarawneh said Saturday.

A rise in temperatures is expected Monday and Tuesday, be said.

Rains fell in various parts of the Kingdom Friday and Saturday, intermittently, with sleat in the higher parts

The maximum rainfall recorded by the Meteorology Department until 8 a.m. Saturday was in downtown Amman at 22.1 mm.

French travel industry group eyes Jordan with \$55m plan

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

flood waters to other

dams in the Jordan Val-

ley or to those which are

to be constructed, in-

cluding the proposed Al

Karameh Dam, expected

to held 45 million cubic

metres of water.

AMMAN - One of Europe's largest hotel and travel groups is currently negotiating with the Social Security Corporation (SSC) and a number of other local investors to be-

gin projects in Jordan. The French-owned ACCOR Group has a \$55 million investment plan for Jordan if negotiations are successful, said Jacques Laugier Negre, chairman of the board for ACCOR.

ACCOR has been studying the Jordanian tourism market for a year, said Mr. Negre, and 'we feel that there are opportunities for hotels and tourism in Jor-

"Our findings after our

study are that the country is exceptional in terms of opportunity because it is stable and well-managed, while at the same time there is a problem of prom-otion." Mr. Negre explained during a press con-ference Tuesday. "All that this country offers to tourists is not known ontside Jordan."

The ACCOR group is well positioned to promote Jordan worldwide, he said, considering that ACCOR owns 4,000 travel agencies worldwide.

"Through our own agencies we will be able to help promote Jordan," he said In addition to its travel agencies, ACCOR owns 2,250 hotels worldwide (traditional, hudget and resort), public restaurants and car rental agencies and

offers business services such as service vouchers and institutional catering

As part of the first phase of its strategy in Jordan, ACCOR has plans for four four-star hotels in Amman, Agaba, Petra and the Dead

Sea with 400 rooms each. "We know that people in the Middle East want to be in five-star hotels," said Mr. Negre, although profitability can be at four-star and three-star levels. ACCOR's experience at all levels, one- to five-stars, enables them to adapt to

the local market needs. The plan for the hotels in Jordan are the first stage of the company's plans for further activity here, although Mr. Negre would

He did say, however, that the company's activities in Jordan were part of a regional strategy.

ACCOR currently owns 27 hotels in Egypt, four in Turkey and is looking to expand into Israel and the Palestinian self-rule areas as well as Jordan.

ACCOR does not have hotels in Israel, Mr. Negre said, but is currently finalising a joint venture with an Israeli company. "We are also working hard on a project in the Palestinian areas," he said, adding that the company's plan is for one botel in Jericho and one in Gaza.

Mr. Negre said that ACCOR gives Jordan high marks for its investment law despite the complaints lodged against them. "We really don't bave complaints," he said, "because Jordan is a law-abiding, stable and well-managed country in safe surroundings - it's very good for investment. Not all countrics in the area are like

Mr. Negre and ACCOR Vice-President Andre-Patrick Jung said that after speaking with Minister of Tourism Abdul Ilah Khatih they were confident that prospects for tourism in Jordan were improving.

"We have the impression that the minister has a very good knowledge of the problems facing tourism," said Mr. Negre. "And we feel that the Jordanians are doing their best to improve the infrastructure for tourism. It is improving."

Czech children's art to go on display at RCC

AMMAN (J.T.) — A collec-non of prize-winning paint-ings by children of the Czech Republic will open to the public Monday at the Royal Cultural Centre (RCC).

The exhibition, to be displayed for two weeks, roured Europe last year, with expositions in Austria, France, Germany and Switzerland. Entitled "The Colourful World," the exhibition con-

sists of childrens' graphic art and is presented by Euroatelier, an independent nonprofit making society for culture and artistic cooperation. A statement issued by the

Czech emhassy said graphic art has become a tradition within the republic. There The exhibition here will be are schools specialised in teaching children the hasic theoretical and practical hackground of graphic art. It added that many chil-

dren participate in competitions including Alsova Zeme (the Ales country) competition, which is named after Mikolas Ales, a famous Czech painter of the 19th Also held in the republic is

an international children's exhibition called the "Lid-Past exhibitions have fea-

tured works by Jordanian children and the exhibition has gained worldwide recognition, the statement said.

In their paintings children from different countries depict their activities, their environment and the customs and traditions of their coun-

the third Czech cultural event to take place in the Kingdom in seven months. Earlier this month the Prague Chamber Ballet staged two differing performances on two consecutive nights at the RCC. The hallet proved a huge success: audience members filled the main theatre, not leaving a single seat vacant and many were prepared to stand and watch.

The Czech embassy in Amman is keen to promote cultural exchange between the two countries to create a better understanding of one another's culture.

The exhibition, under the patronage of Her Royal Highness Princess Wijdan Ali, was organised by the Czech embassy who hopes it will be received with as much enthusiasm as the ballet.

The exhibition at the RCC will be open to the public from March 30 to April 13 between the hours of 10 a.m. to 12 p.m. and 4 to 6 p.m.

Business delegation to leave for economic talks in Denmark, France

AMMAN (Petra) - A 25member delegation representing the Jordanian Businessmen's Association (JBA) Tuesday will start a visit to Denmark and France to hold talks with representatives of economic institutions in the two countries.

The delegation, beaded by association President Hamdi Tahbaa, will participate in a conference on investment opportunities in Jordan and Denmark.

The association will present two working papers at the conference on the investment climate in Jordan and the Middle East. The papers will be presented by JBA Vice-President Fakhri Bilbeisi and Secretary Thabet

The Danish International Consultation Services office in Amman will present another paper at the conference on investments in Jor-

The Danish side will present two papers on prospects Iraq.

of cooperation between Jordan and Denmark in environmental fields, and cooperation between the two countries in educational and in-

frastructure projects. The Jordanian delegation will visit various Danish institutions and meet with their representatives to discuss the prospect of enhancing cooperation between the two sides through the lannching of joint ventures.

The delegation will head for France on April 1 to attend the second meeting of the joint Jordanian-French Business Council which was established last year.

The delegation will present two working papers at the meeting dealing with Jordan's growing economic role in the region within the framework of the peace process and Jordanian-French cooperation in the era which will follow the lifting of the U.N.-imposed sanctions on

Save water every drop counts!

Boishoi director

MOSCOW (AFP) - Vladimir Kokonin, the controversial general director of the

Bolshoi Theatre who was

fired a week ago, was reap-

pointed Friday with the new

title of executive director, ITAR-TASS reported. Mis-

Kokonin, whose reformist

ideas have met opposition

from Bolshoi veterans, has

been at the heart of turbu-

lence sweeping the theatre for the last year. The

announcement early this

month that he was being kept on at the Bolshoi and that

Valdimir Vasilyev, a star

dancer, would become artis-

tic director, sparked the de-parture March 9 of chief

choreographer Yuri Grigor-ovich. That was followed a

few days later hy the resigna-

tion of Mr. Grigorovich's

wife, the dancer Natalya Be-smertnova, and of chief

designer Valery Levental,

both of whom symbolise the

Bolshoi's glory years in the 1960s. Prime Minister Viktor

Chernomyrdin signed Mr.

Kokoniu's reappointment Friday as Mr. Vasilyev took

up his new job. Kokonin, 57.

a musician who played in the Bolshoi orchestra for two

years, was named director

general of the theatre in

1988. That post has now been

eliminated in reforms aimed

at modernising the musty Bolshoi. Vasilyev told jour-

nalists he was looking for-

ward to working with "a

strong administrator" like

Kokonin. The chaos at the

Bolshoi has disrupted several

performances. One show was

cancelled and another de-

layed due to a strike by dan-

cers opposed to Kokonin.

reappointed with new title

Japan police step up efforts to find doomsday cult leader

TOKYO (R) — Japanese police Saturday stepped up efforts to find Shoko Asahara, the evasive head of doomsday cult Aum Shinri Kyo (Supreme Truth Sect) which has been linked to lethal nerve-gas attacks on Tokyo's subway.

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Police also impounded about 200 more barrels of toxic chemicals in the fourth day of raids at sect buildings.

Meanwhile, in a new video message to followers, Mr. Asahara, 40, again denied allegations the group was behind last Monday's attacks, and accused U.S. troops in Japan of spraying him and hundreds of his followers with nerve gas.

The National Police Agency (NPA) asked Japan's 47 prefectural police authorities to confirm the whereabouts of Mr. Asahara.

Police want to ask Mr. Asabara why his sect owned hundreds of tonnes of toxie constituents of the lethal gas sarin, used in the subway attack which killed 10 and injured thousands.

On Saturday police said five bags used in the attacks were made of a rare industrial plastic, and that this could lead them to the cul-

No suspects have so far

been named in the attack. At the sect's complex in the village of Kamiku Isshiki near Mt. Fuji, 100 kilometres west of Tokyo, about 400 police with chemical warfare gear entered the premises and took away barrels marked "phosphorus trich-

loride" and "poison."
Phosphorus trichloride has been identified as a key ingredient of sarin. Police also found chemicals used to make nitroglycerin and dyna-mite, and the stimulate drug

amphetamine. Police sources said they have now found several bundred tonnes of some 40 different chemicals at sect build-

The 10,000-member Aum Shinri Kvo sect says the chemicals were used for making

pottery. No pots were found. In the new video message, broadcast at Aum Shinri Kyo branches, Mr. Asahara said U.S. troops sprayed him and hundreds of followers with nerve gases including sarin.

"We have been sprayed with poisonous gases," Mr. Asahara said in the video, obtained hy Kyodo News Agency.
"The gas was sprayed by U.S. troops, unmistakably,"

alleged the cult gare, without saying bow or when.
The U.S. embassy in Tokyo said a similar accusation made Friday was unworthy of comment

Details of conditions Aum Shinri Kyo followers had to endure also started to emerge Saturday. A 23-year-old woman freed by police earlier this week told of being held in a dark shipping container and barred from using the

bathroom after saying sh wanted to leave the sect. A male former sect mem-

ber told NHK public television of living on survival ra-tions of bread, noodles and rice cakes, and sleeping in cramped conditions. There wasn't even

enough room to sleep like a human being," he said. He also said that errant followers were force-fed unidentified drugs to prevent them from leaving.
Police have not linked their

raids with the subway attack. but the sight of officers in chemical-warfare gear left little doubt that they were looking for clues in the nerve-gas

The official reason for the raids was to search for evidence related to the alleged Feb. 28 abduction of Kiyoshi Kariya, 68, a charge the sect

Mr. Kariya was abducted as his sister was trying to break with the sect Asabara founded in 1987.

Fujimori

Peruvian

lead in

polls

holds wide



British Queen Elizabeth with South African party at the presidential Guest House in Vice-President Thabo M'Beki at a garden Pretoria during her South African tour (AFP

U.K. queen hopes for peace in S. Africa

DURBAN, South Africa (R) - Britain's Queen Elizabeth, ou the final day of a six-day state visit, said Saturday she had been saddened by the violence that had racked South Africa and boped peace would prevail.

At a lunch bosted by Kwazulu-Natal provincial Premier Frank Molalose, the queen said she had been struck "hy the distinctive pride and self-confidence of the communities here."

An additional element was struggling hard to achieve its rightful place in post-apartheid South Africa: Re-

"We in Britain have been deeply saddened by the violence which has so beset you. Equally, we have been en-couraged by the evident determination of ordinary men and women to overcome their problems and find ways of working together.
"I trust that peace will preand fear are absent."

vail in the common interest," she said.

She queen spent the final two days of ber visit in Kwazulu-Natal, where couflict between supporters of President Nelson Mandela's African National Congress (ANC) and the Inkatha Freedom Party of Zulu chief Man-gosuthu Buthelezi has killed about 1,500 people since last year's first all-race elections.

The queeu was also seeing Zulu King Goodwill Zwelithini, who is locked in a power struggle with his uncle Buthelezi for the hearts and minds of the country's 8.5 million Zulus. She met Mr.

Buthelezi last Monday. She told the lunch Britain wanted to support South Airica in bringing basic services to all and in creating "a

"poor families with children,

food stamp recipients (and)

kids who lose school lunches"

as the victims.

The bill has targeted the federal school lunch programme as one of the some 45

decades-old social assistance

plans to be scrapped.

President Bill Clinton said

in a statement it was "a

sentatives could not produce

a real welfare reform plan

that would promote work and

responsibility and attract

But others were less res-

broad bipartisan support."

The queen started the tour

with her husband Prince Philip last Monday iu Cape Town, then coutinued to Port Elizabeth and the Pretoria-Johannesburg area before flying to Durbu. She was leaving for Britain Saturday

In her lunch speech, she referred to the visit, her first since she accompanied her parents King George VI and Queeu Elizabeth and sister Princess Margaret to South Africa in 1947, as "one of the outstanding experiences of my

British and South African officials said the current tour set the seal on South Africa's post-apartheid relations with Britain and the Commonwealth, the 51-nation grouping of former British imperial possessions she heads.

Patrick Swayze blazes in desert race

DOHA (R) — U.S. movie star Patrick Swayze, better known for his parts in the hit films Ghost and Dirty Dancing, took on a new role as a desert horseman in a marathon race in the Gulf Arah state of Qatar. Swayze, covered in sweat and wearing a cowboy hat, was not among the top three to finish the 42 kilometre Qatar Desert Horse Marathon, in which 39 mostly European and Middle Eastern riders took part in searing heat. But the wellknown actor, riding his Arabian Mount Wasel bareback, trotted across the finish line four hours after the start of the race to wife Lisa and a crowd of well-wishers. "...I'm absolutely amazed and proud and blown away that I got to ride an Arabian horse in the desert. I have achieved my dream." said the actor, who owns an Arabian horse ranch in California and was in

Oatar to attend a horse show Greek crowned Miss Tourism

International 1995

. . .

KUALA LUMPUR. Malaysia (AP) — Mariana Pateli of Greece was crowned Miss Tourism International 1995 from a field of 23 contestants, the national news agency Bernama reported Saturday, Pateli, 18, also won the award for best national costume in the competition Friday night on the resort islaud of Laugkawi, 450 kilometres (280 miles) northwest of Kuala Lumpur. Pateli, received \$5,000 in gift vouchers and a trophy. Malaysian Livinia Tan was first runner up. American Kim Bayers was second runner-up and also won the Miss Waveline Body Beautifol Award. Filipino Sherilyne Reyes was third runner-up, and Heidy Cerdas Esquivel of Costa Rica, fourth. Awards for Miss Friendship and Miss Personality went to Alessia Rivolta of Italy and Rebecca Read of Sctoland, respectively. It was the second time Malaysia had hosted the contest.

Woman abducted moments after getting married

COLOMBO (AP) - In what could end up being one of the world's shortest marriages, a woman who had just said "I do" at her wedding was kidnapped hy a former boyfriend. Working with six accomplices, the man burst into the ceremony in a crowded hall, grabbed the 1g-year-old newlywed. pushed her into his van and drove away Thursday, police said. Even though the girl's mother managed to jump into the van, the jilted lover still tried to win hack the bride's love. When that failed, he brought the two women back to the hall-

6 killed in India election violence

PATNA, India (AP) - Rival political parties set off crude bombs and police shot hoodlums trying to grah hallot papers during a state legislature election in northern india. Six people were killed and at least 34 others injured,

an election official said. Rival groups set off about 24 crude bombs to scare away voters in 13 districts where

holds 4

Chinese

boats in

Spratlys

ment said.

statement said.

incident.

fishing boats in the latest

incident between nations

embassy in Manila about the

islands, reefs and atolis, are

claimed wholly or in part hy

The Spratlys, a cluster of

Brigadier general Carlos

elections were held, said T.P. Maheshwari, Bihar state's top election official. Twentyfour persons were injured in the explosions.

A lawmaker set fire to a polling station and his supporters snatched the ballot papers and attacked the offi-

cials, he said. considered low by Bihar's arrangements.

standards, where dozens of people have been shot dead or hacked to death in earlier

Electoral fraud was so rampant in the past that the independent Election Commission split the halloting over five days and ordered one of the tightest security

Philippines | People flee as bodies litter Burundi capital

MANILA (R) — The Philippine Navy Saturday boarded and detained four Chinese

ritying gangs of Tutsi and Hutu youths, they said. claiming the potentially oilrich Spratty Islands in the South China Sea, the govern-A Philippine Navy patrol boat and a transport ship captured the Chinese vessels

Kanvosha. near Alicia Reef in the part of the Spratlys claimed by Manila, a presidential palace There was no immediate reaction from the Chinese

BUJUMBURA (R)—Grief-strickeu Burnudis wailed over dozens of bullet-riddled ern photographer, describing how she also saw people hor-rifically wounded.

State radio said Friday night that the headquarters of the ruling Hutu-led Front for Democracy in Burundi Party (Frodebu) had been set fire during clashes in the day. Meanwhile, Burundi officials condemned President Sylvestre Ntibantunganya for

failing to make any public statements about the violence. "His silence bas a very great political importance, said one senior figure in the administration who was too

LIMA (R) — President Alberto Fujimori, who is running for a second term, continues to hold a wide lead over his nearest rival ahead of the April 9 elections, polls published Friday said.

But the surveys indicated that the margin of Mr. Fujimori's lead over former United Nations Secretary General Javier Perez De

Cuellar has narrowed. A survey by Peru's leading polling firm Apoyo indicated that Mr. Fujimori would capture 47 per cent of the vote compared to 22 per cent for Mr. Perez De Cuellar. The poll of 3,038 voters carried out on March 19-23 had a two per cent margin of error.

Mr. Fujimori's support was down from an earlier poll done by the same firm on March 13 that gave him 50 per cent of voter support compared to only 17 per cent for Mr. Perez De Cuellar.

Under Peruvian law, Friday was the last day preelection polls could be published in Peru. Another poll by Imasen

said 45.5 per cent of voters surveyed on March 17-21 backed Mr. Fujimori, while 19.8 per cent favoured Mr. Perez De Cuellar. The polling firm found that support for Mr. Fnjimori had

slipped from 47.1 per cent in mid-Fehruary, when Peru was fighting a border conflict with Ecuador. The president and a 120-

seat Congress will be chosen in the election. If the top presidential candidate fails to win 50 per cent of the vote, a second round will be held in

U.S. house passes welfare overhaul vileged few in this country?" with the House bill before asked Tennessee Representabeading to the White House tive Harold Ford, who named for final approval.

WASHINGTON (AFP) -The House of Representatives approved a Republican welfare overhaul which would end decades of social programmes in the United States and make individual states responsible for the

The 234-199 vote for the Personal Responsibility Act" followed four days of often rancorous debate over welfare mothers, abortion immediate fire from the White House and social welfare activists.

Republican spousors promised the bill would end a vicious cycle of dependence" on welfare and save \$66 billion.

"For generations now we have seen this destructive welfare system stay in place and keep people where they are, a system that is destructive of future self-esteem, destructive of family, destructive of the basic moral fiber that has held this nation together," said Florida Representative Clay Shaw.

"Now is the time to sweep

this away." But Democrats - all hut nine of them voting against the bill - have portrayed it as a fine levied against children and the poor to finance a tax break for the rich. "Who pays for this gift from Uncie Sam to the pri-

"This bill breaks America's commitment to its children to protect them from hunger and homelessuess," David Kass with the Children's Defence Fund. This would write a blank check to the states with uo accountability, just dumping

> and saying: 'Here you deal with it'," he said. Mr. Kass noted that ultimately the problem could land right back in the laps of those at the federal level should the states fail to cope with the mammoth problem

the problem on the governors

cial ills. The Senate will now dehate its own welfare hill which must then be reconciled

of dealing with America's so-

Mr. Clinton, whose party was defeated in the November midterms, has been re-

duced to the role of spectator in the legislative drive, hut the White House has not lost an opportunity to portray the Republicans as extremists bent on helping those who need it least. "This is a redistribution of

tion," said White House Chief of Staff Leon Panetta. said White House But Mr. Clinton, still stinging from the rebuke of the

Republicans victory, is mindful that voters want something done about the programme they see as costly and often counterproductive. "I am determined to work with Republicans and Demo-

crats in Cougress to produce the kind of welfare reform Americans — regardless of party affiliation - want and expect," he said in his state-

Meauwbile, the Senate ratified a treaty Friday aimed at restricting the use of land mines and lessening their potential to harm civilian populations.

The conventional weapons treaty passed by voice vote with no debate requires land mines to be mapped in detail and contain internal clocks which deactivate the devices after six mouths.

Russia gets revenge in VE-Day parade MOSCOW (AFP) - By get-ting U.S. President Bill Clin-

ton to agree to attend ceremonies here marking the 50th anniversary of victory over Nazi Germany, the Russians have taken sweet revenge for their exclusion from last year's commemoration of the Normandy landings.

four vessels would be taken to Ulugan Bay on Palawan Preparations have been in Island, about 550 kilometres hand for months already for what will be the year's biggest Gen. Tanega said one of celebration on the official the ships boarded was found calendar. to possess cyanide. Fisher-Hundreds of tanks and

several infantry battalions including at least one back from the war in Chechenya into coral reefs to stun bump-- are massing on the outskirts of Moscow to train for stored live in seawater in the the May 9 parade at Poklounaya Gora, the big park on the west of the capital which houses an impressive memorial to the Great Patriotic War, as World War II is termed here.

They will not however form part of what the authorities consider to be the chief event of the day, the marchpast of more than 5.000 war veterans at 10 a.m. on Red Square.

Mr. Clinton and his bost President Boris Yeltsin are due to be joined there by Prime Minister John Major of Britain and President Francois Mitterrand of France. Mr. Yeltsin is still waiting to learn if German Chancellor Helmut Kohl will also come.

Red Square, that vast paved expanse at the foot of the Kremlin where Lemn's mausoleum is still in place, has not had a military parade since the May 1990 ceremonies presided over hy Mikhail Gorbachev, the last Soviet president.

The defence minister of the day lauded the "superiority of socialist military Organisation and Soviet military skill' as decisive factors in Russia's defeat of the German invad-

In all of Soviet history, no American president ever attended any of the traditioually impressive military parades with Communist leaders. Sergei Stankevich of par-

liament's Foreign Affairs Committee said Mr. Clinton's first-time presence would be "partial but important compensation for the insult to Russian dignity" last year on June 6 in Normandy and on Sept. 8 in Berlin.

The first marked the landing of allied forces in France, the second their departure from Germany after a halfceutury of postwar "occupation." The Russians were not invited

Meanwhile, Germany's main opposition parties accused the Bonn government Friday of elumsiness in arranging its commemoration of the end of World War II in Europe and of slighting Warsaw by not inviting a Polish

The Social Democrats (SPD) said Chancellor Kohl was wrong to invite only the leaders of the United States, Britain, France and Russia to the May 8 ceremonies in Berlin marking the 50th

anniversary of the war's end. Poland, as the first country to be invaded by Adolf Hitler's Wehrmacht in 1939, had also sought to be invited to .Germany's official

anniversary event. "If we in Germany celehrate the end of the war and the beginning of peace, then we should invite our friends and partners, especially those who were invaded by Ger-many in the past," SPD Chairman Rudolf Scharping told ARD Television.

"I have the impression that Kohl has... stomped around like a bull in a China shop. It is an affront, especially to Poland, and I think it must be corrected as quickly as possi-

Boiling tension in Macedonia worries U.S. TETOVO, Macedonia (AP) The GIS and some 600

- The danger of a war that could eclipse even Bosnia's carnage lurks in the tense streets of this drab Macedo-Ethnic Albanians make up

80 per cent of Tetovo's 100,000 people. They always lived uneasily with the Macedonians. Since an ethnic Albanian was killed in a February clash with police over a hanned Albanianlanguage university, the two groups barely speak.

The only thing they agree on its that if war explodes here or elsewhere in Macedomia, bloodshed could spread within the southern Balkans. "Tensions are high, explo-

sive," said Arben Xhaferi, a leader of radical ethnic Alhanians who are seeking autonomy within Macedonia. "We want a peaceful solution, but all other options are open."

The United States, already worried enough about Macedonia to send 500 soldiers as U.N. peacekeepers in 1993, is now considering dispatching abont 3,000 more soldiers as part of a NATO division. It would be the first NATO presence in former Yugosla-Macedonia, says U.N.

Assistant Secretary of State Richard Holhrooke "is exact-

ly the kind of problem that

could erupt and the world,

having paid no attention.

suddenly says: 'how did this

Scandinavian peacekeepers are deployed way north of Tetovo, on the border with Serbia, and seem unlikely to check mounting ethnie fric-Macedonia, a country of

about two million people, was the only state that seceded peacefully from former Yugoslavia in 1991. Officially, Muslim ethnie Alhamians are 22 per cent of the mostly Christian Orthodox Slav population. The Albamans, who boycotted a recent ceusus, claim they represent more than a third.

Macedonia is a tinderbox and potential flashpoint because of its poverty, mixed population and hostile ueighbours. Greece refuses to recog-

nise Macedonia, claiming it has designs on Greece's northern province of the same name. So does Serbia, saying a few thousand minority Serbs in Macedonia are oppressed. Bulgaria recognised Macedonia, but says Macedonians are not a nation and are actually Bulgarians.

Relations with Alhania University.

have frayed over the Tetovo Mr. Xhaferi and other ethnic Albanians in Tetoyo. their stronghold some 30 kilometres (18 miles) west of Macedonia's capital Skopje,

say that the Feb. 17 death of an Albanian protester at the university has buried the "impossible" dream of a peaceful multiethnic state in the heart of the Balkans. Macedonian authorities

bulldozed the house serving as the Albanian-language university, claiming the state's constitution does not evisage high-level education in a minority language. "The Macedonian government has failed its test in

democracy," said Menduk Tachi, an Tetovo Albanian official. "It responded to our legitimate requests with repression. This is just like Ser-Mr. Tachi alluded to neighbouring Kosovo, where some 1.8 million ethnic Albanians. demanding independence,

have organised passive resist-

ance against Serbian author-

ities who govern with massive police and military force. Now, as in Kosovo, Tetovo's ethnic groups stroll separate streets in the evening, frequent different restaurants and barely socialise. In Skopje, the situation is similar. Several young radical Albanians from Kosovo have

fled to western Macedonia. Macedonian officials play down the ethnic tensions, and say they won't lift the university ban. The impasse seems total as ethnic Alhamians persist with classes else-

"Political radicalisation is possible in any society." said Ismail Djuner, Macedonia's government spokesman. But we do not think the university question... can be a starting point of radicalisa-

Other Macedonians disартее. The fuse bas been lit, and

a possible explosion could shake the whole of the Balkans," said university lecturer Donce Mitkovski. "The Albanian question, if not solved soon, could ignite Southern Europe."

"In case of higger interethnic clashes in Macedonia, Kosovo Albanians, Albania, Serbia. Greece and possibly Turkey would join the fight, Mr. Mitkovski said, adding that "a weak U.N. presence wouldn't change things."

U.N. officials privately admit their presence along the border with Serbia can hardly affect places like Teto-

"This water will be red with blood if they attack us again," said elderly Albanian Ibrahim Fehmi, pointing at a small river by the hulldozed would-be university.

"We're stronger and armed," said Mr. Fehmi, wearing the Alhanians' traditional domed white cap. Our brothers from Kosovo and Albania will he here to defend us."

China, the Philippines, Viet-uam, Taiwan, Malaysia and in. Brunei. Most seenrity analysts in South East Asia regard them as the uext potential flashpoint in the re-Tanega, commander of the Philippine military's Western Command (Wescom), said all southwest of Manila. meu in the area said the cvanide is normally injected head wrasse and other fish so they can be scooped up and

> holds of the sbip for transport Speaking in Beijing earlier Saturday before the news of the high seas boarding, a Chinese Foreign Ministry spokesman said the Philippine Navy's destruction of Chinese-set survey markers on reefs in the Spratlys Thursday would not help in settling the dispute over ownership of the archipelago. "This action will do no good in the settlement of the issue, nor will it do any harm

> > Philippine and Chinese Foreign Ministry officials failed to reach agreement in talks in Beijing this week to try to defuse tension after Manila charged China with widening its occupation of the disputed archipelago. They were planning more meetings, but it was not immediately clear whether the detention of the four Chinese vessels Saturday would affect the situation.

to China's sovereignty over

the Nansha (Spratly) Is-

lands," the spokesman told

Last month, Manila accused Beijing of huilding what it said looked like a uaval support installation over Mischief Reef.

corpses littering the streets of a Bujumhura suburh Saturday after a might of savagery between Tutsi and Hutu gangs, witnesses said. Hundreds of families were bundling up a few belongings and fleeing the city in cars and buses, abandoning the city to army patrols and ter-

In the suburb of Buyenzi. iournalists saw 40 or 50 bodies strewn about the roads as shooting souttered on in the district of

"Most were young men but there were women, whole families too... there were people crying. It was very emotional," said one West-

scared to be identified," We don't know who is running the country. The new prime minister Antoine Nduwayo, however,

held talks with foreign diplumats Saturday.

tol - Aces Petron Frage

AN AND

Bosnian Serb soldiers hold their positions on the front line on Mountain Majevica, overlooking the Muslim stronghold town of Tuzla where Bosnian army and Serb forces fought

in hand-to-hand combat for control of a communications' nexus atop a strategic peak (AFP photo)

Balladur goes into high gear to boost image

PARIS (R) - Freoch Prime Minister Edouard Balladur, keen to shed his image of wealth and haughtiness ahead of next month's presidential electioo, went hitchhiking and treated supporters to circus acts, French fries and accordions Saturday.

Thousands of enthusiastic supporters, coming from across the country in chartered trains and buses, mobbed the prime minister amid shouts of "we'll win, Balladur president" as be attended a mass rally at Le Bourget, near Paris.

The rally, dubbed "all for Edouard," was the biggest so far in Balladur's flaggiog campaign.

Accordionists played popular tuoes and acrohats performed, dodgems, rolled coasters, cassoulet stew, sauerkraut, fried potatoes and spicy sansages gave the rally the good-bumoured fairground atmosphere.

Mr. Balladur, whose image

sure of high profits made in shares sales, earlier appeared delighted that he had to resort to hitch-hiking after his belicopter was forced down by fog on a remote sports pitch on the way to a cam-

paign meeting in Provence. Motorist Claire Lacaille, driving with her hushand and two alsatian dogs, packed Mr. Balladur, Environment Minister Michel Barnier and two aides in the back of her Mercedes.

Mr. Malladur chatted amiably through the 10-minute drive and asked for Mr. Lacaille's husiness card He told reporters it was not the first time he bad been hitchhiking and added: "One must be able to take risks and we completed our schedule de-

spite fog."
Mr. Balladur bas been criticised as being too cau-tious and yielding easily to protests.

The runaway presideotial favourite for months, be has bas suffered from the disclo- now dropped well behind.

fellow-gaullist Paris Mayor Jacques Chirac and is fighting for second place in opinion polls with Socialist Lionel

Aides hoped the mass rally could turn the tables after the latest string of surveys showed Mr. Chirac slippiog slightly and Mr. Balladur

marginally regaining ground. Mr. Balladur has been weakened by labour unrest, corruption probes into illegal party financing and a flood of desertions to Mr. Chirac's

As pollsters say many vo-ters, still uodecided, are judging candidates on their image rather than on their platforms, Mr. Ballador was also seeking to bring the cam-paigo hack on political ground.

Accusing his rivals of making demagogic promises, be challeoged them Friday night to televised debates.

"The French people have a right to be informed. They enough so far," be told a

Former French Prime Minister Jacques Chaban-Delmas, forgetting past dis-putes, Friday backed Mr. Chirac for next month's presidential election.

Mr. Chirac torpedoed Mr. Chaban-Delmas's hid for the presidency in 1974, giving his support to centrist Valery Giscard D'Estaing who was elected and rewarded Mr. Chirac with the premiership.

Mr. Chaban-Delmas, the powerful mayor of Bordeaux, told Mr. Chirac in a speech welcoming him on a visit to the city that France's next presideot must be "a true Gaullist, faithful to the policies of Geoeral (Charles) De Gaulle.

"This man... is Jacques Chirac," Mr. Chaban-Delmas said. Mr. Chaban-Delmas was

premier in 1969-72 under the

late President Georges Poinsituation is likely to spin out of control, said Alexander Ivanko, a U.N. spokesman in יבר מרבי הניד בייבול pidop Sarajevo: U.N. special envoy Yasushi Akashi expressed se-President:

ment.

rious concern Saturday over renewed fighting between Bosnia's Muslims and Serbs and appealed to them to extend the current ceasefire expiring on April 30.

KUALA LUMPUR (R) — Malaysian Prime Minister

Mahathir Mohamad lauo-

ched his ruling coalitioo's un-

radio towers, U.N. reports "We are deeply concerned by the increase of fighting in Bosnia... the parties should seriously consider the exten-

Bosnian army captures Serb

tral Bosnia, a senior United "If the situation gets really Nations source said Saturday. "We think the Bosnian bad we may have to consider withdrawing from Bosnia, army took the two radio towwith assistance from NATO," be said.

sion of the ceasefire agree-

ment," Mr. Akashi told Reo-

SARAJEVO (Agencies) -

Bosnian government forces

appear to bave captured two

key Serh communications

towers in a week of heavy

fighting in northern and cen-

pressing the attack."

the two towers — one atop a mountain in Stolice, east of

the government-held city of

Tuzla, and the other perched

on Mouot Vlasic, directly

north of Travnik - as vital

links in the Bosnian Serb

were retaken from the Serbs

1.200 of them and they keep

coming," said Kris Janowski,

spokesman for the Sarajevo

office of the U.N. High Com-

"We're told all telephone

connections around Skender

Vakuf have been cut off

apparently after the Bosnian

army took a relay station in

U.N. officials warned

again Saturday that the fight-

ing around Tuzla and Travnik

threatens to spill over into

situation in Bosnia is ex-

tremely dangerous and if the

two sides do not refrain from

further military actions the

"The current military

country-wide conflict.

There are more than

in the latest offensive.

missioner for Refugees.

that area."

communications network.

ers," the source, who asked not to be named, said in Sarajevo. "All the indica-NATO has been working tions support that conclusion. on contingency plans for a U.N. pullout from the coun-"The Bosnian army is still try that would engage the biggest NATO force since the Bosnian army troops laun-

Gulf War in 1991. ched separate offensives against Serb forces oorth and Bosnia's Muslim-led government army this week launeast of Tuzla and north of Travnik, in central Bosnia, Monday. The attacks ched the latest offensive and Bosnian Serbs threatened Friday a punitive counter-offensive that could shatter violated a country-wide truce agreement that is not due to expire until May. U.N. officials identified the country-wide ceasefire. Bosnian government forces

ignored the threat and pressed on with the offensive. "If a full-scale war starts again our work may be made difficult, if oot impossible," Mr. Akashi said. "We are

very mindful of the safety and

security of our troops. Bosnia Serb leader Rado-U.N. relief officials said van Karadzic, his forces 1,200 people had fled the under attack from advancing central Bosnian town of Imijani, north of Travnik, due to fighting in the area and takeo government forces. Saturday urged an eod to three years of fighting and called for imrefuge in Skender Vakuf. Imljani aod Skender Vakuf mediate peace talks.

Mr. Karadzic's message, carried hy the Bosnian Serb News Agency (SRNA), came as fighting spread to its widest level since a truce took effect Jan. 1. As receotly as Friday, Mr. Karadzic had called on his troops to mobilise. Indicating he'd prefer talks with the Muslim-led Sarajevo government without foreign mediation, Mr. Karadzic issued a "last call" for "immediate direct talks on peace, with cessation of all offensives." The Bosnian Serbs have repeatedly rejected an international peace

Mr. Karadzic called for a return of the battle lines of Dec. 23, when the warring sides agreed to a ceasefire negotiated by former U.S. President Jimmy Carter. That was followed hy a fourmonth truce signed on Dec. 31, which has collapsed in the meantime.

It was Mr. Karadzic's second plea for peace. The Bosnian leader invited Mr. Carter to come to Bosnia, and, when he signed the earlier ceasefire, Mr. Karadzic said this could serve as a hasis for direct peace talks.

Isolated and left without support from his former patron, powerful Serbian Presideot Slohodan Milosevic. Mr. Karadzic's move is aimed at avoiding further losses to government forces in northern and central Bosnia.

The Bosnian government army, in its biggest offensives of the year, continued successful attacks near Tuzla in northeast and near Travnik in central Bosnia. New hattlefronts opened in other areas, several cities and towns were shelled, and Sarajevo experienced the most intense artillery and small-arms exchanges in recent months. Prior to Mr. Karadzic's call

for peace talks, U.N. officials warned of the danger of all-Out war. "No matter bow localised the fighting might seem at first, with the passage of time

it spreads like a wildfire through a dry forest," said U.N. spokesman Alexander Ivanko. "The current military situation is extremely danger-

ous, and if the sides do not refrain from further offensive actions, the situation is likely to spin out of control," he said. Both the government and

the Bosnian Serbs have hlamed each other for the collapse of the ceasefire, which was due to run through April 30. A day before announcing

his peace plea, Mr. Karadzic declared that the truce was over and called for a hroader mohilisation of soldiers.

The Bosnian government says it is preapred to wage all-out war unless Mr. Karadzic accepts an international plan that would reduce the Serbs's current 70 per cent of Bosnain territory to 49 per

A ten-truck U.N. food coovoy rached a warehouse in the Bihac enclave early Saturday. It was only the second one since Feh. 28 to arrive with food for more than 200,000 needy people in the enclave.



Bosnian Serb soldiers observe enemy positions on the front line on Mountain Majevica (AFP)

Strike by businessmen closes Karachi

KARACHI, Pakistan (AP) - A strike called to protest barass them," Mr. Muneer escalating violence shut down Saturday, and business feaders who organised the stayaway accused the government of barassmeot.

Police and paramilitary troops patrolled the deserted streets Saturday, usually a oormal working day in Pakistan. Offices, shops and the Karachi Port were all closed.

"The success of the strike has shown that the people are concerned about the Karachi situation," said S.M. Muoeer, president of the Federation of Pakistan Chambers of Commerce and

Industry (FPCCI). The FPCCI, the country's leading business association, called the one-day strike because it said Prime Minister was ignoring the growing violence and terrorism in Karach. Ms. Bhutto's government denounced the

"It's a politically motivated strike and if anything hap-pens, the responsibility will he on the FPCCI," said Abdullah Shah, chief minis-

said he couldn't go to his home because five police vans and some 50 policemen were surrounding his house. 'For the first time in the

Benazir Bhutto's government

ter for Siod province, which includes Karachi. Mr. Muneer, meanwhile,

history of Pakistan, police and intelligence agents have

been placed outside the

SYDNEY (R) — Australian

Labor Prime Minister Paul

Keating was dealt a hlow in a

local election Saturday that a

triumphant opposition said

was the beginning of the end

Neither could Mr. Keating

take comfort from a general

election in Australia's most

populous state, New South

Wales, where Labour was

fighting to defeat the con-

servative Liberal-National

Party Coalition which has

ruled for the last seven years.

New South Wales Saturday

night, oo party had clearly

won and the state's 3.8 mil-

lion voters may not know

what colour their government

will be for some days, or even

At the federal by-election

io Canberra, the nation's

capital, the Liberal-National

Party candidate saw a 16.4

Wéeks.

At the end of counting in

of his government.

bouses of business leaders to

hen Mr. Muneer tried to hold an afternoon press conference at the FPCCI offices. he was barred by police and government officials who also said Mr. Muneer and three vice presidents had been dismissed from their positions at the chamber, which is a private organisation.

"We don't recognise or accept this unethical and illegal action by the government," said Mr. Muncer. who spoke to journalists hy phone after he was barred from addressing the oews cooference.

About 500 people have been killed in Karachi over the last three months in political, religious and ethnic vio-lence. The turmoil has disrupted businesses, sent the stock market plunging, and sacred away potential foreign investors that Ms. Bhatto is

trying to lure to Pakistan. U.S. first lady Hillary Clintoo arrives in Pakistan Saturday night, and Ms. Bhutto is preparing to visit the United States next month.

Ms. Bhutto plans to make an appeal for U.S. investment, but Mr. Muneer said the prime mioister was undermining her own efforts.

"If the government cootiques with confrontational policies... no foreign invest-ment will come to Pakistan," Mr. Muneer said.

The FPCCI called for a nationwide strike, but the re-

Election deals blow for Australia's Keating

per cent swing in bis favour,

taking a seat held by labour

against an incumbent govern-

ment since 1949," a trium-

phant opposition leader John

stream Australia against the

Keating government. Main-

stream Australia sees the

coalition as an alternative

government," he told repor-

The prime minister played

"This is a disappointing

down the result hut acknow-

ledged the vote sent him a

result that sends the govern-

ment a message that has been

received and will be acted

He said the government

needs to get the message

across that the ecocomy is

doing hetter than the public

on," be said.

"It's a revolt by main-

"It's the higgest swing

since 1980.

Howard said.

Sri Lanka sponse was strongest in Karacbi. Other cities appeared only partially Strike calls are common in Pakistan. Last month, Ms. process Bhutto called a one-day, oatioowide strike to show

sobdarity with Muslim separon track atists who oppose Indian rule in Kashmir, a disputed Hima-NEW DELHI (AFP) - The layan territory claimed by peace process in Sri Lanka is both Pakistan and India. on track, but it is still too Meanwhile, a grenade was early to set a timetable for thrown into the courtyard of settliog the island's prota Sunni Muslim mosque in racted ethnic conflict, Presi-Pakistao's central Punjab

deot Chandrika Kumaratunprovince Saturday, a local ga said here Saturday. official said.
The official said no-one The Sri Lankan leader, who arrived in New Delhi was hurt, but the private PPI Friday for a four-day visit to oews agency reported that one worshipper had beeo India, said the peace process with the Tamil Tigers separ-

wounded. The hlast at the Hamza Mosque in the town of Chakwal, about 100 kilometres south of Islamahad, went off soon after dawo prayers, shattering windows of the mosque and oearby huild-

claim of responsibility.

them Shi'ite Muslims, have been killed and wounded in Pakistan in gun, greoade and bomb attacks on mosque hy rival sectarian groups in recent months.

"Liberal doomsaying may have won a battle but it will

not win the war," he told

also recently won govern-

ment in the Australian capital

territory, which encompasses

the national capital, a result

Mr. Keating then dismissed

no danger of losing Labour's

healthy majority in the feder-

al parliament, must call an

election by May 1996

although political analysts ex-

pect him to call a poll before

next March and possibly in

In New South Wales, final

television computer projec-

tions put the 99-seat lower

house of parliament result at

48 for the ruling coalition, 48

for labour and three indepen-

Mr. Keating, who was in

The Liberal-National Party

iournalists.

as insignificant.

late 1995.

There was no immediate being welcomed at the pres-Scores of people, many of idential palace here.

Chakwal has been at the centre of a controversy in Pakistan over a seismic centre being built there with U.S. assistance to monitor nuclear explosions in the region.

to see a lasting settlement to the conflict with the island's Tamil minority, she replied: "I can't tell the time in weeks or days."
Mrs. Kumaratuoga was speaking to reporters after

positively."

atist group was "progressing

Asked when she expected

The Sri Lankan leader, wbo is making her first trip to South Asian giant India since taking office in November, then left for talks with ber Indian counterpart Shanker Dayal Sharma and Prime Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao.

During the talks, Mrs. Kumaratunga invited India to invest io Sri Lanka's core sectors and urged for a new phase in economic ties between the two South Asian neighbours, officials said. Mr. Kumaratunga hriefed

Rao on her efforts to resolve the Tamil conflict. A 1987 bilateral pact be-

tween New Delhi and Colombo failed to bring about a settlement of the ethnic conflict which has left more than 30,000 people dead during the past 23 years.

The Sri Lankan govern-ment began peace talks with the Liberation Tigers of Tail Eelam (LTTE), which controls much of the island's north, last year. But the two sides are deadlocked after three rounds of negotiations. LTTE leader Velupillal

Prahhakaran is wanted in India for his alleged role in the 1991 assassination of former Indian Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi, hut Sri Lankan officials have denied reports that an Indian extradition request would be takeo up during her

Mahathir, who has led the government for the past 14 years, will be returned to power and the only question

Malaysia's Mahathir calls for big election win

is how hig his victory will be. Mr. Mahathir said the official election campaign Saturday with a call for a big win at the polls to ensure the coalition should rule for the country's cootinued developnext 25 years to enable it to fulfill its pledge of making Malaysia a developed coun-

"We need a more than two-thirds majority to ensure try by 2020. progress and development," Mr. Mabathir told a conveo-The National Front, formed in 1974, comprises 14 parties hut is dominated hy tioo of the National Front, a coalition of racially-based Mr. Mahathir's United parties that has ruled Malays National Organisa-Malaysia since independence

tion (UMNO).
While Mr. Mahathir addressed 4,000 coalition from Britain in 1957. An election is not due until October, but Mr. Mahathir is members in the cavernous widely expected to call a snap Putra World Trade Centre, 60 landowners arrived to propoll before then. Political analysts say Mr. test against a controversial

land acquisition law. But police kept the protesters away from the delegates and escorted them from the

trade centre. Political aoalysts said opposition parties will make land acquisition a major issue in the election campaign following a series of controver-

sial cases. The law was amended four years ago to allow states to take over property on behalf of private iodividuals or firms if it is "beneficial to the economic development of

Malaysia." Previously, states could only take over private property for public projects such

as roads, schools and hospit-

"Mahathir's National Front will have to tread carefully in dealing with this issue as the opposition will play on it," said political analyst Hassan Rashid,

Mr. Mahathir blasted the opposition in his speech, broadcast live on national television, saying the people should not elect opposition candidates merely for the

sake of democracy. "Democracy is for forming a good government, not democracy for democracy's ... sake," be said.

Mr. Mahathir said his goal was to keep the coalitioo's two-thirds majority in parliameot — the margin needed to amend the constitution.

Arms found in Belfast on 1st night without army



A member of the 1 Para is on patrol in Belfast's Falls Road for the last time, as the British army suspended all routine patrois throughout Belfast for the first time in more than 20

BELFAST (R) - Northern Ireland police seized guns and bomb-making equipment on their first night for 25 years of patrolling Belfast

without army backup.

They said Saturday the bomh equipment, two rifles, shotguns and about 200 rounds of ammonitioo were found in an area of North Belfast inhahited by Protestant loyalists, who want the province to stay British.

For the last 25 years, police bave patrolled the capital with heavily-armed support from some of the 18 000 troops stationed in Northern Treland

Britain anounced Friday it was ending army night patrols in a move seen as a concession to Sinn Fein, the pobtical arm of the IRA, which wants an end to British mie

Sinn Fein wants to discuss the total withdrawal of the army and Protestantdominated local police from Northern Ireland at the first planned ministerial talks between the two sides.

But the British government says this cannot be on the agenda and that it is only prepared to discuss disarming the Irish Republican Army (IRA), which fought British rule until a landmark ceasefire last September.

IRA weapons, which include plastic explosive and ground-to-air missiles, as well as the smaller arsenal beld hy socalled loyalist guerrillas who killed 700 Catholics to dry up support for the Irish Republican group.
The cache found overnight

It wants to decommission

was small hut it was seen as a significant success on the night that the Royal Ulster Constabularly ventured onto Belfast's streets without the

Britain ended daytime patrois on Jan. 14 in response to the IRA ceasefdire and a matching truce by loyalists the following month.

The move was seen as a concession to Sinn Fein, which sseeks the "demiltairisation" of Northern Ireland and which has vocally complained about alleged harassment of Catholics io their West Belfast heartland.

Trops in armoured vehicles carrying assault rifles were a common sight across Northern Ireland until January but they bave melted away under British efforts to underpin a fledgling peace process and return normality to the province.

Earlier this week, Britain withdrew 400 soldiers, sayiog the reduced security threat meant they were oo longer oceded.

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What exactly is the intention?

THE PLIGHT of the Iraqi people, long ignored by the world community, is once more becoming the focus of attention. Arab governments are increasingly becoming vocal in their protestations against the continuation of the U.N. sanctions imposed on Iraq after it invaded Kuwait in 1990. The 15 members of the U.N. Security Council, after a worldwide U.S. campaign of arm-twisting, agreed to extend the sanctions for another 60 days. U.S. officials have lately been showing satellite photos to Middle East leaders and Washington Congressmen of what they say is an Iraqi effort to rebuild its arms programme.

Meanwhile, Rolf Ekens, the Swedish U.N. official entrusted to enforce the U.N. Security Council resolutions pertaining to Iraq's disarmament, is in Baghdad for talks with Iraqi officials ahead of his forthcoming report to the council on April 10. Mr. Ekeus has been quoted recently as saying that he did not recognise the U.S. charges of an Iraqi arms buildup.

Mr. Ekeus is a respected and trustworthy man. But he and his organisation do not determine when the sanctions will be lifted or how long they will endure.

The U.S., meanwhile, is floating an idea for easing the sauctions. Building on a previous U.N. resolution that allows Iraq the sale of a one-time sum of oil worth \$1.6 billion, the Americans - together with the British and Argentine governments - are proposing raising the amount to \$4 billion annually.

The measure is apparently meant for two purposes, one to please the Security Council members who are in favour of easing the sauctions, and, two, to put pressure on Iraq and to lure it into accepting the partial lifting. But Iraq, suspicious of U.S. intentions, is most certainly going to reject the proposal. That will in turn weaken the central government and threaten the unity of the country. Whether that will lead to the weakening of the Iraqi regime itself as the U.S. might hope is a big question. Judging from the experience of the past five years this looks highly

Meanwhile the Iraqi people will be the sole losers in this regional and global conflict that has already claimed the lives of hundreds of thousands of Iraqi children and led to a new crisis in the north of the country where 30,000 Turkish troops are now engaged in fighting with Kurdish rebels.

The U.S., its allies and the United Nations must realise that the ostracisation of Iraq has created a vacuum in the northern Gulf and a power imbalance in the whole region that if maintained could lead to dire consequences. In the Arab World in particular more and more politicians are at loss trying to explain to their constituencies the logic behind maintaining the sanctions that are exacting a heavy toll on their brethren in Iraq. Calls for an end to the embargo are coming even from members of the 30-country alliance that drove the Iraqi forces out of Kuwait. Apart from Kuwait and Saudi Arabia every other Arab country is on record for ending the suffering of the Iraqi people.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

AL RA'I Arabic daily on Saturday said in its editorial that Turkey's invasion of northern Iraq to militarily solve an internal Turkish problem will not succeed. The newspaper said the real solution to the problem of Turkisb Kurds lies in Ankara. The paper said that Turkish Prime Minister Tansu Ciller has said that there is a linkage between the state of chaos and lawlessness in northern Iraq and the present Turkish invasion. The paper quoted the Turkish premier as saying that a solution to the situation in Iraq should be found so as the invasion would not be repeated. The newspaper said the premier was right in her diagnosis of the situation but was wrong in failing to mention that Turkey was a main contributor to this situation by hosting the Western alliance forces that established a safe zone in the area to protect the Iraqi Kurds. The paper asked if Turkey would have agreed to establish such an area in southeast Turkey. It added that countries neighbouring Iran should give credibility to their affirmation of respect of Iraq's sovereignty and the integrity of its land through terminating all conditions preventing the return of northern Iraq to Baghdad's rule.

AL DUSTOUR daily said Israel still focuses on normalising relations with Arab countries to build what it describes as a warm peace, ignoring other hasis that would form the solid ground for a just, comprehensive and lasting peace in the Middle East. The paper said Israel's ambassador-designate to Jordan Shimon Shamir expressed in statements to Haaretz newspaper his worry about the opposition by the educated elite and popular organisations in Arab countries to normalising ties with Isreal, as he stressed Israel's keenness to enhance economic cooperation with Arah countries. The paper said peace can be based only on confidence-huilding factors, restoring the full Arah rights, ending reasons for tension and anxiety and ending occupation. It said the main principle for the peace process was the land-for-peace formula as expressed clearly in the American initiative which launched the process in 1991 and as stated in U.N. Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338. Therefore Israeli manoeuvres aiming to avoid applying this principle on other Arab tracks would threaten the peace process as a whole and make talk about normalisation and economic cooperation meaningless, it added.



Kazakh leader revealing authoritarian colours

By Douglas Busvine

ALMA-ATA — Kazakh President Nursultan Nazar-bayev's dissolution of parliament and the raft of decrees that followed bave shown the president has an authoritarian streak, opponents and diplomats say.

Mr. Nazarhayev, Kazakhstan's former commnnist party chief, dis-solved the former Soviet Republic's parliament earlier this month after the constitutional court declared last year's general elections illegal because of vote-rigging and gerry-

mandering.
He said the move was necessary to restore law and order and he has pledged to rule by decree until new elections are held.

Opponents say some of Mr. Nazarbayev's decrees, which include restrictions on advertising and compulsory pyschiatric treatment holics and the intake tighter grip on the giant republic of 17 million.

Another decree says bun-ger strikers must seek adv-ance permission for their

"He's playing with more authoritarian rule," said a Western diplomat. "He might be tempted to try being an enlightened dicta-

"We are going back to the Soviet era," said another diplomat. "What really made me jump is the introduction of psychiatric treatment for people who are deranged, but who defines it?" he asked.

Newspaper editors say the limits on advertising could hankrupt Kazakh-stan's young independent

"We supported the president because we support the law," sald Vadim Boreiko, news etiffor of the mass-circulation Karavan newspaper. But limits on sane, indicate he is trying to advertising were "a straight

Editors say they came under official pressure not to report opposition de-puties protests over their

Mr. Nazarbayev says the dissolution of parliament was a logical result of the constitutional court raling and has refused to talk to deputies challenging the

"The real intention is to create order without restricting democracy and democratic freedoms, presidential spokesman Dulat Kuanyshev told Ren-

The problem is to restrict crime and the state should attack... We have examined public opinion on this and the mood is for more drastic measures." Diplomats say they ex-

pect Mr. Nazarbayev to use his new powers to push market reforms — although he may call referendums on issues like electoral reforms He is also likely to intro-

duce a hicameral legislature replacing the old parlia-ment following a similar move last year by Askar Akayev, leader of neighbouring Kyrgyzstan, diplo-

Opposition deputies fear Mr. Nazarhayev would pack the upper bouse of a two-chamber parliament with his own supporters, as he did with a "presidential list" of over 40 deputies in the disbanded 177-seat par-

"I think the new parliament will be a servile one,' said former deputy Serik Abrdrakhmanov. "In the upper house some deputies will be nominated by the president... By doing this he will show his aspirations for a presidential republic."

Mr. Nazarbayev himself has made clear what he has

"Today it is clear to everybody that a fully presidential republic is the only way to resolve this task," he Sunday's Economic Pulse By Dr. Fahed Fanek

Jordan's economic growth is a result of foreign trade

DURING 1994, exports including reexports jumped by 15.9 per cent, while foreign imports decreased by 3.7 per cent. thus the trade deficit narrowed by 14 per cent. Each one of these three figures sets a record and represents a new direction which is worth dwelling on.

The high growth of exports is a source of satisfaction because it means higher industrial output and the penetration of new markets, and consequently, the generation of new jobs. In fact, exports of products is a substitute for exporting labour or importing unemployment.

Since Jordanian exports formed some 26 per cent of the

gross domestic product (GDP) in 1993, the growth of exports at this rate means an increase in GDP by 4.13 per cent. In this regard, exports in 1994 were responsible for almost three quarters of the economic growth witnessed by Jordan during the past year, which is tentatively estimated at 5.7 per cent.

Imports, on the other hand, were expected to grow every year. Even the economic adjustment programme, agreed upon with the International Monetary Fund (IMF), forecast an increase hut expected that the increase will be

moderate. However, imports unexpectedly decreased for the first time in recent years. Since imports are equal to 6.15 per cent of the GDP, the reduction of imports, a negative component of the GDP, means an increase in GDP hy around 2.27 per cent.

Services, which were expected to show a further improvement, declined by some \$30 million according to the 1994 tentative balance of payments. This decline is equal to 0.54 per cent of the GDP. Thus, services contributed

negatively to the economic growth by this percentage.

Bringing together all the above figures and percentages enables us to conclude that the foreign trade sector, in commodities and services in 1994, caused a net growth in the GDP of 5.86 per cent. This is equal to, or slightly higher, than, the overall growth of the GDP in 1994, that means that the foreign sector, i.e., our dealing with the international markets, was responsible for all the economic growth achieved in 1994. All other domestic factors were either neutral or offset each other.

This is of course a purely mathematical analysis. However, there is an important difference between an increase in exports and a decrease in imports. The rise in exports means positive and sustainable economic growth while a decline in imports may be a healthy sign only if it was caused by an increase in domestic production to reduce the need for imports and replace imports. However, we are afraid that the decline in imports was caused by an economic slow down or recession, which became evident in the last quarter of the year and pushed many to postpone consumption or investment plans, which is not a sustainable source of growth.

The volume of private consumption is normally an indication of the standard of living. We definitely would like to reduce consumption as a percentage of a growing GDP, but we also wish to see private consumption increase in absolute figures, to maintain or improve the standard of

The national accounts for 1994 are not finalised and issued yet to enable us to understand how it was possible to increase exports and decrease imports at the same time.

The whiff of terror

By Martin Woollacott

JUST AS we are on the point of achieving a general ban on chemical weapons in warfare, they could reappear as an instrument of social violence in the hands of deranged groups or indi-viduals. This is the possibility raised by the Tokyo nerve gas attack. If it is news from the future, it is very had news indeed.

The change that Tokyo seems to illustrate is not necessarily to do with the familiar nightmare of terrorists acquiring weapons of mass destruction. It is that we could be at the beginming of a shift away from the relatively rational world of terrorists, separatists, rebels, and coup makers towards an irranonal world of armed cults or crazed individuals who want to stage an apocalyptic protest.

Such groups or individuals may have aims so fantastical that they are not remotely realisable, not negotiable, and not even understandable. They may recognise fewer and fewer of the limits on armed action that, it has to be conceded, have been recognised in the past hy most violent movements. There is nothing surpris-

ing in extremists taking advantage of the latest developments in military technology. Extremist technioues have marched in lockstep with the development of small arms and high explosives. It is also true that the difference between Sarin and Semtex is one of convention. It is only convention which makes a weapon which chokes or paralyses seem more horrihle than one which burns or blasts its victims to death. Yet the existence of any generally, even if not universally, observed han on a category of weapons is a thing worthwhile in itself.

Violence is, among many other things, usually a form of hargaining. Repuslive though many of their operations have been, the activities of traditional extremist groups have been rationally The lesson of the Tokyo gas attack is that extremists are growing less rational and more powerful

conditioned by their aims. Quite apart from any considerations of morality, movements like this know that certain kinds of violence would destroy wbat they are fighting for.

A national extremist

movement fighting to cre-

ate a separate state in Europe, for instance, like ETA, could have no use for weapons of mass destruction in Madrid. That would be to provoke revenge on a similar scale. And how could a state which had perpetrated such a crime take its place among other European states? It might end all prospect of exist-ence, let alone independence. Similarly, the often raised prospect — before the ceasefire — of an IRA attack on the Chunnel is inherently implausible. It would be too great a blow to Britain, to France, and to Europe to serve any conceivable purpose. We may also hazard that it would be beyond what even violent Republicans would regard

as morally justifiable. According to some students of the matter there could soon come a time when we will look back to the era of the IRA as a time of relative simplicity and safety. Marvin J. Cetron, the coordinator of a recent report on terrorism for the U.S. Department of Defence, argued in an interview with the International Herald Trihune that we will soon see the emergence of what he calls "superterrorists" who will possess nuclear, chemical, and

hiological weapons, and will "show a new willingness to use them." They will be motivated,

he says, by ethnic and reli-

gious hatreds and their goal

will be "not political control hut the utter destruction of their chosen enemies." He also claimed that "an improvised nuclear, biological, or chemical attack on the United States is increasingly prohable —
perhaps within the next five
years." Mr. Cetron seems
to hint at the use of such weapons by Islamic fun-damentalists especially.

In fact Islamist groups may be more subject to the influence of morality and to rational calculations about their objects than many in the West are ready at this moment to accept. The greater danger may arise from the growth in various societies of cultish groups that are in a barsh and confrontational opposition to society. They could end up using terrible weapons because they feel threatened, as the Branch Davidians did at Waco, if such weapons are available or can be relatively easily put together with limited resources. There is a parallel growth of a kind of institutionalisation of the deathdealing individual protes-ter. Such men would usually have access only to automatic weapons, but in a few freak cases, of which Japan may be one, they might have access to much, much worse. Then the man who wreaks bloody havoc at a

Because such groups or individuals have no sane objective and because they can emerge overnight, they could be far more dangerous than established movements which have many contacts with their opponents and some common interests. We are past the point where even very swift

McDonald's could wreak it

across a whole city.

ning or limiting at very low, controlled levels of nuclear, chemical, and hacteriological weapons hy states, de-sirable although it is, will necessarily dose off scenarios of this kind. A few at least of the technologies are now so much in the public realm that even a complete stoppage of their use hy the military does not end the possibility of backyard versions being used. Such versions would be nearly useless to states, which need large reliable inventories of weapons and effective means of delivery. They would also be useless to "rational" extremist move-

But they could cause devastation in the bands of millennial cults, splinter groups from mainstream terrorist organisations or in-dividuals. There is evident in many societies a militarisation of protest which could ultimately tend in the same direction. The violent fringe of the anti-abortion movement in the U.S. is an obvious example. It is the combination of a violent rational ends and not in any bargaining relationship with a state or government hut holding hitherto unavailable means of destruction that is so threatening. The Chemical Weapons

Convention signed two years ago in Paris committed representatives of 130 states to the complete banning of chemical weapons. Its coming into force and the setting up of an Organisation for the Probibition of Chemical Weapons has been delayed by the dilatoriness of governments in ratifying it. Perhaps Tokyo will clarify their minds. That would be a benefit. But Tokyo shows that the disarmament of states will not necessarily involve the disarmament of groups or individuals if we do not confront the pyschological and social forces making for a militarisation of protest both hy marginal groups and disturbed individuals.

Americans love guns

By Slobodan Lekic The Associated Press

WASHINGTON - The timing seemed curious. Even hefore formally announcing his presumed candidacy for the 1996 Republican presidential nomination, Senate Majority Leader Bob Dole pledged to revoke a federal gun-control law.

But Mr. Dole's promise underscores two enduring facets of American society: the enduring commitment of citizens to their firearms and the power of their lobhying organisation, the National Rifle Association (NRA).

The right to bear arms evokes far stronger passions in America than almost anywhere else in the world. While gun ownership is

banned in some countries, many allow their citizens to own weapons after obtain-ing permission from the police. The procedure, intended to screen out criminals and the mentally unstable, is considered routine and rarely sparks political In the United States, loc-

al gun laws vary, hut generally reflect a burning conviction dating hack to the founding of the republic that individual liberties are somehow inextricably tied to weapons ownership. The second amendment

to the U.S. Constitution declares "the right of the people to keep and bear arms," and American courts generally have been unwilling to limit severely that right. In a country of 260 mil-

lion people, there are at least 150 million guns in circulation. Guns are used in one million crimes and 15,000 homicides each year. And more Americans die each year in shootings than were killed in comhat at the height of the Vietnam war. Still it took until 1993,

after nearly a decade of debate, for Congress to pass a measure requiring a five-day waiting period before purchasing a gun to allow for hackground

checks. The law Mr. Dole took

aim at was passed last year and bans 19 specific types of assault-style firearms and scores of similar semiauto-

matic weapons. Many Americans see even these minimal controls as infringing on their civil liberties. Resistance is strongest in western states such as Montana, Arizona and Texas, where the image of wild west individualistic freedom thrives.

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"If Americans were deprived of firearms or if they were somehow made inaccessible, you would be downgrading the whole concept of American citizenship," said William Ruger, founder of Sturm, Ruger and Co., one of the country's largest firearms makers.

The National Rifle Association stands a good chance of getting the controis repealed.

Its 3.5 million members have spent \$4 million in the last five years to support friendly lawmakers and to crusade against restrictions. In contrast, gun-control groups contributed only \$236,000 to their supporters on Capitol Hill over the same period.

"Mr. Dole is afraid that if he does not obey the NRA, its political contributions and support will go to someone else in the 1996 presidential primaries." commented a New York Times editorial.

The group's tactics paid off in last November's midterm elections, when many Democrats who voted for the controls were unscated by Republicans favouring their repeal.

Tanya Metaksa, the group's aggressive chief lobbyist, makes no secret of her plans to unleash gun owners' anger on Washing-

"That's M-E-T, A-K as in AK-47. S-A as in semiautomatic," she says in introducing herself.

"I don't know of any other group that plays it that tough," said Senator Ben Nighthorse Campbell. "If you vote for them 99 times and once against them, it's very bad." ad kaner

India's last bastion of resistance to free market reforms fades

By Ranjan Roy The Associated Press

CALCUTTA - The revolution wrought in India's only Marxist-ruled state doesn't look like the one promised when the Communist Party of India won power 18 years ago. The leaders of West Ben-

gal have locked up their red banners and are following the lead of the rest of India in welcoming private investors. No longer is it bad to be rich.

Perestroike in India's most densely populated state — and one of its poorest - is proof that even the most stubborn critics of Prime Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao now see his economic reforms as the only route to progress.

But West Bengal remains a showcase of Third World underdevelopment. Here, all the difficulties of Mr. Rao's three-year-old effort to wrench India into the global industrial mainstream are compressed into one place. Calcutta is a model of

unattractiveness for international business synonym for filtb and urban decay. It is an overcrowded metropolis of 13 million people were streets are overrun by the homeless, where traffic crawls over potholed roads, and where telephones remain dead for weeks.

More than any other Indian city, Calcutta resisted Mr. Rao's market-friendly reforms. Saying they were npholding the rights of the working man, the communists even refused to let computers into West Bengal government offices until a

few years ago. Elsewhere in India, it was easier to shuck five decades of socialism and deregulate business. Seeing a potential boom in a country of 900 million people. IBM, Coca-cola, General Motors, Kellogg and other corporate giants opened

\$7 billion investment

states of western India like Maharashtra and Gujarat, where the cities are cleaner, telephones work and trade unions are weak.

By most standards, India's reforms are working. Industrial production is up and so are profits. Exports rose 17 per cent last year. Foreign currency reserves, which dipped to \$1 hillion when Mr. Rao began the reforms, now stand at \$23 billion. After years of stagnation, 5.5 per cent growth looks attainable.

Until recently, West Bengal had looked on defiantly as the rest of the nation changed. The realisation is dawn-

ing that profit and competitiveness are going to be the ballmark of success," said Sajiv Goenka, vice president of the R.P. Goenka Group, one of Calcutta's biggest companies.

Mr. Goenka recently fired 600 workers in one day without a murmur of protest from their nnion something unthinkable a year ago, when unions would block the sacking of even the most mefficient

Last September, Jyoti Basu, the state's 82-year-old elected leader, jettisoned Marxism for pragmatism and ordered the communist trade union to shed militancy. Without consulting his party, Mr. Basu opened the

state to private investors. Today, Japanese businessman in dark blue suits jostle with rickshaws, trying to negotiate chaotic traffic in Calcutta's Dalhousie Square.

A year ago, Somnath Chaterjee was a Communist Party stalwart who was accusing Mr. Rao's reforms of spreading poverty in-stead of wealths. Now, he is in charge of wooing in-vestment. He started by donning a business suit and going to the booming capi-talist city-state of Singa-

Mr. Chaterjee bas renovated a 100-yer-old British colonial building to create a plusb office with marble floors, sudued lighting and

potted palms where he meets foreign businessmen and clears projects on the

"Now the obstacles have gone," said Mr. Chaterjee. Businessmen don't bave to run from office to office to set up a business in West Bengal.

For 30 years, Chittabrata Majaumder, a chainsmoking trade union leader. exhorted workers to strike at the slightest provocation. Industry fled Calcutta because of the regular, often violent, labour unrest. Now, he is under more sober orders from communist leaders.

"The eight-bour day is a contract with the employer. The working class should abide by it," said Mr. Majumdar, vice president of the Centre of Indian Trade Unions, India's biggest communist union.

When painters whitewashed a portrait of Karl Marx off the wall of Calcutta's town hall, it made beadlines because Mr. Majumdar failed to call a strike. Calcutta's new image is

beginning to be noticed. There is a lot of improvement. We saw we could make money," said Purnedu Chaterjee, a partner of the New York-hased George Soros Group.

Soros is spending \$1.2 billion on an ambitious petrochemical project and an oil refinery in Haldia, 60 kilometres from Calcotta. Malaysian Renong Over-

seas Corp. bas expressed interest in building a \$1.2 billion, 700-kilometre toll road in the state. Three Singapore-based companies want to build hotels, shopping malls and hospit-

Die-hard Marxists initially resisted the changes. "But we cannot remain isolated and turn our state into a desert," said Anil Biswas, who edits the party's daily newspaper. "We are making policies in a capitalist society. How can we object to free market

But politicians and political analysts say it will not be able to fulfill its election The ANC-led regional government of Gauteng, the most populous province

He had to be content with embracing the commercial hurling insults at officials. and industrial beartland "I wanted him to see for around Johannesburg and himself that I cannot wait its teeming black townships, is under increasfor a house any longer," ing pressure to meet its

Politicians and analysts He was one of hundreds of squatters who recently broke into empty bouses in say land and property inva-Johannesburg's Lenasia sions across the country suburb, formerly an Indian have been exacerbated by the emergence of new civic bodies which are prepared to challenge President Nel-But like the others be left

empty-handed and the son Mandela's popularlyhouses have now been allocated to their "rightful elected government.

@Stave Bell 1995~

By Rich Mkhondo

Reuter

LENASIA, South Africa-

Farouk Bapoo waved his

documents at a regional

bousing minister, showing he had been on a waiting

list for a government house

But the minister's body-

guards pushed him away.

for 21 years.

Mr. Bapoo said,

"The ANC government is finding it difficult to man-The African National

Congress (ANC) led gov-ernment of national unity, age the expectations they have created," said squatter leader Basil Douglas. which took power after the "For a decade I lived in historic all-race elections

Housing nightmare for S. Africa's homeless

my car... This government

last April, promised to build a million houses durpromised as houses. When ing the next five years. they did not keep their promises, we made it easy for them by moving into the empty houses," Mr. Bapoo told Reuters.

Regional Housing Minister Dan Mofokeng has tried to dampen the expectations of squatters.
"We do not believe in land invasions and house

invasions and flat invasions. We want to appeal to you to really consider moving out to allow a committee to allocate houses according to the waiting list," he said during a fact-finding visit to

Mr. Mofokeng's boss Tokyo Serwale, premier of Gauteng province including Jobannesburg, faces a mammoth task if he is to live up to his pledge of building 150,000 houses by the end of the year. So far less than 500 have been put up in the province out of 870 nationally. Squatters, who say they

endnred apartbeid bureaucracy for decades, now accuse Mr. Mandela's government of not doing anything to get rid of the red tape. "There were 13 of us

sharing my parents' two-bedroomed house," said squatter Christina Jenkins. When Mandela came to power we thought things will improve, but instead they are getting worse."

Mr. Motokeng ordered police to evict the squatters from the houses they had illegally occupied.

For several days police said they were finding it difficult to arrest the major-ity of squatters because most were loitering on the streets rather than staying in the houses.

When police eventually arrested some of them,

empty plots. Lenasia's permanent residents were up in arms, saying this would devalue their houses, increase crime and spread disease in the area.

Jobannesburg, South Africa's largest city, is surrounded by sprawling shantytowns.

No official figures are available for the number of people living in 'informal housing' but South Africa's independent Urban Foundation said in 1993 there were 7.7 million people.

The ANC's housing poli-cy will cost five times the projected amount of 510 million rand (\$142 million)

for all nine regions, A regional bousing board catering for the needs of only four provinces including Gauteng said it had received more than 300,000 applications for bousing ibsidies worth more than 2.5 billion rand (\$690 mil-

King receives awards

(Continued from page 1) tinne to stand by us as we

reminder of man's despicable cruelty toward his fellow man," he said, "We must all continue to rid our world of such inhumane aberrations."

strive for peace for all the grandchildren of Abraham.

ign observers or U.N. forces.

The wall that separated the our two countries is gradually disappearing like what had happened with the other wall (Berlin Wall), the King said, noting that then President Ronald Reagan had campaigned for its removal.

armed fundamentalists.

damentalist guerrillas.

wben it struck at the fun-

The militants were to slip

into the capital to help col-

leagues based in the city's

teeming fundamentalist has-

tions, such as Bah Al Oued

and Hussein Dey, in the

bloody battle against the au-

Two years ago, in an attack

on which censorship was

lifted after the authorities

said they had hunted down

armed militants in March

1993 stormed an army bar-

and killed the assailants,

ter future for people," he

visit to the Ronald Reagan

General Vernon Walters, former U.S. ambassador to

to the King for his efforts for achieving peace in the region. They also expressed admirastands in this fields.

The King was also Awarded the Ronald Reagan Freedom Award by the museum administration.

The King also said: "Hon-

fornia Governor Pete Willson

happiness for receiving this award and said "I will always

courageous man of princi-

Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, Jordan's Ambassador in

While Brits fume, Clinton plays Irish politics

By George Gedda The Associated Press

WASHINGTON — Given the populous Irisb-American precincts in Boston, New York and Phi-ladelphia, President Bill Clinton's wading into the Northern Ireland morass on the side of Sinn Fein leader

By Shahriar Shahid

Reuter

DHAKA - More than

three million poor children in Bnagladesb's cities eke

out a living in 125 types of

odd jobs ranging from gar-

bage picking to prostitu-tion, and their meagre earn-

ings often keep their fami-

Cbronic poverty con-

tinnes to push boys and girls

into the tough, competitive,

unregulated Bangladesb

labour market, the victims

and society's leaders say.

The working children, who constitute 12 per cent

of the total labour force.

work at least eight bours

daily, seven days a week to

support their families,

according to social welfare

They earn on average 10

taka (0.25 cents) a day — or

vear-old shoesbine boy,

department statistics.

lies from starving.

Gerry Adams last week was undoubtedly good ethnic What's still not clear is whether it was good foreign

Domestically, there has been nary of word of dissent about Mr. Clinton's decision to declare Mr. Adams a man of peace and good will. Mr. Adams was routinely denied U.S. visas

in an earlier era because of his links to the Irish Republican Army (IRA). But while Mr. Adams exulted, Britain fumed.

King Hussein and Queen Noor met earlier with Cali-

Peter Rodman, of the Nixon Centre for Peace and Freedom, said Mr. Clinton's intervention over Bri-

tain's objections "is very risky and very damaging."
"Britain is the most steadfast ally we have had on the planet," and its judgment on this sensitive issue should be respected by Washington, mr. Rodman said.

But Helmut Sonnenfeldt of the Brookings Institution believes that judgment is too harsh because of the gains made since Mr. Clinton tried to break the diplomatic impasse. Mr. Clinton's involvement has done more good than harm thus far, he said, acknowledging that the situation could

For now, though, a truce declared six months ago is holding and there is more hope in Northern Ireland than at any time in a

SOUL.

It's neither new nor un-

usual for U.S. presidents to shape their foreign policy with an eye towards politically potent ethnic, racial or religious groups. No country is as diverse or has the breadth of foreign policy interests as the United

"The American political system is peculiarly susceptible to ethnically based pressures," said Mr. Sonnenfeldt, a onetime aide to former secretary of state Henry Kissinger.
At times, it's difficult to

say whether policies are driven by merits or local politics. One example of the ambiguity is the administration's push for NATO membership for Poland. In weighing that issue, is Mr. Clinton able to ignore the large Polish-American vote in up for grabs Illinois, for

the congressional black caucus helped Mr. Clinton shape U.S. policy towards Haiti. It also had a decisive impact on inducing the Congress to impose sanctions on South Africa nine years ago.

American-Jews have weighed in on Middle East policy for years, and lately, Arab-Americans are being heard from more than before. Greek-Americans, sometimes in league with Armenians, try, often successfully, to head off a U.S. tilt towards Turkey.

The south Florida Cuban exile community carried little weight among policy-makers 15 years ago, but nowadays — thanks to a combination of money, organisation and tenacity -exiled leaders such as Miami's Jorge Mas Canosa exert a crucial influence over U.S.-Cuban policy.

of the Wall Street journal's Carla Ann Robbins, "when Mas Canosa says jump, politicians lace up their sneakers."

The centrepiece of the U.S. policy towards Cuba is the trade embargo, often the subject of derision abroad. The last time the cmbargo came to a vote in the U.N. General Assembly, only Israel voted with the United States. French President Fran-

cois Mitterrand calls the embargo stupid and, in a gesture of defiance, invited President Fidel Castro to a glittering luncheon at the presidential palace in Paris

last Monday.
Mr. Castro felt vindicated but, in Washington. his tormentors on Capitol Hill were busy working on legislation to tighten the embargo still further, with Mas Canosa's blessing.

300 killed in Algeria

(Continued from page 1)

any casualties among the troops in the latent opera-Reports on security issues have to be cleared with the

authorities who, diplomats Last November, army say, are at best selective in what is allowed to be printed commander, Colonel Djelin the battle against wellloul Hadi Cherif was gunned down during a central Algiers gunbattle between troops and Al Watan said the military was backed by helicopters

A senior French military sources said in January that the Algerian army was starting to chalk up successes over Muslim fundamentalist guerrillas, thanks to new tactics backed by military equipment including helicopter

He said army successes had generally forces militants to move in small groups instead of the company-sized units they bad been able to deploy before in the countryside. Anwar Haddam, an exiled

figure of the Islamic Salvation Front, the outlawed fun"pobtical" organisation.

The Islamic Salvation Army is usually described as the front's armed wing, but was not so.

to submit to the leadership of the front. "We ask these groups to submit to the authority of the elected leaders of the

'We don't want the struggle betwen the people and military institutions to transform into a struggle between (armed) movements," Mr. says.

Mohammad represents an ever-growing army of underprivileged children in the Bangladeshi capital,

Besides working in factories, repair worksbops and husiess bouses, they earn their livings picking tbrough garbage, selling wastepaper and carrying

With large numbers of people migrating into big cities due to lack of work in the countryside, the number of street children con-

ly diminished due to limited efforts by the government and a few voluntary organisations to give them bet-"They try to belp us,"

has been picking garbage But the resources to fight the problem are far from enough and so, as Shafiqui

said Shafiqui Islam, wbo

through rubbish dumps for anything eatable or worth selling that brings some money to buy food.

Childhood is fleeting in Bangladesh

Some non-government organisations run schools for the street childrens, mostly after work hours, trying to educate them in the hasics of life. "We also try to infuse into them the hopes for a better future," Talebur

Rahman, a teacher at one such school, said. "But we can't promise them anything. That's something only the government or a perfected social system can

"Schools providing flexihie hours to children who are obliged to work to help

ramme (UCEP).
The private UCEP has so far provided non-formal and technical education to nearly 10,000 poor children

"The assurance of the

rights of children remain mostly confined to books and mere political rhetorics. They are hardly backed by administrative action." said the official, who asked

the boys.

"The number of girls working in factories are still insignificant," said an ex-ecutive of the Bangladesh Garments Manufacturers and Exporters Association.

girls would possibly join prostitution.

cause employment is not readily available but they must need a living for them-

"They will do this be-

labour as both local and foreign vigilance teams monitor the issue, an official said. He declined to give details. Social workers say there

are numerous reasons for children taking to the streets in Third World countries such as Bangladesh. Over 50 per cent of fami-lies in Bagladesh's 110 mil-

lion population live below

the poverty line because they cannot afford a diet of 2,122 calories, according to the World Bank. These families are unable to support their children,

who are generally half-fed, ill-clothed and in poor Organised crime gangs prey on them, stealing children and forcing them into

begging or prostitution. Sometimes parents give their children to unknown traffickers on promises of jobs they believe would save them from abject

Many of the street children come from fatherless

18

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embark on this new cra of history in the Middle East," the King said. Later the King said he was moved by the museum. The museum is a haunting

In his speech, the King said that honouring him was honouring Jordanian people who

He pointed out that the new international borders between Jordan and Israel are now being patrolled by the armies of the two countries without the presence of fore-

There are those who have limited visions and those who live in the dark and prefer to work for death and destruction instead of life, prosperity and buman dignity, the King

said referring to those opposed to peace. Tolerance and understanding in their small world must

be possible, he said. The King pointed out that the U.S. bad always been a true friend of Jordan and that the two friends stood by each other in the cold war era. Now the U.S. and Jordan are partners in formulating a bet-

The centre also awarded Queen Noor another award in appreciation of ber con-tribution in achieving peace. Their Majesties also paid a

presidential library and museum and centre for public John Gavin, former U.S. ambassador to Mexico and

tion for Jordan's efforts and

The King delivered a speech in which he expressed

respect this moment." He also expressed bis thanks for Mr. Reagan and described bim as a

ouring me is honouring of the people of Jordan whom I have served through my life." Their Majesties were accompanied by Their Royal Highnessess Prince Ali. Prince Hamzeb and Prince Hasbem, Prime Minister

Washington Fayez Tarawneh and his wife.

U.N., expressed their thanks

racks at Bougzoul, some 120 kilometres south of Algiers. They cut the throats of at least 20 soldiers before they fled with trucks loaded by

militants.

damentalist movemement, said in an interview published Friday in a Moroccan newspaper that there was "no organic link" between the armed groups and the front, a

Mr. Haddam indicated this Mr. Haddam nevertheless called on armed movements

(front)," Mr. Haddam was quoted as saying by Al Alam, the paper of the Moroccan just over \$90 a year in a country with an annual per opposition Istiqlal Party. capita income of \$210.

"If I become jobless my entire family will starve," Mobammad Nasim, an 11loads in the local markets.

tinnes to rise. Their miseries bave hard-

for seven years. put it, "we still have to fight with dogs and crows sifting their parents are not discouraged," said an official with the underprivileged Children's Education Prog-

in the country.

not to be identified. Girls live in comparatively more dire conditions than

Criticising attempts to ban child workers in Bangladeshi garment factories, especially by the U.S. administration, he said: "If turned away, most of the

selves and their families." Bangladesb has imposed strict restrictions on gar-ment factories using child

poverty.

Trade concerns dog dollar; investors remain coy

LONDON (R) — The foreign exchange market's atten-tion is firmly fixed on global trade imbalances now that the embers of inflation are barely glowing in most industrialised countries, financial analysts said Friday.

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The dollar has spiralled down 12 per cent against the ven to record lows since the start of the year with the market shrugging aside even aggressive central bank intervention.

The United States' trade dilemma was brought into sharp focus this week with the January deficit yawning 68.4 per cent to \$12.23 hil-

"in terms of fundamentals the markt is definitely looking at these colossal trade imbalances," said Nikki Nelson-Smith, economist at Hambros Bank.

The U.S. trade gap with Europe widened by a staggering 532 per cent in January while the gap with Japan narrowed by a paltry 12.5 per cent. A falling currency should close a trade gap by making exports more competitive and imports more ex-

"It's hard to conclude that the dollar can do anything but go down further, particularly against the yen," Mr. Nelson-Smith said, "With the dollar at record lows against both the mark and the yen figures like this are quite incredible."

The dollar is also down around 10 per cent against the mark, in part because it is being dragged lower by the mighty yen, but also because Germany with its indepen-dent central bank and excellent track record on infiation is seen as a safe haven.

The dollar is also suffering from the fallout of the recent Mexican crisis with collapsing markets in South America making a big dent in U.S. exports to the continent. Figures this week showed the trade balance with Mexico turning from a surplus of \$19 million to a deficit of \$864

This leaves Federal Reserve Chairman Alan Greenspan in a bit of a "catch-22" at next Tuesday's regular policy meeting. If he fails to raise rates as many in the market expect him to the dollar will decline if he does raise rates it will hit the South American markets and the dollar will suffer.

But a rate rise would help to dampen domestic demand. Unless there is enough domestic resources to export you can't export anything anyway," said Tony Norfield, treasury economist at ABN-Amro. "And the U.S, is runcapacity... that is the argument for raising rates even though the economy is slow-

ing down."
The Bank of Japan is clearly wringing its hands over the yen's rise and has been in the foreign exchange market almost on a daily basis to try and rein it in.

The 225-share Nikkei average, the Tokyo stock market's benchmark, ended at its lowest level in 31 months on Friday with investors rattled by the dollar's plunge and its impact on corporate balance sheets as exporters' overseas income dwindles.

In Germany it is a similar picture with share prices skidding to a 17-month low triggered by a negative reassess-ment of company prospects following the sharp rise of the mark.

International Monetary Fund figures show that just over 50 per cent of Japan's trade is with the United States but for Germany it is only just over 20 per cent. Analysts said this is why the Bank of Japan is extreme-

ly worried about the soaring yen while the Bundesbank is far more relaxed about the rocketing mark, even though the German currency is also extremely firm against some of its other trading partners

World Bank plans to open office in Amman

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The government has given the World Bank the green light to open a regional office in Amman and the bank is expected to open the facility soon, offi-

cials said Saturday. The World Bank has three other offices in the immediate region; in Cairo, Egypt, Riyadh, Saudi Arabia, and

Ankara, Turkey. Setting up an office in Amman is expected to facilitate the World Bank's involvement in various sectoral projects in Jordan as well as its role as coordinator for international aid for the Palesti-

Finance Minister Basel Jardaneh was quoted as saying in an interview with the Arabic-language daily Al Ra'i that the Economic Council recommended the government to grant permission for the World Bank to

open an office in Amman. The presence of a World Bank office will enhance Jordan's regional role, the minister was quoted as saying.

The World Bank has maintained a permanent presence in Jordan since early the 1990s to help the Kingdom implement development projects and programmes designed to improve the efficiency of its various sectors.

A World Bank representative used to operate out of the Ministry of Planning with support staff seconded by the Jordanian government. The bank made a formal request to open an office in Amman

Officials noted that the World Bank's involvement in projects under implementation in Jordan has grown steadily since the 1990s.

The World Bank, through the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development and the International Development Association, have extended loans worth JD 585 million to Jordan.

The bulk of the credit came after Jordan started im-

GCC states have held regu-

lar meetings with the Basle

Committee in a bid to per-

suade it to drop them from its

classification of developing

natious as high risk countries

in lending activities due to their low capital adequacy. Saudi Arabia, the world's top oil producer and expor-

covery and restructuring programme in coordination with the International Monetary Fond (IMF) in

Officials said they expected the opening of the Amman office of the World Bank to come soon, noting that Amman will host a conference on the economic development of the Middle East and North Africa in October as a followup to the Casablanca meeting held late last year. No World Bank official

was immediately available of comment.

The World Bank is expected to play a high-profile role in the summit in the way

proposals and implementa.

In the run-up to the Casablanca conference, the World Bank was closely involved in finalising project proposals that Jordan presented at the gathering

Rusines!

The World Bank is also the designated coordinator for the \$2.4 billion in international aid pledged to develop the economy of the Palestinian territories in October 1993, shortly after the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and Israel signed a declaration of principles calling for interim autonomy in the territories pending final status negotiations in 1996.

GCC top bankers to discuss BIS adequacy rule tomorrow

ABU DHABI (AFP) — Central bank governors from six Arah Gulf states will meet in Riyadh Monday to discuss progress in attempts to force their banks to meet international capital adequacy stan-dards, the official Gulf News Agency (GNA) reported Saturday.

The officials from the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) will review results of contacts between their new joint bank auditing body and the Basle ated by the Bank for International Settlement (BIS) to oversee implementation of its capital adequacy proposals for banks worldwide

"The central bank governors will discuss a memor-andum by the GCC general secretariat on relations with the Basle Committee following recent meetings and the visit to the region by the committee's chairman,"

ter, was the only developing country to have been excluded from that classification on the grounds it is the fifth biggest creditor to the International Monetary GCC and other developing

nations have criticised BIS over such a rule, which they said would make it more difficult for them to obtain loans and finance much-needed economie reforms.

But several countries, especially those in the Gulf, have emharked on reforms to strengthen their banking sector and force all banks to raise their capital adequacy, the ratio between sharehol-

ders' equity and assets.

Basle has set a floor of eight per cent for adequacy to ensure banks worldwide have enough funds to face any financial crisis.

Although Saudi Arabia was exempted, many of its banks have boosted capital so they can give more credit after the government set a ceiling on loans.

The biggest capital in-

crease in the region came from the Sandi National Commercial Bank, which raised it by nearly 200 times from 30 million riyals (\$8 million) to six billion riyals (\$1.6 billion). In the United Arab Emi-

rates (UAE), authorities have instructed the 47 banks to boost adequacy to at least 10 per cent through raising capital or merger.

Six of them have increased capital, pushing the overall shareholders' equity to around \$4.98 billion from \$4.33 hillion. With assets totalling \$39.6 billion at the end of 1994, adequacy topped 12

W. Bank, Gaza goods to get duty-free U.S. access

WASHINGTON (USIA) — By early April, many products from the West Bank and Gaza Strip will be able to enter the U.S. market duty

President Bill Clinton has designated the West Bank and Gaza Strip as a beneficiary of the Generalized System of Preferences (GSP), effective April 7, his administration announced in a March 24 proclamation.

Under the GSP programme, some 4,600 agricultural and industrial goods from designated developing countries may enter the United States duty free. Those items usually not eligible for duty-free treatment are those most sensitive to U.S. industries, such as textiles and footwear. Still unclear was bow much

the West Bank and Gaza Strip will actually benefit from the change because until recently aggregate trade figures in the region were incorporated into those of Israel, one U.S. trade official said. He did expect citrus to be one export sector to gain from elimination of tariffs.

"The extension of the, Generalized System of Preferences programme to the West Bank and Gaza Strip pursuant to this proclamation applies only to goods pro-duced in the areas for which arrangements are being established for Palestinian Interim Self-Government, as set forth in Articles I, III, and IV of the Declaration of Principles on Interim Self-Government Arrangements," the president said in the proclamation.

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British trade performance best in nine years

LONDON (R) — Britain's world trade deficit shrank dramatically in 1994 to the lowest level for nine years, the government said Friday tonrism and insurance, investment income from abroad and transfers between Britain and its European Union partners. — welcome good news to a deeply unpopular Conservative administration.

The current account deficit at just £168 million (\$267 million) compared with £11.8 billion (\$18.8 billion) in 1993.

Chancellor of the Excbequer Kenneth Clarke hailed the figures, saying "by the end of the year output was over four per cent higher, unemployment over a third of a million lower... and the current account had returned to surplus.

"The British economy is on course to keep up this excellent performance this year as well," he said.

The current account deficit was far better than most economists expected and way below the £4 billion (\$6.36 hillion) forecast hy Mr. Clarke in his November

The major improvement in the deficit was driven by a massive surplus on invisible trade, which covers hanking,

In particular, proceeds from investment income soared to a record £11.2 billion (\$17.8 hillion) from £1.6 billion (\$2.6 billion) in 1993, mainly due to higher earnings by overseas units of British

companies.
"Earnings from direct investments abroad were so good, with Britain being one of the leaders in this field, been paying out less interest on their borrowings abroad," said Jill Leyland, economic adviser at British Invisibles, a

trade promotion body. For much of the past decade economists have been concerned Britain's shrunken manufacturing base meant a serious trade deficit was a permanent feature of the economic landscape.

The fear was that higher economic growth would simply tempt consumers to huy more imports, tipping the trade halance deep into the red in an action-replay of the 1980s spending binge.

Federal Reserve expected to adopt wait-and-see attitude

WASHINGTON (AFP) — The Federal Reserve (Fed) is expected to maintain a waitand-see attitude on interest rates because of signs that U.S. economic growth is slowing, analysts said.

Economic indicators for January and February have been mixed, leading analysts to believe that the Fed Open Market Committee on Tuesday will put off imposing what would be the eighth interest rate bike in 13

The Fed began raising key rates in February 1993 to forestall inflation by slowing economic growth.

There is too much evidence of a slowdown and too many Fed governors have suggested that the impact of previous Fed tightening moes have yet to be felt in the economy," said Elliot Platt of the economic analysis group Donaldson, Lufkin, Jenrette.

Mr. Platt said that in a poll of 37 economists, 36 expected the Fed to take no action on key short-term interest rates. The Federal Reserve has boosted the rate that hanks

charge each other for overnight loans from three percent one year ago to six per

Alan Greenspan indicated that the committee itself was uncertain. 'The jury is still out on whether the economy is slowing down sufficiently,"

be said recently. One of the Federal Reserve governors, Janet Yellen, said that as of March 15 there were growing indications that the economy was slowing down but she declined to say if she had drawn

Consumer and construction spending, which aree the most sensitive to higher interest rates have been the first to come down. Retail s cropped 0.4 per cent in February and housing starts dropped by 200,000 units

since the end of 1994. A 0.8 per cent drop in durable goods orders for last month, a figure released on Friday, was the first real sign that manufacturing bad slowed. The slowdown in cars, computers and other big-ticket items was the first since September.

Durable goods orders rose by 13.9 per cent last year, the largest increase in 16 years. Another sign of a coming slowdown could be a five per cent drop in exports, partially caused by a plunge in Mex-Federal Reserve Chairman

ican peso that made U.S. goods too expensive for most Mexicans.

Mitchell Held of Smith, Barney, Harris, Upham and Co. is one of the few analysis who does not rule out the possibility that the Federal Reserve will move to raise

interest rates on Tuesday. "If you look at the February employment data, the industrial production data and inflation data, these seem to suggest that (economic growth) is not dead yet," be

Industrial production

jumped 0.5 per cent in February with industrial capacity usage at the highest rate in 15 years. Unemployment dropped 0.3 percentage points to 5.4 per cent, the same as in December and matching the lowest level in four years. The US., economy created 318,000 jobs.

But even if the FEd decides to raise interest rates now, it would do little to raise the dollar against the German mark and yen, analysts say.

The central bank has in the past been reluctant to try to set the dollar's level against other currencies.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY MARCH 26, 1995 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Attending to routine chores early in the day will give you more time to spend with friends later in the day.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Your hunches are not good early in the day, but become more helpful later. Join good friends for recreational purposes and you're bound to have a good time. GEMENI: (May 21 to June 21) Make plans to have more income in the days head. Take time to improve your appearance and you can easily impress others, especially higher-ups.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) You can now plan how to have added abundance in the future. A wiser attitude towards a loved one today brings excellent results.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Study the amount of effort needed to gain an important goal today. Show that you will go to any length to please the one you love with much affection.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Handle any civic duties ahead of you early in the day and later you can enjoy the social side of life. Be happy and active in any endeavour.

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Look over your surfoundings and make plans for improvement. Be sure to control your temper at all times today or you could hurt loved ones.

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Plan how to complete your regular chores with greater efficiency and fewer interruptions. Study statements for possible errors in your favour in the evening. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) You could easily make a costly mistake where finances are concerned so be on the

alert today. Engage in your favourite hobby and find much CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) You may find it difficult to get things done early in the day, but later you can make up for lost time. Strive for increased happiness.

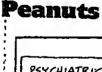
AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Get an early start on the tasks you have to do instead of complaining and you get fine benefits in the long run. Be logical in your thinking.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Others around you may seem pessimistic about the future but don't let this influence you.

Maintain a cheerful manner in the face of any adversity. It will be

Birthstone of March: Aquamarine - Jasper

THE Daily Crossword by Roger Jurgover











Andy Capp









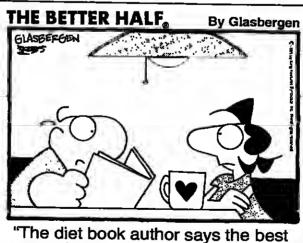
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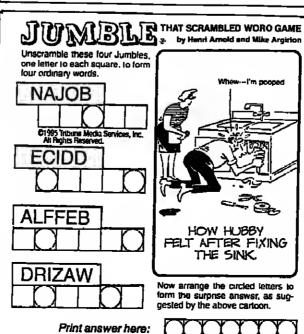




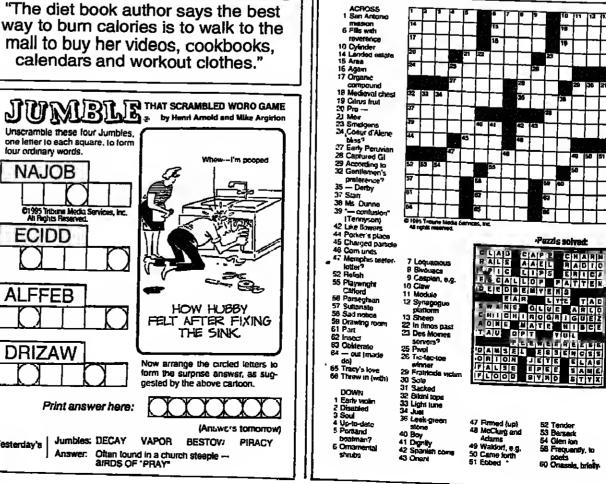








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bank, amounting to \$27 bil-

lion, was announced Friday,

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Investments surge in *January*

☆☆ A TOTAL of 581 com-. Gaza panies capitalised at JD 61.66 million were registered at the Ministry of Industry and Trade in January 1995 compared to 610 companies with JD 17.4 million capital in January 1994. Of the total, 83 companies with JD 17.87 million capital were industrial, 360 companies with JD 39.57 million capital were commercial and the rest were 23 contracting firms (JD 1.65 million) and 115 service com-

panies (JD 2.57 million). Seven public shareholding companies (three industrial and four commercial) had a total investment of JD 43.2 million (JD 14.2 million industrial and JD 29.0 million commercial) capital or 70 per cent of the overall capital invested in January 1995 (AI Aswaq).

★★ THE NATIONAL Poultry Slanghterhouses Company, a public shareholding firm with a JD 10 million capital, decided to set up two slaughterhouses, one south of the Kingdom and the other in the north. The two slaughterhouses will have an overall capacity of 10,000 birds per hour with a storage capacity of 3,000 tonnes for frozen production and 500 tonnes for fresh output. The slaughterhouse in the south will be built on a 950-dunum area in Al Qatraneh while the northern one will be huilt in Al Mafraq. The company has appointed the Belgian company Smits Engineering as consultants for technical supervision (Al Aswaq).

** JORDANIANS LOSE between JD 10 to JD 15 million a year as a result of not added tax (VAT) they pay on all kinds of services while in Europe on husiness missions, says Husam Joudeh, a Jordanian husinessman. Mr. Joudeh attributes such a loss to either the lack of knowledge about European laws or to inexperience in dealing with such a process. He explained that assuming about 10,000 Jordanian husinessmen visit Europe each year and that they obtain receipts for about JD 10,000 worth of services rendered to them. the businessmen can claim back at least 15 per cent of VAT on their bills, or JD 15 million (Al Aswaq).

** THE JORDAN Training Company hiked exports last year by 143 per cent to JD 4,595,000, or 45 per cent of total sales which totalled JD 10.1 million. Sales in 1993 amounted to JD 8.4 million. The company last year made a pre-tax profit of JD 949,200 of which JD 749,800 came from the tanning division and JD 199,300 from the shoe division. The board of directors is recommending the dis-tribution of dividends at a rate of 16 per cent (Al

** THE ORPHANS' Fund participated in 282 profitsharing schemes which amounted to JD 716,150 during the first quarter of this year. The total return expected from the operations amount to JD 224,176. The number of profit-sharing schemes climbed from 10,34 in 1993 to 1887 in 1994 with the volume also going up from JD 3,670,084 to JD 5,004,846. The Orphans' Fund, which manages JD 33 million of assets belonging to 32,500 orphans' and incapacitated persons, plans to built a complex for government offices on a seven-dunum plot of land near Amman's Regency Hotel. The fund has build a huge commercial complex that consists of 32 stores on Al Quds Street in the Ras Al A'in area. It bought 18.5 dunums of land for JD 400,000 in Agaba and sold 40 plots of land, near the Public Transport Corporation headquarters in Amman to low income families at reasonable prices and "easy" installments (Al Ra'i)].

extra 2,000 job cuts

PARIS (AFP) — The cash- would be lost on a voluntary strapped Credit Lyonnais basis between the spring of bank, which is caught in a 1995 and the spring of 1996. controversial rescue, plans to Mr. Pevrejevade, speaking shed about 2,000 jobs this on French radio, also repeyear in addition to about ated strong criticism of hostil-1,500 jobs shed in the last 12 ity to the rescue expressed months, bank president Jean Tuesday by the French BNP Pevrelevade has said. and Societe Generale banks.

The bank would cut "about They had said that the 2,000 jobs" in the space of a state-hacked rescne amounted to a distortion of When the rescue of the competition and challenged "the real financial advantage given to Credit Lyonnais" by the state and the "real scale Mr. Peyrelevade had said that more than 1,500 jobs of contribution asked for?"

Credit Lyonnais plan | Jordan plans \$1b offshore reexport refinery

By Suleiman Al Khalidi Renter

AMMAN — Jordan is studying offers hy international refiners to build a \$1 billion offshore reexport refinery close to its Red Sea port of Aqaba, the energy minister said Friday.

"There is now serions study to build a new offshore refinery with our intention to have it for reexport of refined products and also to supply our forecast future higher needs," said Samih Darwazah, energy and mineral resources minister. Mr. Darwazah told Reuters in an interview that the esetimated 140,000 barrels per day crude processing refinery will be a private venture on a commercial basis. It

overseeing its operations. The minister said three major groups of U.S., Japanese and Jordanian firms, he did not disclose, had shown keen

will have minimal state con-

trol by a regulatory body

"They will present their feasibility studies and we hope in six months that serious work will start and we whom we are going to start the project," he said.

Mr. Darwazah said the refinery would be set up on a build, operation, and transfer basis" with the foreign refiners "putting up the capital, operating it for a certain number of years to be agreed upon and then transfering its ownership to Jordan."

Its investors would be free to fix prices according to market levels. Jordan, in return for land and tax concessions would get "priority in supplying its needs."

Jordan, with an equity share, would purchase products at market prices. Iraqi crude oil was currently sup-plying an estimated 60,000

would have decided with barrels per day of Jordan's crude needs under a U.N. sanctioned accord renewed earlier in 1995, he added.

Mr. Darwazah said the new refinery would meet higher forecast products demand in a few years that a sole refinery run hy Jordan Petroleum Refinery Company cannot then meet.

Mr. Darwazah cited imports of any extra 60,000 tonnes of liquid gas in 1994 on top of 125,000 tonnes produced in 1994.

The refinery, operating under an attractive investment and tax package, would be free to get its crude from neighbouring oil proudcing states or any source along commercial terms.

The minister said its crude supplies would prohably be secured hy ship from the most competitive markets, whether from Saudi Arabia's closest oil complex in Yanbu

or Algeria, Libya. "The refinery can market freely its proudcts in Palestine (self-rule areas), Japan or South America," he added.

Its location in an outlying area near Jordan's Red Sea port of agaba was ideal as a reexport base, he added.

Demand in 2010 is forecast to soar to 760,000 tonnes of petrol from 455,000 tonnes produced in 1994, and to 2.8 millin tonens of fuel oil from one million tonnes 1994 pro-

AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET

ORGANIZED MARKET SHARE PRICE LIST	FOR SATURDI	AY 25/03/	1995 \	MARCIN
COMPANY'S NAME	NO. OF SHARES TRADED	VALUE TRADED JD		CLOSING PRICE
ARAB BANK PIC .	800	149600	186.850	187.000
IORDAY MATIONAL BANK	3715	16270	4.350	
TORDAN NATIONAL BANK / NEW	3925	16851	4.250	
THE HOUSING HANK	2000	12080	6.020	
FORDAN KUWAIT BANK	637	1845	2.900	
ORDAN GULF BANK	500	585	1.210	
CRDAN ISLANIC BANK BEIT ELNAL SAVINGSINVESTMENT FOR HOUSING	3510 1250	13190 3758	3.760 3.000	
WHOAN HANK FOR INVESTMENT	51250	56235	1.070	
MILADELPHIA INVESTMENT BANK.	5500	6763	1.230	
SANKS SECTOR	73349	278353	INDEX NO	HBER, 157.79
FORDAN FRENCE INSURANCE	11500	29168	2.540	
INSORANCE SECTOR	11500	29168	CHANGE	MBER: 134.5
ORDANIAM ELECTRIC POWER	5025	7861	1.570	
ORDANIAN ELECTRIC POWER /HEW	2450	3651	1.490	
ORDAN HOTEL & TOURISM	1750	12368	6.850	
RBID OISTRICT ELECTRICITY	500	470	.990	.940
TORDAN HIMEE MINERAL	100	275	2.800	
RAB INTERNATIONAL HOTELS	206	1043	5.090	
RAB INTERNATIONAL HOTELS /NEW	1271	6241	4.850	4.950
ORDAN NATIONAL SHIPPING LINES	8500	24898	2.940	
NATIONAL PORTFOLIO SECURITIES	450	854	1.920	
CAL ESTATE INVESTMENT	650	743	1.120	
ACEINARY EQUIP. RENTING & MAINTENANCE	8300	5312	.660	
NITED MIDDLE EAST & CORPODORE BOTELS TRAB INTER. FOR INVESTMENT & EDUCATION	20049 400	45710 1344	2.290 3.350	
SERVICES SECTOR	49651		INDEX BU	HBER: 125.7 : +0.02
THE JORDAN CEMENT PACTORIES	21696	64869	2.990	2.990
HE ARAB POTASH/NEW	330	1464	4.500	4.450
ORDAN PETROLEUM REFINARY	462	4247	9.230	
THE INDUSTRIAL COMMERCIAL & AGRICULTURAL		1041	3.470	
HE JORDAN WORSTED MILLS	7750	57100	7.400	
RAB PHARMACEUTICAL MANUFACTURING	28159	113630	4,030	
TORDAN CERAMIC INDUSTRIES THE JORDAN PIPES MANUFACTURING	3637 5650	21395	5.890	
DAR AL DAWA OBVELOPMENT & INVESTMENT	5950	15142 44516	2.680 7.480	
ARAB INVESTMENT & IMERNATIONAL TRADE	3400	2880	. 850	
ARAB ALUMINIUM INDUSTRY	6000	38675	6.350	
LIVESTOCK & POULTRY	47300	29774	620	
arab paper converting & trading	6100	8540	1.390	1.400
INTERNEDIATE PETRO-CHENICAL INDUSTRIES	1500	2988	2.000	
JORDAN ROCKWOOL INDUSTRIES	2950	3309	1.100	1.110
JORDAN INDUSTRIES & MATCH/JIMCO	1250	803	.640	-650
	3550	15624	4.550	
MATIONAL CABLE & WIRE MANUFACTURING				
EATIONAL CABLE & WIRE MANUFACTURING JORDAN SULPHO-CHEMICALS	2700	3753	1.320	
MATIONAL CABLE & WIRE MANUFACTURING		18509	1.320	

Foreigners abandon Iraq promises French bonds in '94

PARIS (AFP) — Foreign investors sold French state bonds worth a net figure of 188 billion francs (\$37.6 bil-lion) in 1994, official figures for the balance of current transactions have showed.

The overall balance showed a surplus of 54.4 billion francs, and the balance of flows in short-term capital showed a contrasting surplus of 237 hillion francs.

Foreigners who had sold the franc heavily during the currency crisis in July 1993, had returned slowly to the franc, and the net balance of this trading had shown a sur-plus of 504 billion francs in 1994 from a deficit of 505 billion francs in 1993.

In 1993 foreigners had bought a net amount of 79 billion francs' worth of official paper. The balance of dealing in

state bonds, other bonds and shares showed a net outflow of 169 billion francs in 1994 from an inflow of 194 hillion francs in 1993.

net amount of 120 billion francs in foreign scrip from a net outflow of 176 billion francs in 1993. In total, there was a net

French investors invested a

outflow of nearly 300 billion francs on the balance of flows in investment paper in 1994 from an-inflow of 16 billion

A SECURE

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in Amman

SANABEL

francs in 1993.

By comparison in terms of the scale of the figures, the budget deficit in 1994 was 299 billion francs or 4.07 per cent

of gross domestic product.
Foreign investment in
France fell sharply in 1994 to
58 billion francs from 68 billion francs in 1993 but French investment abroad fell to 59 billion francs from 69 hillion

The halance of transactions on current account showed an increase in the surplus of 4.0 per cent owing mainly to an increase in the trade surplus of 46 billion francs in terms of the halance of pay-

ments from 38 billion francs. The balance of trade in services showed a surplus of 73 billion francs from a surplus of 59 billion francs in 1993 on a revised basis.

The halance of current transactions in December alone showed a surplus of 17.4 billion francs in terms of raw figures and 13.0 billion francs on a seasonallyadjusted basis,

In December, French investors changed their trading pattern and sold foreign paper amounting to a net sum of 15.4 hillion francs. Fore-igners sold French paper worth a net sum of 12.8 bil-

to give priority to Jordan traders

AMMAN (R) - Iraq has with Iraq's ministers of trade promised to give Jordanian traders priority in business once U.N. economic sanctions are eased, a Jordanian official said Saturday.

Haidar Murad, head of the Federation of Jordanian Chambers of Commerce who returned Friday from a visit to Baghdad, also said Iraqis were optimistic that sanctions would be eased soon and that they would be allowed to sell oil to spend on much-needed food and medical supplies.

The Iraqis, including the officials we met, thanked us for Jordan's stand towards Iraq and promised to give us priority in their trade and industry dealings when the embargo falls apart," Mr. Murad told Renters in an interview.

"The situation is very bad in Iraq," he said, "Iraq is facing hunger, they have a shortage of food, medicine and other humanitarian supplies and our trip has only increased our insistence on having the sanctions re-moved."

Jordan's government, under mounting pressure from its recession-hit husiness community, recently began calling for a serious consideration of Iraq's appeal for an easing or lifting of the embargo. Past governments were critical of Baghdad.

Mr. Murad headed a team 40 top traders in meetings

Professional Quality in

our shop and get:-

size 30% larger

ment 20 x 30 cm

1 Hour Service

and health as well as local business leaders.

He signed a cooperation deal with Iraq's chambers of trade to boost bilateral links — the second in less than five weeks with Iraq, which was Jordan's main market before the U.N. imposed sanctions after Baghdad invaded Kuwait in 1990.

The Jordanian and Iraqi federations of chambers of industry signed a cooperation protocol last month to exchange information and set up joint ventures in food, textiles and construction.

Bilateral trade has slipped to a fraction from nearly \$1 billion before 1990. But Iraq continues to rely on Jordan as its main gateway to the world and supplies Amman with all its crude oil needs at concessionary terms.

Jordanian industrialists will hold a fair of their products in Baghdad by the end of next month, but like the government in Amman, they insist they are committed to enforcing sanctions.

Jordan's husiness community, disappointed that last year's peace treaty with Israel has yet to reap fruit, are hanking on Iraq and the Palestinians to give their economy a boost.

"Our main target is to have an open market with Iraq, the West Bank and the Gaza

Jordan Times Financial In co-operation with Markets Cairo Amman Bank

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Dutu: 24/3/1995

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881910

Currency	New York Class New 23/3/95	New York Close New 24/3/95
Sterling Frand	7.5952	1.5940
Deutsche Mark	1.4035	1.4173
Surks Franc	1.1625	1.1742
French Franc	4.9675	4.9885
Japanese Yea	18.20	48.95
European Curreny Dult	1,2960	1.2907

INCOSTAIAL SECTOR

MO. OF TRADEO SHARES IN PARALLEL MARKET VALUE TRADED IN PARALLEL MARKET

GRAND TOTAL

Furnisher STG Farming Pt 2-00 a.m. (34)

Eurocurrency Interest Water

1 AFTI 3 AFTIS 6 AFTIS 12 AITHS Currency U.S. Dollar 6.00 6.18 6.50 Striffing Pound 7.43 6.31 6.81 Seutsche Mark 4.75 4.87 5.15 Swips Franc 3.43 3.62 3.87 5.43 1.15 7.75 7.62 7.37 Inpance Yes 1.87 2.06 1.87 1.87 European Currency Pull 6.68 6.75 6.84 7.00

Date: 24/3/1995 USD/Oz JD/Cen* Metal USD/Oz JD/Cm 382.55 7.80 Saver 4.63 0.110

Beer: 75/37/995

Corrency	Bid	Offer
U.S. Bellar	0.6890	0.6910
Sterling Pound	1.0964	1.1019
Deutsche Mark	0.4856	0.4580
Suitsa Franc	0.5862	0,5891_
French Franc	Q. 1 320	0.1387
Заранся: Үся"	a.7741	0.7781
Naich Gnilder	0.4334	0.4356
Swedick Krone	******	440440
Italian (Jen* **	0.0400	0.0402
Reigion Franc	******	*****

	••••••	******		
F++ 106				
Other Correndes	. That	Date: 25/3/1995		
Currency	Ilid	Offer		
Oshraini Diner	1.6120	1.6240		
Lebanese Liru ^e	0.041775	0.042850		
Seedi Riyat	0.1834	0.1843		
Kawaiti Maur	2.3100	2.3600		
Qalari Rival	0.1880	0,1895		
Egyptian Pound	q. 19àa_	0.2180		
Corani Rijal	1.7410	1.7900		
UAE Dirhom	0.1870	0.1880		
Greek Hrachma	0.2650	a.3250		
Cyprint Pennd	1.4650	1.5350		

JORDAN MARKET

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Brazilian Grand Prix

Schumacher crashes as Hill sets the pace

SAO PAULO, Brazil (AP)
— Britain's Damon Hill jumped out ahead of the pack Friday to grab the provisional pole position for the Brazi-ian Grand Prix on Sunday, the season Formula One cir-

nr barig he aiM re batin

The British driver had the fastest lap time of 1 minute, 20.081 seconds in his Williams renault around the twisting 2.637-mile (4.325kilometre) Interlagos circuit on the first day of time trials.

Gerhard Berger came in second in a Ferrari, threetenths of a second behind

The predicted Hill-Michael Schumaeher duel did not materialise on the overcast

afternoon with temperatures reaching 28 degree F (82 C). The world champion Ger-man driver finished a disappointment sixth with a best lap of 1 minute, 22.131 seconds after crashing his Beneton Renault during his

Schumacher, at that point running fourth, spun out of control on the dangerous Laranjinha Curve, skidded backward over the grass and dirt runoff area, and slammed into a harrier of tires in

front of a concrete wall. The driver bopped out of his battered car and rushed back to his team's box in try to use the car of his teammate, Britain's Johnny Herbert. But neither he nor Herbert appeared for the rest of

"I was lucky to hit the tire wall," he said. "The new safety measures that were developed sure did work well."

A Benetton mecbanie, shortly after talking to Schu-macher, said the driver lost control after a uni-ball link inside the steering column hrnke and prevented him

from turning the wheel.

This surprised us because during testing there was never any indication that this part of the car would give us



World champion Michael Schumscher of Germany covers his ears while mechanics start the

engine of his Benetton-Ford at the Interlagos race track in Sao Paulo (AFP photo)

problems," the Mechanic said. He said the team would work through the night to correct the defect.

Britain's David Coulthard, the new, hot prospect of this year's circuit, took third in his Williams Renault, three tenths of a second behind

"The track is as bumpy as hell, quite unbelievable,"

said Coulthard, echoing several nther drivers' complaints.

French driver Jean Alesi was fourth in a Ferrari with a best time of 1 minute, 21.655 seconds. Mika Hakkinen of Finland finished fifth in a McLaren-Mercedes posting a best lap of 1 minute, 22.017

Olivier Panis of France was seventh in a Ligier Mugen Honda, Irish driver Eddie Irvine took eighth in a Jordan Peugeot, and Britain's Mark Blundell was ninth in a McLaren Mercedes.

Hometown favourite Rubens Barichelln, whose motor broke down during his warm-np lap half way through the session, returned in his teammate's Jordan Peugeot and finished 11th with a best lap of 1 minute. 23.350 seconds

The effect of the new rules to increase driver safety was evident as the best time of the day was almost a full five seconds slower than the track record set in 1992 by Britain's Nigel Mansell for the Williams Renault team.

This year's 3-liter engines are about 100 borsepower down from last year's 3.5s.

Other new regulations changed the cars' aerodyna-mics so they could adhere better to the track, improved driver safety in the cockpit, and give more control to the driver and less to computerised aids.

Before the trials started, the International Automobile Federation settled a dispute the drivers, who hinted they would go nn strike this year to protest FIA's position on

The FIA super licence this year was changed from a permit to drive to a de facto contract that exempts the federation from blame in cases of accidents and bars the drivers from openly criti-

cising safety measures.

But on Friday murning, all the drivers opted to sign their super-license forms after receivingf individual facsimile letters from Max Mosley, the federation president.

Koeman decides to quit Barcelona

BARCELONA (AFP) — Barcelona's Dutch star Ronald Koemau announced bere Friday that he was quitting the club at the end of the season to return home to Holland.

"I am not leaving to joint another club," said the stopper. "I am simply returning home for personal

Koeman rejected claims that he had had a row with Barcelona coach John

Cruyff.
"My decision to leave has nothing to do with Cruyff. It is thanks to him I ome to Barcelnna and won so many titles," said Koe-

Cruyff was full of praise for his fellow Dutchman. "Everyone talks about Romarin, Stoichkov, or Laudrup hnt Koeman has been the most important player at Barcelona," said

"He always delivered He never caused problems either inside or outside of the club, unlike some others," he added, a clear reference in Stoichkov who was ordered to take a holiday after be made some scathing remarks about his teammates following Bar-celona's defeat in the Euro. pean Champions Cup quarter-final at the hands of Paris St. Germain.

SPORTS IN BRIEF

Romarlo hits hat-trick

RIO DE JANEIRO (R) - Romarin put injury and personal problems behind him to hit a hat-trick in a dramatic 3-2 win for Flamengo over Botafogo and settle a score with rival Tulin, the Rin champinnship's top-scorer, who as sent nff. "Tulio has to understand that I am predestined, I am illuminated by God," Romario crowed after the play-off for an extra point in the next the play-off for an extra point in the next round of the championship. Romario, who has suffered a recent marriage hreak-up, has scored 11 times in the Rio champinuship, six less than Tulio. Thursday's hat-trick will not count because play-offs are considered extra

Turkish team will play in Cyprus

ANKARA (R) — Turkey will allow a national handball team to play in the Greek Cypriot side of the Mediterranean island in the first visit of its kind since a Turkish invasion divided Cyprus in 1974, an official said on Friday, The seninr sports official told Renters Turkish Prime Minister Tansu Ciller approved the Turkish handball team's visit to the still divided city of Nicosia in March. Turkey and Cyprus have paired off in a draw by the European Handball Federation to play in a Men's European Championship.

Bordeaux captain handed 6-match ban

PARIS (R) — Bordeaux captain William Prunier was suspended for six matches by the French Soccer Federation on Friday in the latest of a series of sanctions against the struggling First Division side. The former international defender was one of three Bordeanx players sent off in a French Cnp quarter-final against Strasbourg last week. Prunier, who contested a decision by the referee to award Strasbourg a penalty, had already been given a two-match han this season after being sent off against Monaco.

UEFA chief: Cantona punishment severe

GENEVA (AFP) — Eric Cantona's two-week jail sentence for attacking a fan is too severe, Gerhard Aigner, secretary-general of the European Football Union (UEFA) said Friday. Cantonna was released on bail on Thursday by a British court, pending an appeal against the sentence handed out for the Frenchman's kung-fu kick at a Crystal Palace supporter in January. But Aigner told Palace supporter in January. But Aigner told AFP: "Two weeks in prison is too much, and out of proportion to what Eric Cantona did."

Two found guilty in match fixing

SINGAPORE (AP) — A court on Saturday convicted twn people for match-fixing in an unfolding soccer bribery scandal that has widely tainted a 16-nation league tournament based in Malaysia. Ex-Singapore player K. Kannan was sentenced to 18 months in jail and the president of a local soccer club, Ong Kheng Hock, was given 24 years. Process. Kheng Hock, was given 2½ years. Prosecutors said the two men offered Singapore national goalkeeper David Lee 80,000 dollars (\$57,000) to keep the winning margin low in a May 13, 1994 match against perlis, a Malaysian tests. sian state. Fourteen Malaysian teams and neighbouring Singapore and Brunei played in the hugely popular Football Association of Malaysia league tournament. In the fallout of the scandal, Singapore is not participating this

Marseille miss their chance

MARSEILLE (AFP) — Olympique Marseille missed their chance to go top of the French second division here nn Friday night, when they were beaten 1-0 by leaders Guingamp. Lying second in the table, Marseille were a point behind their opponents before the kick-off but bopes of regaining the top spot were dashed by Charles-Edouard Coridon's 28th minnte winner.

Shaquille O'Neal upstages Michael Jordan's homecoming

CHICAGO (AP) — Their names are everywhere. Their products, too.

Shaq and Michael wear different shoes to leap over opponents, slurp down different drinks to curb their thirsts, use different games to lead their teams.

Their first meeting in two years went to Shaqnille O'Neal. Rather, it went tn him and his Orlando Magic teammates, who upstaged Michael Jurdan's Chicago homecoming by beating the Bulls 106-99 on Friday night. "All the attention is fo-

cused on him, especially in Chicago," said O'Neal, whn had 24 points and 16 rebounds. "I can remember a few years ago when I was in high school with no money, no car, no clothes and watching him on TV, and now 1'm on the same court. I'm just happy to be here. I'm glad Michael is hack."

While Jordan was gone, Shaq became the marquee player in the NBA, the player everyone wanted to see, with his basket-quaking dunks and ferocious roars after stufffing the ball.

He was muscle and power. and he could, like Jordan, smile and Joke. With Jor-dan's Nn. 23 Jersey retired, O'Neal's No. 32 was a big

"He laid the foundation with guys trying to emulate him, but there is only one Michael Jordan," O'Neal said in a congested Magic locker room where he took time to exchange greetings with film producer Spike

"If I'm mentioned in the same hreath or in the same sentence, I'm not worried about anything, about being the marquee player," O'Neal said. "There's enough for every-

body to share. Everyone

always been a Michael Jor-

dan fan, it's an bonour for me to be playing on the same

"Michael's back, look out Shaq," read one sign in the energized United Centre. where Jordan's retirement ceremony had been held less than five months earlier.

Jordan may be back, but he's still rusty. He finished with 21 points but only three second-half baskets, shut 7of-23 and committed two crucial turnivers in the fourth quarter during Orlando's deciding run.

O'Neal can slam, and he can also rap. He's been in the movies. He's charming and wealthy, making about \$12.5 millinn a year in endorsements. And he's only 23.

Michael, at age 32, has been pulling in an estimated \$30 million a year in endnrsements, and now with a comeback and a new number he's bound in be as popular as he ever was, if not more.

On the floor, even though he plays an entirely different position, O'Neal does what Inrdan has done for so long. He makes his teammates bet-

O'Neal and the Magic are trying tn get where Michael and the Bulls nnce were - at the championship level. Jnrdan and the Bulls are trying to get back to where O'Neal and the Magic are right now — at the top of the Eastern Conference.

O'Neal bad plenty of belp Friday night, especially from Horace Grant, one of Jordan's key teammates when the Bulls ran off three straight NBA titles.

"It's strange playing against him, but 1 tried to approach this game as just another game," said Grant, adding that Jordan may have tired in the stretch of his

44-minute performance. "Micbael's Michael and Phil (Jackson) really wanted hves Michael Jordan, 1've to win this game tonight.

Tel.: 634144

Suns lose despite Barkley's career-high 26 rebounds Players,

Charles Barkley's career-high 26 rebounds and 34 points to beat the Phoenix Suns 99-97.

The Rockets, 3-1 against Phoenix this season, won despite scoring only two points in the last 2:45. Sam Cassell made a foul shot with 36

Houston Rockets overcame and Hakeem Olajuwon Payton scored 3. Charles Barkley's career-high added a foul shot with 11 short of his care seconds remaining for the 25th point.

Kevin Jnhnson had 27 points and 10 assists for the Suns. Kenny Smith scored 26 for Houston.

Souics 122, Trail Blazers 118:

PHOENIX (AP) - The seconds left for a 98-97 lead, At Portland, Oregon, Gary attempt and a 40-footer at the berwolves. short of his career high, and the Seattle Supersonics held nff the Portland Trail Blazers

in an offensive shootout. Payton made his first eight

shots and was 15-for-17 from the field. His only misses came on a blocked layup

Inglewood, California, Vlade Divac bad 25 points and 20 rebounds as the Los Angeles Lakers beat the Washington Bullets for their third straight

Elden Campbell followed Wednesday's career-high 32-point effort with 20 to help the Lakers beat Washington for the 19th time in 21 visits to the Forum.

Clifford Robinson scored

14 of his 215 points in the

fourth quarter, including

Lakers 113, Bullets 103: At

three-pointers.

Chris Wehber scored a season-high 31 points and Calbert Cheaney added 25 for the Bullets.

Cavaliers 75, Hawks 74: Bobby Phills' free throw with 16 seconds remaining gave the Cleveland Cavaliers victory over the Atlanta Hawks. Terrell Brandnn scored

nine points in the fnurth

quarter to keep Cleveland in the game, and Tyrone Hill made fnur straight free throws in the final minutes. Hill had 24 points and 13 rehounds for Cleveland, which held the Hawks to 28 first-half points, a franchise low for Atlanta.

Blaylock's 20 points led the Hawks, which lost its second straight game and fourth in the last six.

Spurs 111, Timberwoives 97: At Minueapolis, David Robinson scored 29 points and sparked a thirdrally that blew the gam as the San Antonio defeated the Minneson

Cleveland

Indiana

Miami

Boston

Oriendo

Houston

Seattle

San Antonio

Robinson seored eight points in a 21-8 run that began the third quarter, opening up an 80-58 lead for the Spurs, who have won six

Robinson added 13 rebounds, and Avery Johnson had 18 points and 12 assists as the Spurs ran their record to 25-4 since Jan. 24.

Heat 115. Warriors 111: At Miami, after the Heat scored 26 unanswered points in the first quarter, Miami needed Kevin Gamble's free throws with 8.5 seconds left to preserve a victory over the Golden State Warriors.

Glen Rice paced Miami with 22 points but missed four free throws in the final 21.2 seconds to give the Warriors an opportunity to tie a game in which they had trailed by 32 in the third quarter.

Latrell Sprewell scored 37, including 21 in the fourth quarter, for Golden State. Chris Mullin added 20, all but four in the second half.

Pacers 103, Kings 96: At Indianapolis, Rik Smits scored 31 points and Reggie Miller hit four free throws with 7.5 seconds remaining as the In-diana Pacers defeated the Sacramento Kings.

It was Indiana's fifth conseentive home win and seventh straight victory over the Kings. Mitch Richmond had 30 points for Sacramento, which is winless at Indiana since Nov. 20, 1986.

-quarter ne open o Spurs ota Tim-	Miller finished points, while Dale 16 rebounds and f for Indiana.	with Davis I
R	ESULTS	
75	Atlanta	74
103	Sacramento	96
115	Golden State	111
107	Philadelphia	75
111	Minnesota	97
106	Chicago	99
99	Phoenix	97
122	Portland	118
113	Washington	103

Tel.: 675571

makers to attend summit meeting

LONDON (R) - Leading players and racket manufacturers have been invited to a pre-Wimbledon summit meeting to discuss ways of lessening the impact of new technology on tennis.

The International Tennis Federation (ITF) announced on Friday that representatives from the men's and women's tours and the equipment manufacturers would attend the meeting the week before Wimhledon in June to debate the effects powerful modern rackets have on the

pro game.
"We think the time has come when, although these rackets are very good for players of lower standard, we've got to consider every-body," said an ITF spokes-

"We've been talking a lot already but we thought we ought to get all the interested parties together.
"Basically we are looking

at ways to make the game more entertaining." There was widespread cri-ticism during Wimhledon last year that the men's game,

especially on grass courts. had become boring.
The ITF bave also announced that 16 wild card places will be available in the men's and women's at the

1996 Olympics in Atlanta. A maximum of four players from any one country will be allowed to compete in the 64-draw singles events, with one pair from each country permitted in the doubles.

The singles draw format will attempt to ensure that players from the same country do not meet in the first round.

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PHILADELPHIA Tom Hanks in **Forrest Gump** Shows: 12:30, 3:15, 6:15, 9:15

Cinema

Andy Garcia — Mee Ryan When A Man Loves A Woman Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 5, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30

PLAZA

NBA star Michael Jordan of the Chicago Bulls

Tel.: 699238

Cinema Tel.: 677420 CONCORD CONCORD '1' Comedian star: Adel Imam -Bakhit & Andadileh Shows: 12:30, 3:15, 6:00, 8:30, 11:00 CONCORD '2' Jean-Claude Van Damm STREET FIGHTER

Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 5:45, 11:00

(centre) tries to get rid of the ball under O'Neal (left) and Nick Anderson.

Tel.: 618274 - 618275 AMMOUN THEATRE Musa Hijazin "Sum'a" in the political satire Hi Citizen written and directed by Mohammad Al Shawaqfa

pressure by Orlando Magic centre Shaquille

daily on 8:30 p.m. The theatre closes on Monday — Haifa Al Agha in the children's play ቱቱ Sa'di's Return ቱቱ Nabil Al Mashini Theatre Presents Abu Awwad in the social comedy **Punctured Bag**

The theatre is closed on Mondays Tickets are available all

Nabil & Hisham's Tel.: 625155 AHLAN THEATER Presents: The political satire: AL SALAM YA SALAM at 8:30 p.m. For reservation, please cal 625155 The theatre is closed Saturdays & Suridays

Evert, Navratilova, Goolagong Mike Tyson freed after 3 years in jail and King in Legends Tour

NOOSA HEADS, Australia career of (AP) - After a career of two-time Wimhledon champion Evonne Goolagong hitting tennis balls over a net, Cawley spent Saturday trying to keep balls from entering

The 43-year-old was in front of a soccer net - for the warmup only -- as goalkeeper for her Noosa Blues women's team.

Pag S

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Players.

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makers!

On Wednesday, Goola gong Cawley will leave Australia will spend time with the hefore competing in the hefore competing in the women's legends tour beginning April 7 in nearby Tampa She decided against playing in Saturday's soccer match in case she turned an arrange of the soccer match in case she turned an arrange of the soccer match in case she turned an arrange of the soccer match are specified a knee bematch in case she tunned ankle or twisted a knee bethe second

In the six-tournament tenmis legends series, Cawley will join Chris Evert, Billie nis legends series, Goolagong Cawley will join Chils Livery Martina Navratilova. Billie Martina Navratilova. Billie Jean King, Virginia Wade. Jean King, Virginia Wade. Tracy Austin and others in

"I haven't seen Chris or Martina for three or four years, so I'm really looking forward to it," she said.

Goolagong Cawley, putting on soccer goalkeeper's gloves, switched sports for a moment, attempting to block shots — most of the time successful - from teammates and some players on the men's team of the same

"Don't make me move too quick, if I do something to my leg I'll never forgive you," Goolagong Cawley shouted out to her Americanborn Daughter, Kelly, 17, a teammate on the blues.

Goolagong Cawley and her husband, British-born Roger Cawley, Kelly and son Morgan, 13, moved hack to her native Australia in December 1991 after living for 17 years in the United States.

The soccer team is sponsored by publisher Phil Jar-

ratt, co-author of Goolagong's book, "Home, The Evonne Goolagong Story," which was published in 1993. Jarratt is editor of the local popular magazine "Noose

Goolagong Cawley settled in Noosa Heads, about 150 kilometres (95 miles) north of Brisbane, and lives for the most part out of the limelight. Last year, she decided to join the soccer team when it became starved for players.

"I really enjoy it because it's something new and I had to learn the rules to another game, she said. "Everybody wanted me to play so I thought I'd give it a go."
But tennis will again

occupy her mind within a few "I was really surprised when they (tournament organizers) called," says the still-

the lead in the second spe-

cial stage at Salayta fol-

lowed hy his hrother

Mohammad Al Daoud and

Ahmad Mihyar withdrew

in the third special stage while Mohammad Juma'

was disqualified when he

by promoter Don King as he walked from the Indiana Youth Centre to a waiting fit Goolagong Cawley. guess I'll find out what kind Only a brief glimpse of Tyson was seen and that was mainly his head, atop which was a white Muslim covering.

> Christian by Reverend Jesse Jackson. "As long as there's a rela-tionship with God, that's the main thing," said Reverend Charles Williams, a Tyson confidant during his prison stay. "Whatever Mike wants,

Tyson had been baptized a

INDIANAPOLIS (AFP) —

Mike Tyson, freed Saturday

after three years in prison for

rape departed for home after

visiting a Muslim mosque for

The former world

heavyweight champion was

released just before sunrise,

returning to freedom wearing

a Muslim prayer cap and

going directly to the nearby

Islamic Centre of North

and on my way home," a statement from Tyson said.

"I want to thank everyone for

their support. I will have

more to say in the future. I'll

Tyson, who turns 29 on

June 30, served the minimum

three-year sentence for the

1991 rape of beauty pageant contestan Desiree Washing-

Tyson was surrounded by

bodyguards and accompanied

see you all soon."

"I'm very happy to be out

America.

services in his new faith.

we're happy for him."

Tyson would follow in the

footsteps of Cassius Clay as a former champion forced out of the ring for three prime years of his career who converted to Muslim during his layoff. Clay was banned from

boxing for draft evasion. Clay changed his name to Muhammad Ali 25 years ago and regained his world title. Tyson reportedly will change his name to Mailk Abdul Aziz. In Arabic, Malik means 'king" or ''ruler' while Abdul Aziz means "servant of the mighty."

One of the people who attended the prayer service said about 400 worshipers were there. They said a special prayer of thanksgiving for for Tyson.

About 200 journalists from around the world flanked both sides of the main entrance to the prison to chronicle Tyson's 6:15 a.m. (1115 GMT) release. Four helicopters were following Tyson's journey from the moment of his release. Tyson's entourage reached 110 mph (176 km/h) on interstate high-

Skies were elegt and temperatures were near freezing as Tyson entered the limousine. He bypassed an outdoor prayer vigil across the street from the prison, which quickly dispersed once it was clear Tyson was not going to appear.

Tyson spent about 45 minutes at the mosque and was then driven to nearby Indianapolis International Airport. He caught a private jet

for Southington, Ohio, and his mansion estate there. "The man has paid his dues

and it's time to welcome him home," said Ruth Bernard, a neighbour of Tyson's in the Cleveland suburb where vellow ribbons adorned trees in anticipation of Tyson's homecoming.

Pam Pattison, a spokesman for the Indiana Department of Corrections, said Tyson's entonrage surrounded his exit from the prison because they were concerned about safety risks.

"They were concerned about some issues and whatever people might want to get to Mr. Tyson," she said, adding that no threats against Tyson were known to lawenforcement officials.

Ken Simmons, one of Tyson's bodyguards, said Tyson's mood as he was freed was "pure excitement. The adrenalin is flowing. He missed freedom. Maybe what he found in prison helped him come together. It's not so much physical, though he is in good shape. It's mental. He grew."

Tyson's release gave no hint as to which of the many multi million-dollar offers he might take for his first fight in four years. But King was his constant companion in his first hours of freedom and should pay a major role in his boxing future.

"Next to life, liberty is the most important thing," King said. "I'm happy to see Mike getting out."

Prison officials said Tyson slept well Friday night and was reading Ring Magazine when guards came to end his 1,095-day prison stay.

Tyson's return came six days after Michael Jordan returned to basketball in this same Midwestern city.

Tyson has not fought since taking a 12-round decision over Razor Ruddock on June 28, 1991. Tyson has a 41-1 record with 36 knockouts, losing only to Buster Douglas in 1990 at Tokyo.

Tyson, prisoner number 922335 no longer, is required to pay for mandatory psychotherapy and perform 100 hours of community service. A four-year probation will be supervised by Ohio officials, but will not prevent Tyson from boxing.

Opinion on Tyson divided on race lines

As Mike Tyson was re-leased from prison Saturday, a new opinion poll showed that his conviction for rape still divided hlack and white Americans.

The CNN poll found that 73 per cent of black Americans believed the former world heavyweight champion did not get a fair hearing in 1992, when he was tried for the 1991 rape of 18-year-old beauty pageant contestant Desiree Washington.

Only 30 per cent of whites surveyed believed Tyson's trial was unfair.

Washington admitted

going to Tyson's hotel room, but said she did not consent to have sex.

In Dayton, Ohio, one member of the jury that convicted Tyson told a local newspaper that he and four other jurors now had doubts abont the verdict, based on things he had read since the

Juror David Vahle, 58, said he and the other jurors had gotten together a couple of times afte the trial and discussed the case.

"There's five of us that have reasonable doubt, hindsight, and I'm one of them.' Vahle said. "We . were in deliberation and were split six to six, I was convinced that he was guilty without a reasonable donbt, no ques-

What I beard after the trial, then there's a reasonahle doubt."

Jurors were not told during the trial that three possible defense witnesses who were not allowed to testify claimed to have seen Tyson and Washington embrace in the boxer's limousine.

Vahle said he also became less sure after reading that Washington had a financial deal with a civil lawyer, contrary to her testimony.

"As far as I was concerned, she was the purest virgin walking down the street," Vahle said on Washington. "She hardly held hands, with anybody. Afterwards, whoops, maybe she's not the purset thing

Ahmad Al Daoud wins National Rally title

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Ahmad Al Daoud and Mahmoud Metwalli received their first anto sport title of the season as the Royal Automohile Cluh of Jordan (RACJ) Saturday announced the final results miss their cha of the Diet Pepsi National

Daoud, who had finished second in last year's Jordan Drivers' Championship, drove his Renault 5 CT Turbo to victory with a time of 53 minutes and 28

seconds. 1994 champions Bashar Bustami with co-driver Malek Hariri in a Ford Sierra 4x4 came in second with a time of 57m 54 seconds, while Mohammad Al Daoud and Khaled Zakariya in a Ford Fiesta XR2i finished third with a

time of 1 hour 05 minutes. Only 11 out of an original 18 starters finished the 231 kilometre rally which was held on desert tracks south

against Canada's team doctor

for allowing a Canadian row-

er to fail a dope test at the

In a rare public statement

on a non-Olympic doping case, the 10C even hinted

that the punishment could be

Alexandre de Merode, the

veteran chief of the IOC

medical commission, who

said it was "beyond ques-

tion" that the doctor was to

Organisers of the games in

Argentina announced on

Thursday that they were

stripping Canada of their gold medal in the women's

quadrupie sculls because Sil-

ken Laumann, a respected

member of the winning quar-

tet, tested positive for the

hanned drug pseudo-ephedrine after Sunday's

Canadian team officials in

North-South vulnerable North

Mar Del Plate protested.

blame for the incident.

The call came from Prince

a life han from sport.

LAUSANNE (R) — The International Olympic committee (IOC) called on Friday for an "exemplary sanctions"

Pan-Am Games.

summit IOC: Canadian doctor

neeting should take doping blame

of Amman Friday. The route is identical to the first day of the Kingdom's most prestigions auto sports event - the Jordan International Rally which will be

The rally witnessed a series of upsets and with-

Ahmad Al Daoud took

to finish second overall.

Ahmad Al-Daoud Bashar Bustami 3. Moh'd Al-Daoud 4. Asem Aref 6. Zeid Asfort 7. Omar Al-Qirm 8. Fayek Sayegh 9. Muhannad Freihat

held in mid-May.

drawals early on as Hasan Ahu Samra, Thah Al Shurafa, Islam Al Sharia and Mazen Shoman quit in the first special stage at Tunaib in which Bashar Bustami

FINAL RESULTS

Tayseer Hamo

10, Salameh Gammaz Bilal Salaman

saying it had been a case of inadvertent doping which did

not merit any sanctions. Team doctor Jeff robinson

said Laumann had bought the

wrong medicine for a severe

In a statement released by

the IOC, De Merode said:

is beyond question and an

exemplary sanctions applied

to this doctor, who has no

excuse, is appropriate.
"The tolerated ephedrine

level is between 0.5 of a gram

and one gram, whereas in this particular case the athlete

was tested with over 3.5

"It is for the international

De Merode, a Belgian who

has headed the commission

for more than quarter of a

century, pointedly noted that

during the innsbruck winter

games of 1976 the IOC

medical commission had

struck a Czech doctor off its

list for life for administering

codeine to an ice hockey

"The doctor's responsibility

violated rally regulations by changing his co-driver. The Kingdom's titleholder, Bustami, had the fas-test in the final special stage Tunaih B, enabling him to advance his position

Zeid Asfour.

Mahmoud Metwali Renault 5 GT Tur-

Land Rover

point to

CSKA

poisoning

MOSCOW (AFP) — Five haskethall players with CSKA Moscow who fell ill

shortly before a European

Championship match in

Greece were prohably

poisoned, according to tests

carried out by Russian ex-

hospital suffering from acute

stomach pains and convul-

CSKA had to play the

match with only five men and

were down to three for the

last 10 minutes. The Russians

lost 79-54,

Malek Hariri Ford Sierra 4×4 Khaled Zakaria Ford Fiesta XR2i Ramzi Mansour Ford Flesta XR2i Nabil Al-Kurdi MohammadMitsubishi Volvo 244 Khayyat Moh'd Al-Rayyan Ford Flesta XR2i Zeid Bu Zeid Ford Fiesta XR2i

Amjed Abu Jamous Toyota Corrolla GT Scat Ibiza (7-1).
Then, during an interview **Tests**

"You need to cheer for

Agassi got his wish a few hours later, when Sampras beat another Swede, Jonas

Sampras, seeking his third consecutive Lipton title, beat Agassi in last year's final. Both of their meetings this year came in a final, with Agassi winning at the Australian Open and Sampras win-

Samples from the mineral vater which players drank hefore the game against Olympiakos on March 16

> weekend's results, Sampras will remain ranked No. 1 for the 100th week overall and the 81st consecutive week.

her fourth Lipton title, will face No. 9 Kimiko Date of Japan in the women's final. Date, who reached the final

Agassi, Sampras in Lipton final .

KEY BISCAYNE, Florida (AP) - The best rivalry in tennis took a twist Friday when Andre Agassi led cheers for Pete Sampras. Both won in three sets and

advanced to Sunday's final at the Lipton Championships, their third meeting this year. Agassi carned his victory first, playing a flawless thirdset tiebreaker to beat Swede Magnus Larsson 7-5, 4-6, 7-6

over the public address sys-tem, Agassi encouraged the spectators to stay and support Sampras, leading them in a chant of "Pete Pete Pete."

Pete tonight for two reasons," Agassi told the crowd. "He's my Davis Cup teammate, and I want a piece of him in the final."

Bjorkman, 4-6, 6-0, 6-1.

ning at Indian Wells.
"We're both playing good tennis," Sampras said. "It's going to be a great match for the fans. The contrast of styles should result in some

Agassi is ranked second. No. 2 Steffi Graf, seeking

World No. 2 Andre Agassi

despite a strained rotator cuff, has won only one set in four previous matches against

The unseeded Bjorkman started well against Sampras, converting the only break point to take the first set. But Sampras won the next 10 games and served better as the match progressed, hitting six aces in the third set.

Agassi hlamed windy weather and questionable rulings for his close call against the 6-foot-3 Larsson, who is ranked 16th.

"I would have to say that is absolutely one of the worst. officiating matches," Agassi

said. "It just seemed like the linesmen were missing calls all over the place.'

A swirling wind, Agassi said, made it difficult to gauge shots.
"Wind is an incredible

equalizer," he said. "It takes two people, and one might be clearly better, and it makes it very unpredictable. I felt that's what happened today."

Larsson, who beat Agassi in December in the Grand Slam Cnp, lodged no complaints about the linesmen or weather.

"It was a hit gusty," he said, "but I can't hlame the wind."

Agassi saved his best tennis for the tiebreaker, stinging service returning and keeping Larsson off-balance. Larsson, who lost the final seven points, made four unforced errors and double-faulted at

"Great returns," Larsson said. "I didn't feel tight at all. He just returned the ball

Agassi had no hreak-point chances in the final two sets. Larsson mixed the pace of his serves and groundstrokes and became the first player to win a set against Agassi in the

Agassi, serving and trailing

5-6 in the third set, was at deuce and within two points of losing the match. But Agassi served an ace, then hit a spectacular passing shot --a running, cross-court forehand -- to win the game and

force the tiebreaker. With a victory that took 2 hours, 11 minutes, Agassi improved to 46-4 dating back to last year's U.S. Open.

"Now he has a chance to be No. 1, and he's not giving away any points, or any matches," Larsson said. "If you make 50 aces and 50 forehand winners, you can beat him. It is not so easy to

YOUNG LADY NEEDED tained traces of haloperirowing societies federation (FISA) to apply a sanction against the doctor." dole, a substance which good tennis, and hopefully 1 TO WORK IN BOOKSHOP causes cramps, the ITARcan come through." TASS news agency reported Regardless of this Fluent English. Must be university graduate with a on Friday. The five were taken to

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Fig. 1 he good news it that it is a beau in the competitive world, no doubt proposing innovations that will be in everyone's arsenal in a few years, just as his 1950s' ideas form the besis of much of modern bidding. North's double of two spedes was

One round of trumps was drawn with the are, then three diamonds were cashed for a spade discard from the closed hand. There followed in quick order a spade ruff, the are and king of clubs and a club ruff, bringing declarer's trick total to nine. When the last spade was led from the table, Rast, down to nothing but trumps was forced to ruff and fall into an endplay. Dummy's queen of trumps became the fulfilling trick.

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4 2 EAST → A K J S The bidding 25155 is closed & Sunday

Opening lead: Seven of 🤄 New Yorker Alvin Roth, one of the world's all-time great players and bridge theoreticians, has moved from the Big Apple to Boca Raton, Pla. The good news is that he is back in the commentities would no doubt

negative, for takeout. The decision whether or not to raise South's three bearts to game was borderline, but the prime values in spades and diade made the raise attractive

A spade attack would have left declarer with no resource—two trump losers plus a spade and a diamond would have been inevitadiamong which he was quick to seize.

East won the ace of diamonds and shifted to the queen of spades, taken by the ace. Declarer saw that, if

Arabs in 'extremely bad way' — Arab League chief

CAIRO (Agencies) — Esmat continue as long as the peace Abdul Meguid, secretary general of the Arah League, Saturday called the state of the Arab World "extremely bad" in the wake of the 1990 Iraqi invasion of Kuwait.

The situation of the Arabs is extremely had and I hold all Arah parties responsible for the state we are in," he told the Egyptian government weekly October. Dr. Abdul Meguid said

conflicts between Arah states following the Gulf crisis re-mained "the most dangerous challenge facing unified Arah

He urged Iraq to "implement all the U.N. Security Council resolutions."

A campaign for Arab reconciliation, launched in August 1993, met approval from 14 Arab countries, including Egypt, Syria, Jordan and the United Arah Emirates, Dr. Abdul Meguid told the magazine published Saturday.

But Saudi Arabia had not yet responded, the secretary general said, adding that Knwait demanded implementation by Iraq of Security Council resolutions "to wipe out all traces of the Iraqi aggression" before any re-

He added that while the Arab League should take a position on sanctions imposed on Baghdad, "it must be clear that the Iraqi lead-ership is the cause" of its

people's deprivations. He pointed to other border disputes throughout the Arah World, especially between Egypt and Sadan, Qatar and Bahrain, and Saudi Arabia and Yemen.

Dr. Abdul Meguid also blamed the warring factions in Somalia for the deteriorating situation there. He called militia leader Mohammad Farah Aideed "an arrogant man confident in his strength" while his rival Ali Mahdi Mohammad "is more

He added that the direct Arab boycott of Israel "will

Rabin has accused right-wing

rivals of collaborating with

militants to try and derail

Israel's peace agreement with

the Palestine Liberation

amin Netanyahn responded

Saturday by alleging that Mr.

Rabin was "losing his mar-hles," in attacking fellow

Israelis instead of cradicating

The angry exebauge

showed the pressure Mr. Rabin was under to prove to

the Israeli public that peace

was working despite a string

that have killed 58 Israelis

since October. Opinion polls

have shown Mr. Rabin lag-

ging behind Mr. Netanyahn

in popularity since the wave

Mr. Rabin told Israel Tele-

vision Friday that Hamas and

Islamic Jihad, the groups

hlamed for most recent

attacks, are killing Israelis in

an atempt to cut public sup-port for the 1993 Israeh-PLO

accord and in turn foil the

cause the Likud has turned

into a collaborator of Hamas

and Islamic Jihad," Mr.

He said that whenever

attacks occur, Likud leaders

hlame the government and the peace deal with the PLO,

although the PLO has stop-

Shai Bazak, a spokesman

for Mr. Netanyahu, rejected

the criticism and accused Mr.

Rabin of "apparently losing

accused mastermind of the

fatal World Trade Centre

bombing said on Friday that

U.S. support of Israel gives

Palestinians and Lebanese

the right to attack targets in

In a bizarre news confer-

ence, the lawyer representing

Ramzi Yousef read a state-

ment from the imprisoned

defendant that seemed to

the United States.

ped attacking Israelis.

Rabin added.

"They are succeeding be-

of attacks began.

of shootings and bombing

Likud Party leader Ben-

Organisation (PLO).

Rabin accuses Likud of

helping militant groups

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — his marbles. Instead of dis-Prime Minister Yitzhak playing an aggressive policy

process is not completed.

Dr. Abdul Meguid crincised the "rush" of Arab states to normalise relations with Israel, saying "it is Israel that should be rushing towards the Arabs."

The comments came two days after meeting in Cairo of 22 Arab League foreign ministers, who avoided divisive topics such as sanctions against Iraq and inter-Arab reconciliation. Morocco's King Hassan

has said many Arah states would lift the economic boycott of Israel if the Arab eague gave them the green light to do so.

King Hassan, in an interview with the French news-paper Le Monde published on Saturday, said he had told U.S. President Bill Clinton that since the boycott of Israel was imposed by the Arah League it should be lifted by the organisation.

"If, for example, (the league) decided to free up each member to make its own decision, many countries would certainly lift the boycott," said the monarch, who for a decade has been an influential mediator in the Arab-Israeli conflict.

King Hassan, 65 years old and on the throne for 34 years, also called on Israel to overcome its fear of Arab countries and sign the nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty

"I think it is time for Israel to change its outlook. The peace process has started and it is irreversible," be was quoted as saying.

"Israel must no longer appear as being the small state that will forever be under attack, this is a negative attitude... drop this atti-tude of fearful men who keep saying "they will slaughter me'," he said,

Egypt has refused to sign the NPT until Israel, which is widely believed to have a nuclear arsenal, does so. Syria criticised the Arab League for failing to adopt a

playing an aggressive policy

against terrorism, he is con-

ducting policy of hesitancy,

concessions and gestures to-

ward the terrorist organisa-

Mr. Rabin also accused

previous right-wing govern-

ments of creating "perpetual friction," by planting Jewish

settlements in or near Arah

He noted the city of Heb-

ron where about 450 Israelis

live among 110,000 Palesti-

mians, and said that it "re-

quires more soldiers than set-

tlers to give them (the set-

when the premier is to be

voted in directly for the first

Mr. Rabin told Israel Tele-

vision: "I have been elected

to my post to begin an histor-

ic peace process between

Israel and its neighbours and

I intend to complete this

"If time imperatives de-mand it I will put myself forward again as Labour Par-

ty candidate for the post of

prime minister" at the elec-

tions in November 1996, he

have made a breakthrough

toward peace. For the first

time since the creation of Israel (in 1948) we are trying

Mr. Rabin added: "We

tiers) security.

cities in the West Bank.

Regent unified position that forced visits Arab states not to sign the "It is really painful that the **GHQ** Arab League adopts a deci-

NPT unless Israel does.

sion leaving individual Arah

states free to sign or not sign

the treaty," the government daily Al Thawra said.

States for mrging Arah states to sign the NPT regardless of

the Israeli position and said

this was an example of the "ugly double standard."

this matter is a kind of humi-

liation and a treatment of Arabs as second hand coun-

Arab foreign ministers said

on Thursday at the end of an

Arah League meeting in

Cairo it was dangerous and unacceptable that Israel re-

mains outside the global trea-

ty that aims to curb the

spread of nuclear weapons

but failed to agree what they should do if it persists in

refusing to sign it. Several ministers who

attended the meeting said in

separate statements indi-

free to adopt the decision

they want when the treaty

comes up for renewal at U.N.

conference opening in New

Al Thawra said the Arab

eague decision was a blow

to Arab solidarity and "an

encouragement for Arabs to

adopt separate decisions on a matter which affects their national existence."

"Arabs are now facing a very critical matter which

affects their national and in-

"They (Arabs) should

either confront it collectively

and say no to the world which

wants us to kill ourselves by

our own decision and signa-

ture, or submit individually

and sign.." Al Thawra said.

Thursday they were sticking

to their position that they

could not vote for an indefi-

nite extension of the NPT

unless Israel agrees to sign.

Syria and Egypt insisted on

York next month.

dividual security."

vidual Arab states were left

tries," Al Thawra said.

"The U.S. insistence on

It also blasted the United

HIS ROYAL Highness Prince Abdullah Bea Al Hussein, on Saturday visited the Armed Forces General Headquarters where he was received by chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff General Abdul Hafez Mirai, the chief of staff of the royal land forces and the army inspector general. Prince Abdullah discussed with Gen. Mirai issues of concern to the Armed Forces

(Armed Forces photo)



Arafat opens offices for self-rule polls in Jericho

JERICHO (R) — Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat said on Saturday his self-rule anthority would be ready to bold delayed elections in the West Bank and Gaza Strip immediately after an Israeli troop redeploy-

"We are ready to hold our elections starting from to-day," Mr. Arafat told reporters as be inaugurated election offices in self-ruled Jericho.

Palestinian National Authority (PNA) member Saeb Erekat said he would meet Israeli negotiator Yoel Singer in Jericho on Sunday to discuss elections and prepare for further talks in Cairo on Tuesday.

Israel and the PLO have set a July 1 deadline for finishing talks on holding elections and expanding selfrule from the Gaza Strip and Jericho to the rest of the occupied West Bank.

Bnt Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin said on Thursday that implementation depended on Mr. Arafat curbing attacks on Israelis hy opponents of the peace agreement.

Mr. Arafat said according to the 1993 PLO-Israel peace deal. Palestinian elections would take place immediately after Israel withdrew its forces from West Bank population centres.

He accused Israel of delaying an agreement on pulling out its troops ahead of elections in the West Bank and Gaza Strip and called for an acceleration of the pro-

"Elections should have been held last July according to the accord. Already there is a nine-month delay which is more than enough," the PLO leader said.

"We have to hurry up with elections and carry them out very soon because elections mean stability and show the whole world what the situation in our land is and de-

continuing with the peace

Mr. Arafat arrived in Jericho from Gaza on Friday, his second visit since his return from exile last July, to meet U.S. Vice-President Al

the signing of a U.S. aid package to help the financially-strapped PNA create jobs, pledged U.S. political and economic support for the faltering Israeli-PLO accord.

tion of the agreement."

meeting between himself and Mr. Rabin on redeployment and elections "depends on whether Israel wants honest and quick implementation of what has been agreed upon. Dr. Erekat, member of the

PNA in charge of elections and local government, showed Mr. Arafat hallot machines and offices equipped to handle elections for a Palestinian council in the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

nians trained now to administer 1,500 polling stations and offices in the West Bank and Gaza Strip." Dr. Erekat said.

"We are 95 per cent ready to hold elections. From the day President Arafat signs an agreement with Israel on redeployment and elections we need 60 days to hold elections in order to issue voting cards, deal with complaints, candidacy and campaigning," he

Mr. Arafat also witnessed the signing of an agreement between the PNA and Germany's representative in Jericho, Martin Kohler, to provide German aid for sewage systems in the West Bank and a grant for a Palestinian development hank.

"The building process is just beginning and we have a long way to go but it is good to start," Mr. Arafat said.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Mr. Gore, who witnessed

Mr. Arafat said: "We have asked the Americans to help us in pushing the Israelis towards a quick implementa-

Mr. Arafat said a future

"We have 5,000 Palestihave opened 16 election

monstrate our insistence on Lebanese protest Israeli fishing ban

TYRE (Agencies) - Some 200 fishermen staged a sit-in Saturday at a United Nations office in this city to protest Israeli-imposed fishing restrictions along Lehanon's southern coast.

The fishermen complained that Israeli gunboats were preventing them from sailing beyond two kilometres off Tyre. Fish so close to the shore is scarce, they said, demanding U.N. interven-

tion to abolish the ban. A memorandum addressed to U.N. Secretary-General Boutros Ghali was banded to Timur Goksel, spokesman for the U.N. peacekeeping force in South Lebanon. He promised to convey it to the

York. "Israeli gunboats have been firing warning shots over any fishing boat that tries to go heyond the Israeli-imposed limit," said Mohammad Bawab, head of the Tyre

"This ban is seriously curbing our income. You have to go at least five kilometres into the sea to get fish at this time of the year," Mr. Bawah

also had imposed a total ban on fishing along a 20kilometre strip between Tyre and the Lebanese border town of Nagoura.

posed 10 days ago after the departure of U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher from a week-long Middle East trip during which he persuaded Syria and Israel to resume peace talks.

Mr. Christopher also had persuaded Israel to lift a month-long fishing blockade along 50 kilometres of Lebanon's southern coastline.

The Israeli government has said the fishing restrictions were designed to pressure the Beirut government to curh guerrilla attacks on an enclave Israel occupies in South Lebanon.

The so-called "security zone" covers 1,100 square kilometres stretching from the Mediterranean coast to the foothills of Mount Hermon. It is garrisoned by 1,200 Israeli troops and 2,500 surrogate militiamen of the South Lehanon Army (SLA).

Parliamentary deputies, union leaders and politicians ioined 200 fishermen from Tyre, Sidon and Sarafand in Saturday's demonstration.
"We beseech you to press

Israel to lift its naval blockade as soon as possible and help Lebanon spread its authority over the whole of its lands," the petition said. Israel imposed the block-

ade also to force Beirut to halt searches of travellers to and from its South Lehanon occupation zone.

7th batch graduates from Royal War College

AMMAN (Petra) — Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff General Abdul Hafez Mirai on Saturday attended the graduation of the seventh course of the Royal War College, Gen. Mirai delivered an address in which he congratulated the graduating officers who received masters degrees in military sciences and conveyed to them the greetings of His Majesty King Hussein, the Supreme Commander of the Armed Forces. He said it was a source of hope to have officers from Arab countries attending the course. The commander of the college also delivered an address in which he said despite the peace process in the region, the role of the Armed Forces will remain focal in the national strategy. He said King Hussein was keen to support the Armed Forces and supply it with all needed equipment to enable it to face the challenges of the future with

King condoles Hanania family

AMMAN (Petra) — Deputising for His Majesty King Hussein, Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'ad Ben Zeid on Saturday visited the house of Senator Daoud Hanania to condole him and the Hanania family over the death of his father, former minister Anstas Hanania who passed away Thursday at the age of 92. On Friday, the King delegated Anman Governor Talaat Al Nawaiseh to attend the funeral of Mr. Hanania. His Royal Highness Prince Abdullah, the Regent, delegated the director of Amman police brigadier, Adel Al Armonti, to attend the funeral and condole the family.

99.3% success in anti-pollo drive

AMMAN (Petra) - A total of 672,829 children aged under five received doses of the anti-polio vaccine during the first stage of a polio immunisation campaign launched by the ealth last week. The n per cent of the targetted age group, the Ministry of Health said. The percentage of those who received the vaccination compared to the number of the targetted group in Amman was 93 per cent and Karak 98.5 per cent; in the rest of the governorates it was 100 per cent. The second dose of the vaccine will be offered in the period April 22-27.

Hilary Clinton visits Egypt's pyramids

CAIRO (AP) - First Lady Hillary Rodham Clinton. inspired hy a visit to the pyramids last year, took her danghter Chelsea on a tour of Egypt's most famous monuments Saturday. After seeing the pyramids and the nearby Sphinx and solar boat, Mrs. Clinton was asked which she liked best. "All of them," she said, laughing. Chelsea took a brief ride on a camel while U.S. embassy officials tried to block photographers from taking pictures of her on the ungainly beasts. Mrs. Clinton and 15-year-old Chelsea stopped for the tour en route to Pakistan, spending about an hour on the Giza plateau just outside Cairo. The first lady saw 4,500-year-old monuments during a visit with President Clinton last October. Zahi Hawass, the Egyptian archaeologist in charge of the Giza plateau, quoted Mrs. Clinton as saying she returned to show her daughter the ancient wonders.

Kuwait newspaper raps Singapore

KUWAIT (R) - A newspaper in Kuwait, where 50,000 Philippine nationals work, rapped Singapore on Saturday for executing a Filipina made convicted of murder and said the island state should have responded to appeals for mercy. "Viva Ramos, Viva Contemplacion," the Englishlanguage Arah Times said in a front-page editorial. It was referring to Philippines President Fidel Ramos, who has downgraded relations with Singapore over the execution earlier this month of mother-of-four Flor Contemplacion. "It must be so nice to be perfect. To be so certain of one's own infallibility that a request to delay an execution for the consideration of new evidence, and a plea for mercy, can be dismissed as an affront to national pride and sovereignty," the newspaper said. "No room for doubt between the gross national product and a market index in a society on the fast track to perfection. No room for mercy when the bottom line can wipe a conscience clean.

Egyptian police kili 4 militants

MINYA (AFP) - Security forces shot dead four members of the outlawed Islamic group Gamaa Al Islamiyah in dawn raids in the southern Egyptian provinces of Minya and Qena on saturday, police said. State security men in Minya backed by anti-terrorist units killed two military leaders of the Gamaa during a raid on their hideout in Bani Mohammad village, 180 kilometres south of Cairo. A large quantity of explosives and an automatic rifle were discovered in the house, the police added. In Qena, 590 kilometres south of Cairo, police killed two other Gamaa members, one of them 19 years old. The two fugitives had opened fire with automatic weapons on the police in a graveyard in Naga Hammada village. The attacks raised to 693 the number of deaths in the three-year confrontation between the state and Islamic hardliners, which has centred in Minya province since last summer.

Velayati begins Asian tour today

NICOSIA (R) — Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akhar Velayati is to travel to China on Sunday on the first leg of a four-nation Asian tour, the official Iranian news agency IRNA reported on saturday. Mr. Velayati will discuss economic, social and cultural cooperation when he meets with officials in China, Vietnam, Thailand and Malaysia, it said. The agency gave no precise details but Iran is trying to expand its ties with the outside world to counter a U.S. policy of political and economic containment of the Islamic

Ciinton Is in excellent health after exam

WASHINGTON (R) -

President Bill Clinton was

pronounced in excellent health Friday after a routine physical exam that found be had lower cholesterol and possibly less body fat than a year ago, the White House said. "We are pleased to report that the president continues to demonstrate excellent bealth and vigour," White House spokesman Mike McCurry said, reading from a statement by Dr. E. Connie Mariano, the White House physician who headed the panel of military and civilian doctors examining Mr. Clinton. Mr. McCurry said Mr. Clinton continues to suffer from "environmental allergies" but he reprited no other problems from the four-hour exam. It was Mr. Clinton's second annual check-up as president and took place at Bethesda Naval Hospital in suhurban Washington. The 48-year-old president's blood pressure was normal at 120 over 80. his pulse was a healthy 55 beats per minute and his total cholesterol level, at 203, was in the normal range. "I believe that's down from last year," Mr. McCurry said of the cholesterol level, but he did not know the break-down between "good" and "bad" types of cholesterol. Mr. McCurry said he thought Mr. Clinton's weight may be up slightly but "what we don't have is his body fat measure. It might be true that be has hecome somewhat more muscular in the last year. Good, he will need every bit

Japan probe touches ocean floor at 10,911 metres

TOKYO (R) — The unmanned Japanese deep-sea probe Kaiko Friday reached the seahed of the Mariana Trench in the Western Pacific off Guam Island, the deepest point on the Ocean floor, but fell short of a new world depth record. The probe touched the seabed of the Challenger deep area of the trench at a depth of 10,911.4 metres (35,799 ft), about one metre (39 inches) short of the record set in 1960 by the Swiss-huilt, manned U.S. Navy Bathyscaphe Tricste. But officials at the government-affiliated Japan Marine Science and Technology Centre (JAMSTEC), which conducted the probe, suggested the maximum depth of challenger deep is only 10,911.4 metres, slightly less than originally measured in 1960. "Technology for measuring the depth of the seabed has improved drastically in the 35 years since the Trieste voyage," said JAM-STEC spokesman Tomiya Matsunaga. But JAMSTEC officials stopped short of disputing the world record, and instead pointed to Kaiko's success at filming small fish at the deepest point of the ocean for the first time.

Blind mother sees again through dead son's eyes

FORT SMITH, Arkansas

(AFP) — Four days after being killed in a traffic accident, teenager Christopher Colin's pledge to his blind mother that he would always be her eyes came true when she saw once again through his transplanted cornea. It was the first time in 12 years that Sally Colin had seen her two surviving children after losing her sight due to a degenerative eye disease. 'It was unbelievable! My children, gosh they've grown. They're so big," she said after returning from the hospital. But her joy at seeing again was tempered by the death of her 15-year-old son who had been her right hand man as she struggled to bring up a young family blind and on public assistance. Christopher was killed Sunday when he was hit by a car a block from his home. He suffered severe head injuries and was declared brain dead the following day. His heart, liver, both kidneys and both lungs were donated around the country with one corner going to his mother and a second to a 32-year-old man. "He kept his word," Sally Colin said before her operation. "He promised, 'Mama, I'll never leave you and I'll always be your eyes."

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der late Production and the late production and the service action and the service action and the service action and the European action and the European action and the European action action and the European action and the European action action and the European action acti And told a steel

provide a motive for the February 1993 bombing that killed six people and injured more than 1,000.

Court appointed lawyer Roy Kulcsar told reporters he had tried to discourage his client from releasing the statement but Yousef. who considers bimself a political prisoner arrested for his beliefs, insisted on doing so.

"I explained that in making any kind of a statement that's in the first person, if he decides to testify at trial, as he very well might, what he has said here might be used against bim," Mr. Kulcsar He gave reporters two anti-

Israel statements written by Yousef in which the defendant talks of friends and relatives killed by the Israeli army and says it is of "utmost importance" for the world to know that Muslims will never agree to give up Jerusalem.

"The systematic murder, torture, imprisonment and deportation is ongoing.' Yousef said. "The ability of Israel to commit these crimes is the direct result of the considerable military and financial aid which the United States of America provides annually to Israel. "And it is this aid which pives Palestinians and Lebanese the right to attack

Yousef also said that his real name is Abdul Basit Balochi, that he is from Pakistan, and that he is a trained electronics engineer and explosives expert. He gave his birthdate as April 27, 1968.

The name Abdul-Basit was on the passport and the airplane ticket Yousef used to leave New York the day of the world trade centre blast, Yousef was indicted with the four men who were convicted last year of carrying out the bombing.

He was one of the world's most wanted fugitives.



Dahaf Institute published Friday showed that if elections were to be beld now, 40 per cent would vote for Mr. Rabin compared with 34 per

cent for Mr. Netanyahu. Mr. Rabin also said be Asked about a planned security horder hetween planned to stand again at next year's general elections Israel and the Palestinian territories, Mr. Rabin said: "We don't want to dominate another people in the West

Bank and Gaza territories. "We want to protect the security of the Israelis by separating them from the Palestinians without causing economic damage to the latter and without returning to the former ceasefire lines from the June 1967 war."

Security chiefs have worked out a plan to patrol night and day a 340-kilometre border zone around the West Bank in a bid to stop Palestinians entering the Jewish

state to attack Israelis. Mr. Rabin insisted that "Israel must stay a Jewish state with a Palestinian entity alongside which is not a sovereign state." The leftwing Meretz Party called Friday for the creation of a

Palestinian state.

to resolve our most complex dispute, that between ourselves and the Palestinians, our immediate neigh-An opinion poll by the

Yousef: Palstinians have right to bomb U.N. headquarters in New

> U.S. targets," he said. fishermen union.

> > told reporters. He said Israeli gunboats

The restrictions were im-